

Northwest India.—Cloud was reported from the extreme north on the 21st and from Sind on the 24th. Temperature was either normal or in slight excess.

The Peninsula.—Rain fell locally in south of the division. Skies were cloudy in the area of rainfall and on the east coast, but elsewhere they were practically free from cloud. Maximum temperature was somewhat in excess in Mysore, the Madras Deccan and the southeast of Madras.

The following summarises the chief rainfall amounts as reported at 8hrs. each day:—

November 22nd.	Cochin 1'17".
" 23rd.	Cochin 1'26".
" 24th.	Monywa 1'37".
" 25th.	Thayetmyo 1'03".

The most important departures from the normal in the rainfall of the period beginning on the 30th April are the same as those shown last week. Rainfall is twenty per cent. or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Bengal proper, Rajputana, the east and north of the Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province, and in defect by a similar amount in the Central Provinces, Central India, Baluchistan and on the north Madras coast.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 25TH NOVEMBER 1909.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 30TH APRIL 1909 TO 25TH NOVEMBER 1909.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0.3	1.4	-1.1	124.6	104.1	+ 20.5	+ 20	+ 21
Lower Burma	0.2	0.5	-0.3	157.8	140.0	+ 17.8	+ 13	+ 13
Upper Burma	0.7	0.1	+0.6	48.2	40.8	+ 7.4	+ 18	+ 17
Assam	0.1	0.1	0	77.0	78.8	- 1.8	- 2	- 2
Eastern Bengal	0.1	0.1	0	87.4	77.9	+ 9.5	+ 12	+ 12
Bengal	0	0.1	-0.1	68.9	57.1	+ 11.8	+ 21	+ 21
Orissa	0	0.3	-0.3	53.2	60.6	- 7.4	- 12	- 12
Chota Nagpur	0	0.1	-0.1	51.9	50.0	+ 1.9	+ 4	+ 4
Bihar	0	0	0	58.0	50.5	+ 7.5	+ 15	+ 15
United Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	41.0	40.8	+ 0.2	0	+ 1
United Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	42.7	41.0	+ 1.7	+ 4	+ 4
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	26.7	22.0	+ 4.7	+ 21	+ 21
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	7.6	8.0	- 0.4	- 5	- 4
Kashmir	0	0.1	-0.1	6.3	5.6	+ 0.7	+ 13	+ 15
N. W. Frontier Province	0	0.1	-0.1	6.9	5.7	+ 1.2	+ 21	+ 23
Baluchistan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.2	1.5	- 1.3	- 87	- 86
Sind	0	0	0	4.4	5.2	- 0.8	- 15	- 15
Rajputana, West	0	0.1	-0.1	19.3	11.4	+ 7.9	+ 69	+ 71
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	28.9	22.2	+ 6.7	+ 30	+ 30
Gujarat	0	0.2	-0.2	29.6	26.8	+ 2.8	+ 10	+ 11
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	22.8	31.1	- 8.3	- 27	- 26
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	33.9	43.1	- 9.2	- 21	- 21
Berar	0	0.1	-0.1	27.2	32.6	- 5.4	- 17	- 16
Central Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	36.5	47.3	- 10.8	- 23	- 23
Central Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	40.1	50.7	- 10.6	- 21	- 21
Konkan	0	0.1	-0.1	90.3	99.0	- 8.7	- 9	- 9
Bombay Deccan	0	0.1	-0.1	27.9	28.0	- 0.1	- 2	- 2
Hyderabad, North	0	0.1	-0.1	31.6	32.7	- 1.1	- 3	- 3
Hyderabad, South	0	0.1	-0.1	27.6	29.9	- 2.3	- 8	- 7
Mysore	0	0.3	-0.3	29.9	27.7	+ 2.2	+ 8	+ 9
Malabar	1.3	0.6	+0.7	105.4	96.9	+ 8.5	+ 9	+ 8
Madras, South-east	0.2	1.7	-1.5	26.6	29.1	- 2.5	- 9	- 3
Madras Deccan	0	0.5	-0.5	25.0	25.2	- 0.2	- 1	+ 1
Madras Coast, North	0	1.0	-1.0	28.0	37.6	- 9.6	- 26	- 23

G. C. SIMPSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.
R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 25th November 1909.
S. G. P. I.—No. 202 D. G. O.—24.11.09.—20.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 20th November 1909.

Burma.—The rainfall was generally heavy along the Arakan coast and to a lesser extent in parts of the Irrawaddy Delta and in several districts of Upper Burma. Standing crops generally are doing well but are likely to suffer in places owing to the recent untimely rain. Progress of agricultural operations is normal. Some unimportant variations in the prices of unhusked rice are reported.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather during the week was seasonable. More rain fell during the week and the fall was fairly well distributed. Harvesting of winter rice is in progress but damage by insect pests is increasing in extent. Transplantation of tobacco is going on and the condition of the crop is good. Sowing of mustard, pulses and other spring crops continue and prospects have been improved by recent showers. Prospects of sugarcane are fair and those of cotton unfavourable. Plucking of tea continues and the yield is fair. The average price of common rice has fallen by almost three per cent. Cattle disease is reported from three districts.

Bengal.—There was practically no rain during the week except a few showers in parts of the Presidency division. Sowings of spring crops are yet continuing. Harvesting of early paddy is also in progress. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced in some districts of Bihar. Prospects of all crops are on the whole good. Slight damage has been done to early sown spring crops by insect pests in Patna. The price of common rice has risen in Hooghly, the 24 Parganas, Monghyr, Balasore and Manbhum and has fallen in Burdwan, Nadia, Jessore, Patna, Gaya, Saran, Bhagalpur, the Sonatal Parganas, Angul, Hazaribagh, Palamau and Singhbhum. Cattle-disease is reported from several districts. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. Agricultural operations are well forward. Harvesting of autumn crops and sowing of spring crops are nearing completion. Picking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane continue. Irrigation of spring crops has commenced. Rain is needed in two hill districts. Germination of spring crops shows good promise. The condition of agricultural stock is good except in fourteen districts which report cattle disease. Fodder and water are adequate. Markets are well supplied. Prices have fallen in ten districts; have risen in four and are stationary or fluctuating elsewhere.

Punjab.—There was no rain during the week. Rain is wanted in Ambala. Autumn crops are being harvested and their condition and expected yield are generally good to average except in parts of Mianwali where they are poor owing to drought. Sowings of spring crops continue satisfactorily and crops already sown are generally good to average. Prices are generally unchanged but show a slight downward tendency in some districts. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of Amritsar, Shahpur and Mianwali. Complaints of a short water supply continue to be received from the Samundri and Lyallpur tahsils of the Lyallpur district.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. Rain is wanted all over the province. The condition of standing crops is generally average on irrigated areas and below average on unirrigated lands. Harvesting of autumn crops still continues and the outturn is generally average but in the Dera Ismail Khan district it is reported to be below average. Pressing of sugarcane and picking of cotton are in progress. Sowing of spring crops is in progress. The water supply is generally sufficient. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district is still stopped. Fodder is sufficient throughout the province except in the Shigga circle of the Marwat tahsil of the Bannu district. The condition of cattle is generally good. Malarial fever is still prevalent in some parts of the Peshawar district and in the Bannu district. Prices show a tendency to fall. Prices:—wheat 11½ to 13½; gram 16 to 18½; maize 13½ to 22½; bajra 16½ to 18 and barley 21½ to 23 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 12 to 16 and maize from 15 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Generally the condition of autumn crops is average, but in the riverain circle their condition is bad. Water for irrigation is sufficient. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is sufficient except in the riverain ilaqa. Prices are unchanged.

Rajputana.—The autumn crop was gathered and spring sowings are in progress. Damage to autumn crops is reported from the Jaisalmer district owing to the prevalence of strong winds. Cattle disease prevails in the districts of Banswara and Karauli. Pasturage and fodder are sufficient. Prices are rising in Bikaner, Sirohi, Banswara and Partabgarh; are falling in Karauli and are steady elsewhere. All cotton plants have died in Bikaner.

Central India.—Rainfall *nil*. Autumn crops have been reaped in Bundelkhand and sowing of spring crops completed in Indore. Crops have been damaged slightly in parts of Gwalior, Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Agricultural stock are satisfactory except for some cattle disease in parts of Indore, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are steady and falling in Bundelkhand; and are stationary but higher elsewhere. Poppy sowing is in progress in Gwalior, Indore and Baghelkhand.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be clear and cool. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops and picking of cotton are well advanced. Sowing of spring crops is almost completed and germination is reported to be satisfactory. Ringni *juar* and linseed plants in some parts of the Chanda tahsil are withering for want of moisture. Prospects are generally favourable but a shower would benefit the crops in Damoh, Seoni and Chhindwara. Fodder and water are adequate. Cattle are doing well. The price of wheat and rice remained stationary in sixteen and that of gram and *juar* in eighteen districts. Wheat in Saugor and Jubbulpore rose by half seer per rupee and *juar* in Wardha and rice in Balaghat fell by one and three seers respectively; gram in Amraoti and *juar* in Akola rose by one seer. There were no marked variations elsewhere.

Feudatory States.—No rain fell during the week. Wheat on high land in Kawardha is withering for want of moisture and cotton in Khairagarh is somewhat damaged by insects; otherwise the condition of standing crops is good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Wheat in Khairagarh; rice in Raj-Nandgaon and *kodon* in Kawardha, Khairagarh and Raj-Nandgaon fell by $\frac{3}{4}$ to 3 seers per rupee; elsewhere prices were steady.

Bombay.—Rain is needed in parts of the Deccan and Bijapur. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in Ahmednagar, Poona and Kolhapur; they have been damaged slightly by rats in Hyderabad; by insects in Belgaum and are generally in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops are progressing generally. Cotton picking is progressing in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Baroda. Threshing is in progress in parts of Sind, the Panch Mahals, Kaira, Thana, Colaba, Ahmednagar and Baroda. The fodder supply is generally adequate. Agricultural stock are sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and generally in good condition. Drinking water is generally sufficient. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of West Khandesh and Nasik. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have fallen in Ahmedabad and the Panch Mahals; have risen in Hyderabad, Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 3 to 35 per cent, in the Konkan 2 to 32 per cent, and in the Karnatak 15 to 29 per cent less than the normal. In Gujarat prices are 3 per cent more than the normal to 13 per cent less and in the Deccan 15 per cent more to 13 per cent less.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. Rain is urgently needed in the Telingana country. Autumn crops are generally fair to good except in parts of the Raichur district and in some isolated tracts. Crops are being harvested generally. Spring sowings still continue but are suspended for want of rain in Huzooragarh of the Nalgonda district and the Yellandu taluka of the Warangal district. Spring crops are being weeded in parts but operations need more rain throughout Telingana and in the Bidar and Raichur districts. Spring crops have been damaged to some extent by insects in parts of the Medak, Warangal and Raichur districts. The early rice crop has withered or is withering in many parts of Telingana especially in the Nizamabad, Warangal and Karimnagar districts. Late rice lands are being prepared. Late rice is being sown in parts of Mahabubnagar and Nalgonda. Cattle disease prevails in eight talukas and fodder scarcity in seven. Water scarcity is reported in parts of the Lingsugur taluka of the Raichur district and the Nander taluka of the Bidar district and it is anticipated in the Paloncha and Warangal talukas of the Warangal district and Mahadeopur of the Karimnagar district. Prices:—wheat 7; coarse rice 7 and *juar* 15½ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 12½ seers per rupee. Yellow *juar* is not available. The highest price in districts is 8 seers in the Chinnar taluka of the Adilabad district and the lowest 28 seers in the Nilanga taluka of the Bidar district.

Mysore.—No rain fell during the week. Prices of food grains are generally steady. Standing crops are in good condition but more rain is needed for dry crops in

Bangalore, Kolar and Kadur. Prospects of the season are generally good. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamom continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Cattle disease prevails in parts.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was light to fair in Trichinopoly, Tinnevely, Tanjore, Madura, South Arcot, Salem and Malabar and *nil* elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient except in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Tanjore and Tinnevely. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are fair to good but some in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, Nellore, Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem and Tanjore require more rain or are withering. Harvests continue in parts with outturn mostly fair to normal. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of Godavari, Bellary, Cuddapah and Nellore. Fodder is scanty in parts of Godavari, Bellary and Cuddapah. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in fifteen districts; has fallen in four and has risen in four. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in nine districts; has fallen in five and has risen in seven. *Cholam* is stationary in five districts; has fallen in two and has risen in seven. *Cumbu* is stationary in three districts; has fallen in seven and has risen in five. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is good and employment is available. Grains stocks are generally sufficient.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

PORTS (in hundredweights) of COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE, LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA, into certain ports in August 1909, and from 1st January to 31st August 1909 and in the corresponding period of 1908

Whence exported	COTTON, raw										Whence exported
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL		
	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	
Imports in August											
By Rail and River—											By Rail and River—
E. B. and Assam	4,325	4,565	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,325	4,565	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	2,999	1,805	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,999	1,805	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	3,458	6,533	13,912	1,870	...	10	...	...	17,370	8,413	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	28	76	6,346	689	945	588	...	...	7,319	2,037	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	1,950	...	11,168	146	...	...	13,118	146	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	525	942	9,848	9,066	...	...	...	...	10,373	10,008	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	234	...	87,381	22,215	...	...	...	114	87,615	22,329	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	3,015	114	2,733	3,005	...	...	...	...	5,748	3,119	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	...	...	9,915	2,937	...	...	...	...	3,694	9,915	Nizam's Territory
Madras	356	1,247	4,612	1,276	...	...	...	...	34,446	4,968	Madras
Mysore	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1,816	1,818	Mysore
TOTAL	14,940	15,066	136,697	41,060	12,113	744	*	40,170	163,750	97,940	TOTAL
By Sea—											By Sea—
E. B. and Assam	2,839	5,568	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,839	5,568	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	...	...	...	157	...	...	...	...	...	157	Bengal
Bombay	2,241	8,864	...	...	68	96	...	350	2,309	9,310	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	1,036	4,871	...	1	...	...	1,036	4,872	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	8,016	2,166	638	1,423	...	...	...	6,429	8,654	10,018	Madras
Burma	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	47,387	7,516	...	...	...	...	47,387	7,516	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	406	915	4,862	10,640	...	...	...	372	5,268	11,917	Foreign countries
TOTAL	13,502	17,523	53,923	24,607	68	97	*	7,151	67,493	49,378	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	28,442	33,489	190,620	65,667	12,181	841	*	47,321	231,243	147,318	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of August											
By Rail and River—											By Rail and River—
E. B. and Assam	57,724	78,084	...	...	...	...	...	...	57,724	78,084	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	17,377	24,304	...	1	...	...	...	...	17,377	24,305	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	82,842	103,094	323,244	185,579	7,596	6,386	...	...	413,682	295,059	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	18,964	19,770	190,637	126,287	410,387	519,901	...	...	620,038	665,958	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	237	2,020	2,218	...	401,934	252,364	...	...	404,389	254,384	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	4,744	15,940	237,485	361,042	584	...	...	...	242,833	376,982	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	5,450	390	2,004,475	2,094,032	...	...	...	11,310	2,009,925	2,105,732	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	52,843	73,323	1,320,413	1,434,985	...	...	...	...	1,373,256	1,508,308	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	...	198	275,536	316,128	...	...	...	...	53,196	275,536	Nizam's Territory
Madras	564	5,534	24,689	72,535	...	...	...	...	443,462	25,253	Madras
Mysore	...	...	490	4,369	...	...	...	...	15,103	490	Mysore
TOTAL	240,745	322,657	4,379,237	4,594,958	820,501	778,651	*	523,071	5,440,483	6,219,337	TOTAL
By Sea—											By Sea—
E. B. and Assam	42,268	67,659	...	...	...	...	...	...	42,268	67,659	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	38	17	...	1,731	...	...	...	12,482	38	14,230	Bengal
Bombay	57,403	37,033	8,422	10,653	1,212	143	...	18,620	67,097	66,449	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	311	146,701	97,854	...	1	...	...	146,701	98,166	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	25,124	33,660	7,726	24,017	18	...	...	6,429	32,868	63,506	Madras
Burma	11,450	37,767	784	593	...	...	...	...	12,234	38,360	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	722,838	1,031,172	2	542	...	...	722,840	1,031,714	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	1,858	2,061	177,662	87,641	40	2,074	...	387	178,960	92,163	Foreign countries
TOTAL	138,201	177,908	1,063,533	1,253,661	1,272	2,760	*	37,918	1,203,006	1,472,247	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	378,946	500,565	5,442,770	5,848,619	821,773	781,411	*	560,989	6,643,489	7,691,584	TOTAL IMPORTS

N.B. Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" include the ports of Madras, Pondicherry (exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara. The last 8 ports were added from 1st April 1909.

* Figures not available

Whence exported	WHEAT								RICE INCLUD			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909
Imports in August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	1,525	11,164	...	...	...	...	1,525	1,164	85,228	26,127	*	...
Bengal	5,327	45,515	...	8	...	...	5,327	45,523	134,810	359,283	*	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	104,519	244,531	201	8,610	...	1,536	104,720	254,677	1	610	*	...
Panjab	180,446	1,296	13,605	37,886	681,615	704,290	875,666	743,472	120	81	*	1,929
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	110,692	105,452	110,692	105,452	...	...	*	89,139
Raj. and C. India	...	8,575	6,867	39,817	...	327	6,867	48,719	...	...	*	...
Bombay	...	...	2,027	10,824	...	...	2,027	10,824	6	...	*	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...
Nizam's Territory	...	5,413	2,670	17,423	...	...	2,670	22,836	261	274	*	...
Madras	...	...	1	391	...	...	1	391	...	...	*	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,959	95	*	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...
TOTAL	291,817	306,494	25,371	114,959	792,307	811,605	1,109,495	1,233,058	222,385	386,470	*	91,068
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,632	...	*	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,180	*	...
Bombay	...	...	...	11	...	16	...	27	...	...	*	1,844
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...
Madras	...	...	58,750	20,461	...	...	58,750	20,463	...	...	*	...
Burma	...	...	...	96	...	...	...	0	...	...	*	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	945,111	264,135	*	...
Foreign countries	1,202	...	14,787	2,582	...	860	14,787	3,442	...	...	*	...
TOTAL	1,202	...	36,644	661	...	...	37,846	661	14,543	30	*	439
TOTAL IMPORTS	293,019	306,494	135,552	138,772	792,307	812,481	1,220,878	1,251,747	1,186,671	651,815	*	93,351
Imports to end of August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	22,646	28,737	...	...	...	...	22,646	28,737	1,386,492	1,234,194	*	...
Bengal	97,280	408,516	4	310	...	...	97,284	408,826	1,742,885	4,296,052	*	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	754,135	3,742,504	11,542	562,048	...	452,428	765,677	4,756,980	417	2,047	*	...
Panjab	471,135	42,236	70,506	395,058	2,109,445	11,320,561	2,651,086	11,758,155	643	601	*	22,523
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	380,997	1,155,562	381,587	1,155,562	11	4	*	823,256
Raj. and C. India	590	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	112
Bombay	1,474	49,586	51,184	367,373	...	17,663	52,658	43,622	...	289	*	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	40	511	45,840	534,588	...	...	45,880	533,099	26	...	*	4
Nizam's Territory	163,376	306,752	15,591	906,643	...	...	178,967	1,213,395	8,233	57,134	*	...
Madras	...	...	294	10,794	...	...	294	10,794	...	...	*	...
Mysore	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	32,609	3,573	*	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	1
TOTAL	1,510,677	4,578,842	194,961	2,774,814	2,490,442	12,916,514	4,196,080	20,300,170	3,171,323	5,593,954	*	845,896
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32,765	...	*	...
Bengal	...	...	108	...	...	...	108	...	800	57,798	*	140
Bombay	2,578	4	8,935	32,588	508	439	12,021	33,031	146	14	*	18,814
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	157,533	...	916,022	227,788	...	...	1,073,555	227,788	...	...	*	12,863
Madras	1	...	...	111	...	...	1	...	14,012	55	*	...
Burma	...	2,787	...	...	...	...	...	2,787	8,163,134	7,061,569	*	910
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	126,703	347,318	842	19,551	127,545	366,869	...	...	*	55
Foreign countries	61,589	175,567	259,050	204,915	3,378	...	324,017	389,562	110,209	5,101	*	439
TOTAL	221,701	178,358	1,310,818	812,740	4,723	19,990	1,537,247	1,011,083	8,321,126	7,124,537	*	33,221
TOTAL IMPORTS	1,732,378	4,757,200	1,505,779	3,587,554	2,495,170	12,966,504	5,733,327	21,311,258	11,492,449	12,718,491	*	879,117

* Figures
+ One maund of paddy is

ING PADDY)†				GRAM AND PULSE								Whence exported
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		
1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	
Imports in August												
•	...	85,228	26,127	6,595	9,260	•	...	•	...	6,595	9,260	By Rail and River—
•	1	134,810	359,284	107,916	161,764	•	...	•	...	107,916	161,764	E. B. and Assam
•	...	1	610	30,312	56,044	•	8,677	•	923	30,312	65,644	Bengal
•	...	120	2,010	8,489	2,486	•	35,352	•	35,309	8,489	73,147	U. P. of Agra and
•	...	...	89,139	...	...	•	...	•	7,565	...	7,565	Oudh
•	...	...	...	296	1,947	•	28,141	•	1,458	296	31,546	Panjab
•	12	6	12	...	...	•	27,140	•	...	...	27,140	Sind and Br. Balu-
•	...	261	274	9,438	3,796	•	14,814	•	...	9,438	18,610	chistan
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Raj. and C. India
•	327	...	327	2	...	•	686	•	...	2	686	Bombay
•	99,618	1,959	99,713	504	...	•	15	•	...	504	15	Cent. Provs. and
•	158	...	158	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Berar
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Madras
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Mysore
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Kashmir
•	100,116	222,385	577,654	163,552	235,297	•	114,825	•	45,255	163,552	395,377	TOTAL
Imports to end of August												
•	...	4,632	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	By Sea—
•	5,715	...	6,895	502	...	•	...	•	...	502	...	E. B. and Assam
•	938	...	2,732	...	6	•	432	•	400	...	838	Bengal
•	1,896	...	1,896	...	121	•	4,420	•	39	...	4,580	Bombay
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Balu-
•	9,699	...	9,699	3,411	9,505	•	...	•	...	3,411	9,505	chistan
•	722,805	945,111	986,940	5,789	...	•	13	•	...	5,789	13	Madras
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	236	•	...	...	236	Burma
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Non-Br. Ports in
•	5,055	14,543	5,524	25,394	3,506	•	2,317	•	...	25,394	5,823	India
•	746,168	964,286	1,013,736	35,096	13,138	•	7,418	•	439	35,096	20,995	Foreign countries
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	TOTAL
•	846,224	1,186,671	1,591,390	198,648	248,435	•	122,243	•	45,694	198,648	416,372	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of August												
•	...	1,386,499	1,234,194	71,083	131,436	•	...	•	...	71,083	131,436	By Rail and River—
•	11,684	1,742,885	4,307,736	1,081,102	1,646,666	•	62	•	...	1,081,102	1,646,728	E. B. and Assam
•	4	417	2,051	241,453	675,844	•	262,697	•	4,401	241,453	942,942	Bengal
•	642	643	23,826	143,340	34,520	•	293,300	•	246,795	143,340	574,615	U. P. of Agra and
•	...	11	823,260	...	...	•	...	•	213,900	...	213,900	Oudh
•	...	...	401	6,068	32,650	•	259,951	•	11,218	6,068	303,819	Panjab
•	263	26	267	911	2,857	•	364,607	•	17	911	367,481	Sind and Br. Balu-
•	21	8,233	57,155	51,842	138,043	•	442,171	•	...	51,842	580,214	chistan
•	...	...	4,713	2	14	•	33,488	•	...	2	33,502	Raj. and C. India
•	4,713	...	4,713	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Bombay
•	817,149	32,609	820,722	24,213	4,246	•	394	•	...	24,213	4,640	Cent. Provs. and
•	1,172	...	1,172	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Berar
•	...	...	1	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Madras
•	835,648	3,171,323	7,275,498	1,620,014	2,666,276	•	1,636,670	•	476,331	1,620,014	4,799,277	Mysore
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Kashmir
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	TOTAL
•	9	32,765	9	287	...	•	...	•	...	287	...	By Sea—
•	72,197	800	130,135	1,608	691	•	224	•	180	1,608	1,095	E. B. and Assam
•	113,174	146	132,002	8,194	158	•	33,048	•	4,957	8,194	38,163	Bengal
•	17,309	...	30,172	20,651	121	•	38,578	•	259	20,651	38,958	Bombay
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Balu-
•	44,485	14,012	44,540	151,907	38,348	•	25	•	...	151,907	38,373	chistan
•	5,161,064	8,163,134	12,223,543	88,025	21,782	•	3,475	•	...	88,025	25,257	Madras
•	1,845	...	3,900	...	...	•	63,031	•	11,504	...	74,535	Burma
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Non-Br. Ports in
•	107,017	110,209	112,557	116,893	68,643	•	84,902	•	1,229	116,893	154,774	India
•	5,517,100	8,321,126	12,674,858	387,565	129,743	•	223,283	•	18,129	387,565	371,155	Foreign countries
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	TOTAL
•	6,332,748	11,492,449	19,950,356	2,007,579	2,796,019	•	1,879,953	•	494,460	2,007,579	5,170,432	TOTAL IMPORTS

not available
taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	LINSEED						RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909
Imports in August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	4,976	5,908	...	...	4,976	5,908	24,736	43,085	*	...	24,736	43,085
Bengal	253,677	105,211	...	...	253,677	105,211	39,621	59,645	*	...	39,621	59,645
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	92,011	40,786	11,095	7,809	103,106	48,595	69,672	61,452	*	15,059	69,672	76,511
Panjab	...	...	...	964	...	964	199	...	*	19	199	19
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	1,148	602	5,034	7,831	6,182	8,433	489	628	*	2,506	489	3,134
Bombay	...	...	7,451	9,405	7,451	9,405	...	...	*	4,694	...	4,694
Cent. Provs. and Berar	909	123	4,584	4,581	5,493	4,704	...	...	*	1,140	...	1,140
Nizam's Territory	...	...	2,943	...	2,943	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	261	...	261	...	...	*	...	...	...
Mysore	...	...	314	...	314	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
TOTAL	352,721	152,630	31,421	30,851	384,142	183,481	134,717	164,810	*	23,418	134,717	188,228
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	15,450	...	15,450
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	9	11	9	11	...	...	*	123	...	123
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	1,935	1,064	1,935	1,064	...	...	*	5	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	1,160	3,949	1,160	3,949	...	...	*	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	3,104	5,024	3,104	5,024	...	...	*	15,578	...	15,578
TOTAL IMPORTS	352,721	152,630	34,525	35,875	387,246	188,505	134,717	164,810	*	38,996	134,717	202,806
Imports to end of August												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	79,763	100,733	...	...	79,763	100,733	417,636	341,894	*	...	417,636	341,894
Bengal	1,522,907	1,433,009	27	160	1,522,934	1,433,169	590,029	993,996	*	567	590,029	994,563
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	328,023	601,776	129,234	113,459	457,257	715,235	605,245	901,078	*	610,883	605,245	1,511,961
Panjab	...	...	197	17,835	197	17,835	4,577	9,651	*	37,679	4,577	47,330
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	3,288	124,846	142,441	309,024	145,729	433,870	6,738	17,321	*	153,018	6,738	170,339
Bombay	...	...	130,986	266,179	130,986	266,179	...	...	*	291,509	...	291,509
Cent. Provs. and Berar	6,178	76,278	101,474	470,509	107,652	546,787	451	21,333	*	89,114	451	110,447
Nizam's Territory	...	...	170,807	297,266	170,807	297,266	...	...	*	333	...	333
Madras	...	...	446	22,882	446	22,882	181	1,037	*	...	181	1,037
Mysore	...	...	314	412	314	412	...	...	*	...	...	...
TOTAL	1,940,159	2,336,642	675,926	1,497,726	2,616,085	3,834,368	1,624,857	2,286,310	*	1,183,103	1,624,857	3,469,413
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	398	...	*	...	398	...
Bengal	25	64	...	...	25	64	14	129	*	24,083	14	24,212
Bombay	1,231	...	1	1	1,272	1	1,750	...	*	22	1,750	22
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	1,929	618	1,929	618	...	...	*	26,174	...	26,174
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	760	1,037	*	150	760	1,167
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	22,389	40,202	22,389	40,202	...	...	*	7,430	...	7,430
Foreign countries	...	20	2,635	6,757	2,635	6,777	1	2	*	1	1	3
TOTAL	1,256	84	26,994	47,578	28,250	47,662	2,923	1,168	*	57,860	2,923	59,028
TOTAL IMPORTS	1,941,415	2,336,726	702,920	1,545,304	2,644,335	3,882,030	1,627,780	2,287,478	*	1,240,963	1,627,780	3,528,441

* Figures

JUTE						TEA						Whence exported
Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		
1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	
Imports in August												
1,192,251	1,895,582	*	73,615	1,192,251	1,969,197	200,754	155,804	*	66,073	200,754	221,877	By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. & C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
244,136	253,932	*	...	244,136	253,932	18,396	18,728	*	3	18,396	18,731	
17	...	*	...	17	...	23	155	*	...	23	155	
...	...	*	...	...	...	43	98	*	...	43	98
...	...	*	*	
...	...	*	...	...	...	1	1	*	...	1	1
...	...	*	...	...	...	3	...	*	...	3	...
...	...	*	...	...	...	4	...	*	...	4	...
...	...	*	*	
...	...	*	*	
1,436,404	2,149,514	*	73,615	1,436,404	2,223,129	219,224	174,86	*	66,076	219,224	240,862	TOTAL
2,510	...	*	...	2,510	...	1,983	1,148	*	...	1,983	1,148	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries
18,465	376	*	...	18,465	376	...	25	*	...	...	25
...	...	*	*	
...	...	*	...	...	...	40	253	*	...	40	253
...	...	*	...	...	...	...	1	*	...	...	1
...	...	*	*	
18	...	*	...	18	...	14	19	*	...	14	19	
20,993	376	*	...	20,993	376	2,037	1,446	*	...	2,037	1,446	
...	...	*	*	
1,457,307	2,149,890	*	73,615	1,457,307	2,223,505	221,261	176,232	*	66,076	221,261	242,308		TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of August												By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. & C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
5,720,321	8,403,654	*	200,478	5,720,321	8,604,132	567,947	515,083	*	165,787	567,947	680,870	
2,793,498	1,618,319	*	...	2,793,498	1,618,319	70,226	62,843	*	30	70,226	62,873	
9,906	13,681	*	...	9,906	13,681	508	1,373	*	...	508	1,373	
...	...	*	...	...	...	375	127	*	...	375	127
...	...	*	*	
...	...	*	...	...	...	4	...	*	...	4	...
...	...	*	...	...	...	53	5	*	...	53	5
376	1,182	*	...	376	1,182	3	3	*	...	3	3	
...	...	*	...	...	...	2	...	*	...	2	...
...	9	*	...	...	9	8	1	*	...	8	1
...	...	*	*	
8,524,101	10,036,845	*	200,478†	8,524,101	10,237,323	639,126	579,485	*	165,817†	639,126	745,252	TOTAL
2,510	89	*	6,522	2,510	6,611	2,901	9,751	*	...	2,901	9,751	By Sea— E. B. & Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries
121,835	61,440	*	...	121,835	61,440	...	...	*	9	...	9
...	...	*	...	...	...	79	3,895	*	...	79	3,895
...	...	*	*	
162	...	*	...	162	...	111	366	*	...	111	366	
...	...	*	...	...	...	92	362	*	...	92	362
...	...	*	*	
359	51	*	...	359	51	324	2,803	*	...	324	2,803	
124,866	61,580	*	6,522	124,866	68,102	3,507	17,177	*	9	3,507	17,136	
...	...	*	*	
8,648,967	10,098,425	*	207,000	8,648,967	10,305,425	642,633	596,612	*	165,826	642,633	762,438	TOTAL IMPORTS

not available

† Comprise the import figures from February 1909

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

B. ROBERTSON,

Nos. 1293—1299.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

ALLOTMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE I. C. S. APPOINTED TO THE BENGAL
PRESIDENCY IN 1909.

Calcutta, the 20th November 1909.

RESOLUTION.

THE undermentioned gentlemen have recently been appointed in England to the Indian Civil Service (Bengal Presidency) in the order specified below :—

Richard Roy Maconachie . . .	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Edward Hamilton Johnston . . .	Lower Provinces.
Bernard Winthrop Swithinbank . . .	Burma.
John Nesbitt Gordon Johnson . . .	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Charles George Gordon Helme . . .	Lower Provinces.
Andrew Brooks Knowles . . .	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Gordon Charles Hilton . . .	Ditto ditto.
Austin Robert Morris . . .	Burma.
Frederick Wynne Robertson . . .	Lower Provinces.
Edward Sheepshanks . . .	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Jagannath Luxmon Sathé* . . .	Ditto ditto.
Leonard Sworn . . .	Lower Provinces.
Clement Wright . . .	United Provinces, Punjab, and Central Provinces.
Arthur Purling Middleton . . .	Lower Provinces.
Owen Meredith Rees . . .	Burma.
Geoffrey Pownall Burton . . .	United Provinces, Punjab, and Central Provinces.
William Hugh Thompson . . .	Lower Provinces.
John Henry Darwin . . .	United Provinces, Punjab, and Central Provinces.
Sidney Klingenstein . . .	Lower Provinces.
Tennant Sloan . . .	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Noel James Roughton . . .	Ditto ditto.
Harold James Collister . . .	Ditto ditto.
Norman Frederick Peck . . .	Lower Provinces.
Christopher Francis Wood . . .	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Alexander Bell Duncan . . .	Lower Provinces.
William John Arbuthnot . . .	Ditto.
Ernest Milsom . . .	Ditto.
Frank James Woodward . . .	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Hugh Rutledge . . .	Ditto ditto.
Alexander James Clark . . .	Ditto ditto.
Timothy Francis Quinlan . . .	Lower Provinces.
Hubert Watson Williams . . .	Ditto.

* This candidate has been allowed to postpone his medical examination for three months.

Basil John Knight Hallows	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Philip Christopher Fogarty†	Burma.
John Henry Hutton	Lower Provinces.
Allan Arbuthnot Lane Roberts	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.
Frederick Henry Steavenson†	Burma.
Kenneth Assheton Hulton Sams	United Provinces, Punjab and Central Provinces.

2. The Governor General in Council has been pleased to attach the above mentioned gentlemen to the Provinces shown below against their names :—

Mr. E. H. Johnston	} Bengal.
„ F. W. Robertson	
„ A. P. Middleton	
„ S. Klingenstein	
„ A. B. Duncan	
„ E. Milsom	
„ H. W. Williams	} Eastern Bengal and Assam.
Mr. C. G. G. Helme	
„ L. Sworn	
„ W. H. Thompson	
„ N. F. Peck	
„ W. J. Arbuthnot	
„ T. F. Quinlan	} United Provinces.
„ J. H. Hutton	
Mr. J. N. G. Johnson	
„ J. L. Sathé	
„ C. Wright	
„ J. H. Darwin	
„ T. Sloan	
„ H. J. Collister	} Punjab.
„ C. F. Wood	
„ H. Rutledge	
„ B. J. K. Hallows	
„ K. A. H. Sams	
Mr. R. R. Maconachie	} Central Provinces
„ G. C. Hilton	
„ E. Sheepshanks	
„ A. J. Clark	
„ A. A. L. Roberts	
Mr. A. B. Knowles	} Burma.
„ G. P. Burton	
„ N. J. Roughton	
„ F. J. Woodward	
Mr. B. W. Swithinbank	
„ A. R. Morris	
„ O. M. Rees	
„ P. C. Fogarty	
„ F. H. Steavenson	

3. The Governor General in Council is further pleased to direct that the gentlemen posted to Bengal shall, on arrival at Calcutta, report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal. The officers posted to Eastern Bengal and Assam should telegraph from Calcutta to the Chief Secretary to the Government of that province at Shillong for orders as to their destination, in the event of their not finding instructions awaiting their arrival. Gentlemen who land at Bombay should inquire of the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay whether any orders are awaiting them from the Government of the province to which they have been posted. The officers posted to Burma should proceed to Rangoon and report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of that province.

4. The officers posted to the United Provinces should report themselves to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the United Provinces, Allahabad.

† These candidates have not yet qualified in Riding.

Those posted to the Punjab should telegraph from Bombay to the Chief Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, Lahore, for orders as to their destination, in the event of their not finding instructions awaiting their arrival. The officers posted to the Central Provinces should report by telegraph from Bombay their arrival to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of those provinces at Nagpur, by whom they will be instructed to which portion of the province to proceed.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Governments of Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam, the United Provinces, the Punjab and Burma, and to the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, for information and guidance. Also that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, and that a copy be forwarded to each of the gentlemen named therein.

H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.
SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 25th November, 1909.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 20th November 1909, is published for general information:—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	5	5
		Ahmedabad Town	6	2
		Ahmedabad District	11	6
		Kaira District	20	11
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	15	10
		Palanpur Agency	11	6
		Mahi Kantha Agency	12	7
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana "	1	1
		Agashi " . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra "	1	1
		Thana District	6	3
	Central.	East Khandesh District	33	34
		Nasik District	3	2
		Poona City	2 (a)	2(a)
		Poona District	56	44
		Satara "	484	360
		Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	...
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel "	1	1
		Kolaba District	3	4
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
	Southern.	Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum "	227	153
		Hubli Town	6	4
		Dharwar District	44	50
		Kanara District . . . . .	...	...
		Bijapur District	36	33
		Savantvadi State	2	2
		Karachi Town and Port	32	29
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
		Mandvi Port	2	2
	Sind.	Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Verawal Port . . . . .	...	...
		Porbandar "	10	7
		Jamnagar Town and Port	14	10
		Kathiawar Agency	14	13
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	137	54
		Satara Agency	22	9
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	85	48
		TOTAL	1,298	913

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Salem District	2(a)	2(c)
		Coimbatore Town	24	14
		Coimbatore District	64(a)	35(b)
		Ootacamund Town	4	2
		Nilgiris District	2	2
		Mangalore Port	1	1
		Malabar District	20(c)	14(c)
		North Arcot District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly " . . . . .	...	...
		Anantapur District . . . . .	...	...
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District . . . . .	...	...
		Tinnevely District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	117	70
BENGAL.	{	Calcutta	5	6
		24 Parganas District	1	1
	Burdwan .	Midnapore District . . . . .	...	...
	Patna .	Saran District	138	117
		Shahabad District	55	38
		Dinapore . . . . .	...	...
		Patna City . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	38	37
	{	Monghyr Town . . . . .	...	...
		Monghyr District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	237	199

(a) Six imported.

(b) Four imported.

(c) One imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	20	20
		Aligarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Bulandshahr District . . . . .	...	1
	Agra	Muttra District	55	54
		Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	30	30
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
		Farrukhabad District	9	10
		Mainpuri District	11	7
		Agra City . . . . .	...	...
		Agra District	4	5
		Etah "	17	17
	Rohil- khand.	Bareilly District	14	10
		Budann District	2	1
		Moradabad District	6	2
	Allahabad	Allahabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpur City	5	2
		Cawnpur District	8	9
	Benares	Ballia District	726	724
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	8	7
		Ghazipur "	30	30
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	130	133
		Gorakhpur City	51	51
		Gorakhpur District	169	176
	Lucknow	Unao District	48	32
		Rae Bareilly District	27	19
		Gonda " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi " . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Fyzabad	Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh District	6	4
		TOTAL	1,376	1,344
	Delhi	Gurgaon District	79	66
		Hissar "	95	60
		Delhi "	28	19
		Rohtak "	48	25
		Karnal "	61	55
		Ambala " . . . . .	...	...
		Ludhiana "	55	48
PUNJAB.	Jullundur	Jullundur District	1	1
		Hoshiarpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Ferozepur "	160	139
		Montgomery District	7	7
	Lahore	Lahore City	2	...
		Lahore District	23	13
		Amritsar District	22	22
		Gurdaspur "	8	8
		Gujranwala District . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot "	5	3
	Rawalpindi.	Shahpur District	24	15
		Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Lyallpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Patiala State	283	244
	...	Kapurthala State	48	22
		Jind State	28	11
		TOTAL	977	758
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	1	1
		Hanthawaddy District . . . . .	...	...
		Pegu " . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy "	1	1
		Prome " . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Maubin District . . . . .	...	...
		Bassein "	2	2
		Henaada "	1	1
		Pyapon " . . . . .	...	...
		Myaungmya " . . . . .	...	...
	Tenas-serim.	Toungoo District . . . . .	...	...
		Thaton " . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Amherst (Moulmein) District . . . . .	...	...
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	1	1

N.B.—The number of plague seizures in Rangoon Town and of plague deaths in Tharrawaddy District in Burma was 2 during the week ending the 30th October 1909, and not that shown in the statement for that week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA.	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
		Mandalay District	2	—
		Bhamo " . . . . .	...	...
		Katha "	1	—
	Sagaing	Lower Chindwin District	3	4
		Sagaing "	2	2
	Meiktila	Myingyan District . . . . .	...	...
		Meiktila " . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin "	2	1
	TOTAL		18	15
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BEHAR).	Nagpur	Nagpur City	223	216
		Kamptee Town	6	4
		Nagpur District	203	174
		Wardha Town	41	45
		Wardha District	34(b)	28(c)
		Chanda Town . . . . .	...	...
		Chanda District . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara District	31(a)	27(a)
		Balaghat Town . . . . .	...	...
		Balaghat District . . . . .	...	...
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	27	17
		Jubbulpore District	1(d)	1(d)
		Mandla Town . . . . .	...	...
		Saugor District	2(d)	1(d)
	Nerbudda	Nimar District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshangabad District	1(d)	...
		Narsingpur Town . . . . .	...	...
		Narsingpur District	7	8
		Betul " . . . . .	...	...
		Chhindwara Town . . . . .	...	...
	Chhattishgarh.	Chhindwara District	1(d)	1(d)
		Bilaspur District . . . . .	...	...
	Chhattishgarh.	Raipur District . . . . .	...	...

(a) Four imported.
(d) Imported.

(b) Nine imported.

(c) Eight imported.

N.B.—Only one plague seizure was reported from the Lower Chindwin District in Burma during the week ending 23rd October 1909, and not one seizure and one death as shown in the statement for that week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Berar	Akola Town . . . . .	...	...
		Akola District	39	25
		Buldana Town	21	14
		Buldana District	81	60
		Yeotmal " . . . . .	...	...
		Amraoti Town . . . . .	...	...
		Amraoti District	81	65
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	799	686
	Coorg	Coorg	3	...
		TOTAL	3	...
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	24	17
		Bangalore City	5	6
		Bangalore District	26	20
		Mysore City	79	52
		Mysore District	63	55
		Hassan " . . . . .	...	1
		Kadur "	2	2
		Kolar " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields . . . . .	...	...
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga "	10	10
		Chitaldroog " . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	209	163
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Raichur District	14(a)	12(a)
		TOTAL	14	12

(a) Figures for the period from 8th to 14th November 1909.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	80(a)	75(a)
		Indore Residency	32(a)	13(a)
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	38	1
		Dewas Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	4	3
		Guaranteed Holdings in Malwa Agency	7	6
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora Town . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State	10	7
		TOTAL	171	105
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER MERWABA	...	Mewar State	23	10
		Parbhagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State	4	3
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar State (Jodhpur)	69	60
		Jaipur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaipur State	124	105
		Kishangarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bikaner State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhalawar " . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah " . . . . .	...	...

(a) Figures for the week ending 13th November 1909.
(b) Figures for the week ending 12th November 1909.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJ-PUTANA AND AJMER MERWARA	...	Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura „ . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar City . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	1(a)	1(a)
		Benwar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli State . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara State . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	1 } Ⓢ	1 } Ⓢ
		Ajmer City	174 } Ⓢ	173 } Ⓢ
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Deoli . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District	84(a)	78(a)
	TOTAL	480	431	
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Nowshera Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Jammu District	20	15
		Mirpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua „ . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	20	15
BALUCHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Las Bela State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			5,719	4,711

(a) Figures for the week ending 12th November 1909.

H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD).

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

17. *As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.*

RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND-HALF OF YEAR.										RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.					
RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending.		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.	Decrease.	
	During 2nd-half of 1908.	During official year 1908-09.	1908.	1909.	14th November 1908.	15 November 1909.	1908.	1909.	14th November 1908.	13th November 1909.	14th November 1908.	13th November 1909.			
															R
State and Guaranteed Railways.															
Bengal-Naxpur (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)	222	242	2,271	2,350	5,313,373	5,050,000	234	215	87,95,756	85,33,000	1,57,10,856	1,64,98,000	7,87,144	...	32,574
Bezawada extension	281	307	21	21	6,532	5,400	311	257	1,10,385	95,500	2,10,574	1,78,000	...	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Virmgam-Wadhwan Section, 3' 3 1/2" gauge)	679	791	504	504	4,14,869	3,65,000	823	724	59,83,036	63,33,000	1,22,11,470	1,29,42,000	7,30,530	...	...
Nagda-Murtra	36	33	139	339	3,952	13,300	28	39	83,893	1,86,000	1,70,675	2,95,000	1,19,325	...	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3 1/2" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	460	405	1,274	1,497	6,61,100	5,81,000	519	388	1,10,80,471	1,11,71,000	1,66,59,382	1,69,75,000	3,15,618	...	...
East Indian	612	674	2,338	2,338	16,52,385	15,53,000	707	664	2,98,75,040	2,72,49,000	5,06,37,072	4,80,34,000	...	...	26,03,072
Great Indian Peninsula	498	570	1,606	1,606	9,38,525	11,93,000	584	743	1,20,04,823	1,45,54,000	2,47,35,673	2,70,12,000	22,76,327	...	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	214	219	126	126	21,998	38,100	175	302	5,11,403	5,49,000	9,33,112	9,12,000	...	...	21,112
Baran Korah	10	11	13	40	192	1,200	15	30	2,605	24,100	(2) 2,606	36,500	33,894	...	1,89,673
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itarsi)	192	214	916	916	1,93,518	2,12,000	211	231	30,56,188	31,95,000	59,85,673	57,56,000	...	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3 1/2" gauge lines)	202	219	2,342	2,578	5,34,409	5,39,000	210	209	92,97,825	101,35,000	1,72,05,942	1,81,52,000	9,46,058	...	...
North Western (incldg. 2' 6" gauge line)	279	299	3,614	3,670	10,34,387	11,80,000	286	322	1,94,40,330	2,35,41,000	3,38,67,539	4,26,42,000	87,74,461	...	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3 1/2" link)	208	233	1,298	1,298	3,27,154	2,88,000	252	222	49,61,865	50,43,000	94,40,051	97,45,000	3,04,949	...	...
Hardwar-Dehra	205	226	32	32	7,333	7,100	229	222	1,21,262	1,17,000	2,34,243	2,20,000	...	...	14,243
Assam-Bengal	119	118	771	771	1,14,456	1,11,000	148	144	17,49,504	18,36,000	28,51,522	29,80,000	1,28,478	...	...
Bezawada-Masulipatam	105	122	49	52	7,090	6,000	145	115	1,01,026	1,14,000	1,91,401	2,15,000	23,599	...	...
Burma	204	241	1,475	1,527	2,39,477	2,96,000	102	194	55,55,809	56,75,000	1,03,95,336	1,09,17,000	5,21,664	...	...
Godhra-Hyderabad (British section)	107	111	124	124	12,541	12,900	101	104	2,36,726	2,58,000	4,30,421	4,69,000	32,579	...	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	133	159	200	200	26,726	23,700	131	118	4,48,905	4,47,000	8,90,205	9,40,000	49,195	...	...
Mysore	146	146	401	401	51,420	47,400	128	118	1,16,463	9,11,000	19,13,513	15,56,000	...	...	3,57,513
Patialpur-Deesa	40	52	17	17	922	800	54	47	11,490	13,900	27,273	32,700	5,427	...	...
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda 5' 6" gauge)	223	245	1,914	1,915	4,89,901	4,15,000	256	217	75,34,836	73,34,000	1,42,24,158	1,42,25,000	842	...	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	286	292	1,397	1,396	3,60,950	3,72,000	266	266	70,60,019	75,86,000	1,25,11,570	1,32,77,000	7,65,430	...	...
Tanjore District Board	122	130	103	103	12,334	11,700	120	114	2,32,674	2,30,000	4,37,594	4,27,000	...	...	10,594
Travancore Branch	118	117	108	108	13,879	12,600	120	117	2,37,944	2,36,000	1,044	3,95,000	...	...	17,055
Tirhoot State	180	200	774	775	2,07,816	1,27,000	268	164	25,80,393	20,37,000	49,36,003	43,49,000	...	...	5,87,093
Jorhat	63	60	32	32	1,971	1,400	62	44	38,268	35,200	66,906	59,700	...	...	1,206

South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)		286	202	1,387	1,396	3,60,950	3,72,000	266	70,60,019	75,86,000	5,25,981	1,25,11,570	1,32,77,000	7,05,430	10,594
Tanjore District Board		122	130	103	103	18,334	11,700	114	2,32,674	2,30,000	6,336	4,37,594	4,47,000	...	17,055
Travancore Branch		118	117	108	108	13,879	12,600	120	2,37,044	2,36,000	...	4,12,055	3,95,000	...	5,87,003
Tirhoot State		180	200	774	775	2,07,816	1,27,000	268	25,80,393	20,37,000	...	49,36,003	43,49,000	...	...
Total		63	60	32	32	1,971	1,400	62	38,268	35,200	...	60,906	59,700	...	1,205
All other Railways.		302	322	24,049	24,736	78,66,210	79,18,000	327	13,39,31,016	13,73,71,700	41,45,684	23,72,98,825	24,32,80,900	1,19,82,075	...
Amritsar Patti		137	128	28	28	2,725	2,500	97	73,940	82,200	8,250	1,17,337	1,41,000	23,663	...
Bhopal-Ujjain		127	134	114	114	17,305	11,900	152	2,50,931	2,26,000	30,931	4,69,717	4,90,000	20,283	...
Bina-Gcona-Bardn		30	43	148	148	4,798	7,000	32	82,433	1,01,000	...	2,37,012	1,92,000	...	45,012
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka		242	251	162	162	46,773	50,800	289	7,44,395	7,78,000	33,605	13,13,725	13,47,000	33,475	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)		98	103	16	16	3,040	2,000	128	28,441	22,800	5,641	52,821	47,600	...	5,221
Kolar Gold-fields		417	379	10	10	7,208	2,600	721	90,903	51,500	...	1,37,883	86,200	...	51,083
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakkhal		180	152	79	79	10,667	11,000	135	2,24,517	1,74,000	50,517	4,11,961	3,76,000	...	35,991
Nagda-Ujjain		104	126	34	34	4,314	2,400	127	60,611	41,100	19,531	1,18,313	1,26,000	...	...
Nizam's Guaranteed State		241	263	334	334	95,788	84,100	287	15,83,967	14,69,000	85,033	26,92,558	27,27,000	34,442	...
Pellad-Cambay		111	132	34	34	4,068	2,700	120	70,158	63,900	6,258	1,46,086	1,36,000	...	10,080
Rajpura-Bhatinda		197	218	107	107	20,251	20,000	189	3,91,290	3,95,000	3,710	7,70,812	7,93,000	22,188	...
Southern Punjab		146	155	425	425	70,222	54,000	165	11,43,799	9,77,000	1,66,799	20,93,493	18,19,000	...	244,493
"Ludhiana" Extension		92	97	155	155	13,505	15,000	87	2,74,781	2,08,000	6,781	4,89,805	4,75,000	...	14,808
Tapti Valley		107	132	155	155	19,721	17,900	127	2,36,666	2,32,000	6,665	5,06,715	4,84,000	...	22,715
Tarkessur		262	305	22	22	7,280	6,800	331	1,10,767	1,16,000	707	2,18,096	2,27,000	8,904	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka		59	71	34	34	2,778	1,500	82	37,632	33,200	...	80,672	69,400	...	11,272
Ahmedabad-Parantij		86	104	55	55	5,396	3,500	98	84,014	87,400	3,386	1,80,736	1,83,000	2,264	...
Bengal and North-Western		137	157	107	107	1,95,528	1,31,000	192	24,16,940	22,47,000	20,283	46,33,524	46,72,000	18,476	...
Bengal-Dooars		146	133	153	153	23,627	26,000	154	4,22,717	4,43,000	...	6,53,548	6,02,000	8,452	...
Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar		101	122	459	459	51,142	40,200	111	8,26,736	8,00,000	26,726	17,44,525	16,49,000	...	95,525
Dibru-Sadiya		259	250	78	78	19,359	22,200	248	3,93,352	4,22,000	28,648	6,26,723	6,85,000	58,277	...
Gaekwar's Melisana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)		67	106	172	179	13,035	7,700	76	1,73,623	1,89,000	15,377	3,62,861	4,11,000	48,139	...
Hyderabad-Goddavari Valley		126	156	392	392	63,298	60,600	161	8,28,847	8,06,000	22,847	17,59,814	16,51,000	...	95,814
Jodhpur-Bikaner		63	72	709	776	47,074	48,500	66	36,401	42,400	5,999	67,455	72,300	4,845	...
Kolhapur		123	146	29	29	3,708	4,800	128	8,16,597	8,98,000	81,493	16,15,049	17,14,000	96,351	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (b)		...	...	...	50	...	2,000	...	66,410	77,400	10,990	1,31,455	1,38,000	6,545	...
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi & 6" gauge)		93	102	93	93	9,129	6,500	58	1,69,834	1,57,000	12,834	3,27,235	2,30,000	30,300	31,236
Myensingh-Iam-alpur-Jagannathganj		160	157	54	54	10,822	6,200	200	1,49,524	1,29,000	20,524	2,50,464	2,04,000	...	40,464
Rohilkund and Kumaon		98	115	214	214	27,545	31,700	129	4,51,124	4,05,000	16,876	8,23,584	8,93,000	69,416	...
Sangli		108	138	5	5	659	700	132	10,724	12,500	1,776	20,395	25,500	5,105	...
Shoranur-Cochin		127	136	65	65	9,071	8,700	140	1,44,619	1,83,000	38,381	2,61,903	3,32,000	70,097	15,589
Udaipur-Chitorgarh		56	71	67	67	4,496	3,200	67	66,703	64,000	...	1,46,539	1,31,000	...	...
Barsi		93	106	78	78	8,447	15,300	108	1,40,715	2,01,000	60,285	2,63,691	3,73,000	1,09,309	18,719
Cooch Behar		111	113	34	34	7,195	4,400	212	71,558	61,000	...	1,21,719	1,03,000	...	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi		71	96	94	94	8,772	6,700	93	1,17,040	1,24,000	6,960	2,80,574	2,91,000	10,426	...
Rajpipla		33	42	37	37	2,296	1,200	62	23,598	23,800	202	48,105	49,200	1,035	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan		360	363	51	51	21,364	22,000	419	3,58,132	3,75,000	16,868	6,38,122	6,61,000	22,878	...
TOTAL		125	140	5,786	5,985	7,63,579	7,49,100	149	1,29,88,359	1,28,61,800	...	24,305,763	24,773,500	...	32,263
GRAND TOTAL		268	287	29,835	30,721	87,29,789	86,67,700	293	14,62,19,375	15,02,39,500	40,20,125	26,21,04,558	27,40,54,400	1,19,49,812	...

(a) From 1st July 1908.
(b) Opened from 2nd May 1909.

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SUPPLEMENT TO
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No. 49.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1909.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday,
the 2nd December 1909, based on the Indian Daily Weather
Reports of the period.**

A storm formed in an area of disturbed weather in the southeast of the Bay on the 29th November, and gave very heavy rain and rough seas at the Andaman Islands. Its position at the close of the week was uncertain, but there were indications that it was advancing towards the north Madras coast, where the barometer had fallen and the sea was rising. The rainfall of the week was confined almost entirely to the south of the Peninsula and was most widespread there on the 25th, 26th and 27th November. The formation of the depression in the Bay was accompanied by an almost complete cessation of rainfall in the Peninsula, and during the last few days of the week very little rain fell anywhere except in the Andaman Islands.

Burma.—A few light falls of rain were reported on the 26th November from Upper Burma, but during the rest of the week no rain fell except in the Andaman Islands. The storm in the south of the Bay gave Port Blair 9·00" of rain on the 30th. Skies were lightly to moderately cloudy. Temperature was nearly normal.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Dibrugarh had a light fall of rain. Skies were clear or lightly clouded. Temperature did not differ much from the normal.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Skies were practically free from cloud. Temperature was normal, except for a defect at night shown at several observatories towards the close of the week.

Northwest India.—Skies were clear or only lightly clouded. Temperature was in excess in Sind during the greater part of the week.

The Peninsula.—Rain fell in the southeast of Madras, Malabar and the south of the Bombay Deccan. Skies were cloudy chiefly in the south and east of the division. On most days temperature was either equal to or above the normal.

The following summarises the chief rainfall amounts of the week as reported at 8hrs. each day :—

November 26th.	Tinnevelly 1·74" and Madras 1·80".
„ 27th.	Pamban 1·25" and Madras 1·29".
„ 28th.	Pamban 2·31" and Kodaikanal 1·01".
December 1st.	Port Blair 8·98".
„ 2nd.	Port Blair 2·80".

The rainfall of the period from the 30th April to date, is twenty per cent. or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Bengal proper, Rajputana and the east and north of the Punjab, and in defect by a similar amount in Baluchistan, Central India, the Central Provinces and on the north Madras coast.

DIVISION,	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 2ND DECEMBER 1909			RAINFALL DATA FROM 30TH APRIL 1909 TO 2ND DECEMBER 1909.				
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	12'6	2'9	+9'7	137'2	107'0	+ 30'2	+ 28	+ 20
Lower Burma	0	0'2	-0'2	157'8	140'2	+ 17'6	+ 13	+ 13
Upper Burma	0'2	0'1	+0'1	48'4	40'9	+ 7'5	+ 18	+ 18
Assam	0'1	0'2	-0'1	77'1	79'0	- 1'9	- 2	- 2
Eastern Bengal	0	0	0	87'4	77'9	+ 9'5	+ 12	+ 12
Bengal	0	0	0	68'9	57'1	+ 11'8	+ 21	+ 21
Orissa	0	0	0	53'2	60'6	- 7'4	- 12	- 12
Chota Nagpur	0	0	0	51'9	50'0	+ 1'9	+ 4	+ 4
Bihar	0	0	0	58'0	50'5	+ 7'5	+ 15	+ 15
United Provinces, East	0	0	0	41'0	40'8	+ 0'2	0	0
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	42'7	41'0	+ 1'7	+ 4	+ 4
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	26'7	22'0	+ 4'7	+ 21	+ 21
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	7'6	8'0	- 0'4	- 5	- 5
Kashmir	0	0'1	-0'1	6'3	5'6	+ 0'7	+ 13	+ 13
N. W. Frontier Province	0	0'2	-0'2	6'9	5'9	+ 1'0	+ 17	+ 21
Baluchistan	0	0'3	-0'3	0'2	1'8	- 1'6	- 89	- 87
Sind	0	0'1	-0'1	4'4	5'2	- 0'8	- 15	- 15
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	19'3	11'4	+ 7'9	+ 69	+ 69
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	28'9	22'2	+ 6'7	+ 30	+ 30
Gujarat	0	0	0	29'6	26'8	+ 2'8	+ 10	+ 10
Central India, West	0	0'1	-0'1	22'8	31'1	- 8'3	- 27	- 27
Central India, East	0	0	0	33'9	43'2	- 9'3	- 22	- 21
Berar	0	0'1	-0'1	27'2	32'6	- 5'4	- 17	- 17
Central Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	36'5	47'3	- 10'8	- 23	- 23
Central Provinces, East	0	0'1	-0'1	40'1	50'8	- 10'7	- 21	- 21
Konkan	0	0	0	90'3	99'0	- 8'7	- 9	- 9
Bombay Deccan	0'1	0'1	0	28'0	28'7	- 0'7	- 2	- 2
Hyderabad, North	0	0	0	31'6	32'7	- 1'1	- 3	- 3
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	27'6	30'0	- 2'4	- 8	- 8
Mysore	0	0'4	-0'4	29'9	28'1	+ 1'8	+ 6	+ 8
Malabar	0'5	0'5	0	105'9	97'5	+ 8'4	+ 9	+ 9
Madras, South-east	1'9	1'8	+0'1	28'4	30'9	- 2'5	- 8	- 9
Madras Deccan	0	0'3	-0'3	25'0	25'5	- 0'5	- 2	- 1
Madras Coast, North	0	0'7	-0'7	28'0	38'2	- 10'2	- 27	- 26

J. PATTERSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.
R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 2nd December 1909.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 27th November 1909.

Burma.—Slight showers of rain fell in all districts of Upper Burma except in Myingyan and in a few Lower Burma districts. Reaping of autumn rice and cultivation of miscellaneous crops are proceeding normally. The districts in which the late rains have been heavy report that standing crops have suffered more or less, while in Amherst it is reported that the late showers have proved beneficial to the crops. The price of unhusked rice has risen in three and has fallen in four districts.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Heavy rain has fallen at Alipur Duar; elsewhere there was practically no rain except light scattered showers in parts of the Surma Valley division. Harvesting of winter rice is in full swing. Damage by insect pests is abating. A good outturn is expected. Fields are being prepared for transplantation of spring rice. Sowing of mustard, pulses and other spring crops and transplantation of tobacco are in progress and their prospects are good. Sugarcane is progressing well. Plucking of tea is still going on. The average price of common rice is stationary. Cattle disease prevails in two districts.

Bengal.—There was no rain during the week except a few showers in Darjeeling. Sowing of spring crops and harvesting of winter paddy are in progress. Pressing of sugarcane continues in some districts of Bihar and has commenced in Balasore, Puri and Palamau. The prospects of all crops are good. The price of rice has fallen in fifteen and is stationary in seventeen districts. Cattle-disease is reported from several districts. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. Sowing of spring crops is nearing completion. Harvesting of late rice, pressing of sugarcane and irrigation of spring crops are in progress. The condition of standing crops is good and prospects everywhere are favourable. The condition of agricultural stock is generally good but cattle disease is still reported from 19 districts. Fodder and water are sufficient. Markets are well supplied. Prices have fallen in eight and have risen in four districts; elsewhere prices are stationary or fluctuating.

Punjab.—No rain fell during the week. Rain is wanted in Ambala. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress in Ferozepore and Mianwali. Harvesting is over and the outturn of autumn crops is generally good to average except in parts of Mianwali where it is poor. Sowings of spring crops continue satisfactorily and those already on the ground are in good condition. Slight damage by rats is reported in parts of Rohtak and Ferozepore and by grass hoppers in parts of Sialkot. Prices are generally unchanged but show a slight downward tendency in some districts. Cattle are generally in good condition. Fodder is sufficient, except in parts of Ferozepore, Shahpur and Mianwali. Complaints of a short water supply continue from the Lyallpur and Samundri tahsils of the Layallpur district.

North-West Frontier Province.—No rain fell during the week. Rain is badly wanted all over the Province. Standing crops are generally average on irrigated lands and below average on unirrigated areas. Harvesting of autumn crops still continues and the outturn is generally average but in the Dera Ismail Khan district it is reported to be below the average. Pressing of sugarcane and picking of cotton are in progress. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. The water supply is generally sufficient. Irrigation from the Paharpur Canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district is still stopped. Fodder is procurable throughout the province except in the Shigga circle of the Marwat tahsil of the Bannu district. Cattle are generally in good condition except that some cattle disease is reported from the Dera Ismail Khan district. Malarial fever is still prevalent in some parts of the Peshawar district and in the Bannu district but in the former district it is now abating. Prices, except those of gram and bajra, show a slight tendency to rise. Prices: wheat $10\frac{3}{4}$ to $13\frac{1}{4}$; gram 16 to 20; maize $13\frac{1}{2}$ to $21\frac{1}{2}$; bajra $16\frac{1}{4}$ to 18 and barley $20\frac{1}{8}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Rain *nil*. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 12 to 17 and maize from 15 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type is reported from two tahsils of the Province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—There was no rain during the week. The condition of autumn crops is below average. Water for irrigation is sufficient. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are unchanged. Spring crops are being sown.

Rajputana.—Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. Standing crops and prospects are fair to good. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Mewar and Karauli. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are rising in Banswara and Kishangarh and are steady or falling elsewhere.

Central India.—Rainfall *nil*. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. Crops have been damaged slightly by insects in parts of Indore, Bhopal and Bagelkhand. Agricultural stock are satisfactory except that some cattle disease is reported in parts of Indore, Bhopal, Bagelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are falling in Indore and Bundelkhand; fluctuating in Bhopal and Bhopawar and stationary but high elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—The weather was clear and cool. Picking of cotton and harvesting and threshing of autumn crops were in full swing. Germination of late sown spring crops is somewhat defective in Seoni but elsewhere it is good. Spring crops in Damoh are withering for want of moisture. Cold winds in the Sausar tahsil of the Chhindwara district have slightly damaged the cotton crops. Some damage was done to young spring plants in the Brahmapuri tahsil of the Chanda district by insects. The state of standing crops is generally good. A shower would be welcome in Jubbulpore, Seoni, Betul, Chhindwara, Nagpur, Wardha and the Vindhyan districts. Fodder and water are sufficient everywhere. Agricultural stock are in good condition. Prices:—wheat fell in Jubbulpore and Mandla by $\frac{1}{2}$ seer and rose in Damoh by 1 seer per rupee. *Juar* rose by 2 seers in Nimar and Saugor and fell by 4 seers in Chhindwara while rice fell by $3\frac{1}{4}$ seers in Bilaspur. Gram rose in Betul and fell in Chhindwara by 1 seer; elsewhere prices of staple food grains were steady or fluctuated slightly.

Feudatory States.—Germination of spring crops is good. Prospects are generally favourable but a shower would benefit the crops in Kawardha. The supply of fodder and water is adequate. Prices:—wheat and rice in Khairagarh rose by $\frac{1}{4}$ seer and rice in Sakti by 2 seers per rupee. Rice and *Kodon* in Raj-Nandgaon fell by 1 and $4\frac{1}{2}$ seers, respectively. Prices remained stationary elsewhere.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in Dharwar and Kolhapur. Rain is needed in parts of the Deccan and Bijapur. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in Kaira, Ahmednagar, Poona and Kolhapur; they have been damaged slightly by insects in Belgaum and are generally good elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops are progressing generally. Cotton picking is progressing in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Khandesh and Ahmednagar. Threshing is in progress in parts of Sind, Kaira, the Konkan, Ahmednagar and Baroda. The fodder supply is generally adequate. Agricultural stock are sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and are generally in good condition. Drinking water is generally sufficient. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of West Khandesh and Nasik. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have fallen in Kanara and Bijapur; have risen in Sukkur, Poona and Sholapur and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 12 to 35; in the Konkan 2 to 32 and in the Karnatak 12 to 29 per cent. less than the normal. In Gujarat prices are 3 per cent. more than the normal to 13 per cent. less and in the Deccan 6 per cent. more to 13 per cent. less.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week, except in parts of the Raichur district and some other isolated tracts the autumn crop is generally fair to good. Harvesting is nearing completion in some districts. The early rice crop has withered or is withering in many parts of Telingana especially in the Melak, Nizamabad, Karimnagar and Warangal districts. Spring sowings are still in progress but are suspended for want of rain in the Khammamet and Yellandu talukas of the Warangal district and Huzurnagar of the Nalgonda district. The spring crop generally needs more rain especially throughout Telingana. The crop has been damaged by insects to some extent in parts of Medak in Warangal and in the Raichur district. The castor seed crop has suffered and is suffering in parts of Telingana. Late rice lands are under preparation. Late rice is being sown in the Mahbubnagar, Nalgonda and Warangal districts. Cattle disease prevails in eight talukas and fodder scarcity in seven. Water scarcity is reported in parts of the Lingsugur and Janwada talukas and is anticipated in parts of Udgir in the Bidar district, Paloncha and Warangal in the Warangal district and the Mahadeopur, Karimnagar and Sultanabad talukas of the Karimnagar district. Prices:—wheat 7; coarse rice $7\frac{1}{4}$ and *juar* $14\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. Prices show an upward tendency in the case of *juar*. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at $12\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. Yellow *juar* is not available. The highest price in districts is eight seers in the Chinnur taluka of the Adilabad district and the lowest 28 seers in the Nilanga taluka of the Bidar district.

Mysore.—No rain fell during the week. Prices of food grains are generally steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition but more rain is needed for dry crops in parts of Bangalore, Kolar and Tumkur. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall eight cents. Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamom continues and picking of coffee has commenced. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was heavy in Madras; good in Chingleput, Tinnevely, the Nilgiris, Malabar, and Madura; light to fair in Cuddapah, Salem, South Canara, Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, North Arcot, Nellore, Tanjore and South Arcot and *nil* elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are insufficient except in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, the Carnatic, Coimbatore, Tanjore and Tinnevely. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are fair to good but some in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, Nellore and Tanjore require more rain or are withering. Harvests continue in parts with outturn mostly fair to normal. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of Godavari, Guntur, Bellary, Cuddapah and Nellore. Fodder is scanty in parts of Godavari, Bellary and Cuddapah. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in thirteen districts; has fallen in two and has risen in eight. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*Ragi* is stationary in seven districts; has fallen in seven and has risen in seven. *Cholam* is stationary in four districts; has fallen in two and has risen in eight. *Cumbu* is stationary in six districts; has fallen in five and has risen in four. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is good and employment is available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF
OCTOBER 1909 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE

GRAM AND PULSE
OATS
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Burma*—														
<i>Tenasserim—</i>														
Mergui . . .	...	...	41.56	47.41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	27.59	36.16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amherst . . .	...	...	39.02	44.14	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>														
Rangoon . . .	...	...	32.82	40.51	39.26	58.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	32.99	45.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	39.75	47.06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>														
Hensada . . .	...	...	32.99	44.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tongoo . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>														
Mandalay . . .	...	...	36.57	48.12	36.36	59.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	36.57	41.29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35.16	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>														
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam*—														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Chittagong . . .	...	...	40	38.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	...	...	42.5	47.5	47.5	50	...	...	20	30	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Pabna . . .	...	...	37.5	48.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>														
Rangpur . . .	...	...	50	67.5	55	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>														
Goalpara . . .	20	30	45	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . .	25	25 to 28.75	45	43.75 to 47.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—														
<i>Deltaic—</i>														
Midnapur . . .	...	...	31.25	53.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . .	...	...	47.5	61.25	46.25	55	...	...	22.5	37.5	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Bardwan . . .	...	...	...	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>														
Cuttack . . .	...	...	33.85	53.32	43.75	50.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>														
Patna . . .	...	...	39.37	55	37.5	47.5	...	...	20.62	30.62	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, north—</i>														
Bhagalpur . . .	...	...	50	58.75	41.37	48.75	...	...	31.87	35	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . .	...	...	...	66.56	44.37	50	...	...	25	33.28	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>														
<i>Eastern—</i>														
Benares . . .	24.48	29.37	39.63	54.27	36.67	45.83	43.12	55.31	25.31	32.6	...	...	24.48	...
<i>Central—</i>														
Cawnpore . . .	22.19	28.54	40	51.61	40	47.08	43.23	50	21.93	31.35	24.22	33.33	23.54	29.63
Jhansi . . .	...	...	43.28	66.72	40	50	...	...	16.23	34.06	18.85	39.06	27.03	30.78
<i>Western—</i>														
Meerut . . .	...	30.78	47.03	57.19	36.41	47.03	...	53.28	22.81	31.41	23.19	25	...	29.06
Agra . . .	47.29	50	53.33	80	39.06	50	42.24	61.51	23.54	29.63	24.53	36.35	23.24	29.63
<i>Submontane, west—</i>														
Shanbhanpur . . .	21.87	25	...	...	38.12	44.37	...	...	23.12	30	26.12	...	22.5	...
<i>(b) OUDH—</i>														
<i>Southern—</i>														
Lucknow . . .	21.04	27.6	40	53.33	41.09	47.03	47.03	53.33	22.86	28.59	24.22	25.78	22.86	25.78
<i>Northern—</i>														
Fyzabad . . .	22.5	28.75	47.5	63.75	40.21	47.08	...	...	23.75	31.98	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI		MAIZE		GRAM		ABHAR DÁL		OATS		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
...	Burma—
...	Tenasserim—
...	Mergui
...	Tavoy
...	40.76	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	Moulmein and
...	Amherst
...	24.71	35.56	47.76	55.17	63.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	23.27	...	63.37	...	68.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	34.41	56.64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	53.78	53.78	46.72	46.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Hensada
...	Toungoo
...	...	18.03	15.76	32.16	45.71	47.41	62.75	76.19	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	25.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	53.33	62.75	72.73	72.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Eastern Bengal and
...	Assam—
...	35	60	55	67.5	...	...	...	...	47.5	65	Eastern—
...	35	52.5	46.25	62.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chittagong
...	Dacca
...	26.25	51.25	...	...	...	...	51.25	51.25	52.5	67.5	Central—
...	40	50	50	62.5	...	...	...	...	57.5	65	Pabna
...	Northern—
...	42.5	60	Rangpur
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Goalpara
...	90	...	46.25	61.09	Gauhati
...	Bengal—
...	52.5 to 55	...	60	...	50	52.5	52.5	51.25 and 55	62.5 and 68.75	Deltaic—
...	...	25	45	32.5	47.5	42.5	55	37.5	45	60	55	52.5	67.5	Midnapur
...	31.25	47.5	47.5	55	...	...	...	...	50	72.5	Calcutta
...	Central—
...	33.85	42.08	33.85	38.07	50.83	50.83	...	...	70.47	68.12	Bardwan
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	29.37	19.37	30.62	26.25	43.75	32.81	48.75	...	...	72.5	60	50	72.5	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	...	20	31.25	31.87	45	40	53.12	31.87	40	56.87	56.25	42.5 and 50	63.12 and 65	Bihar, north—
17.66	33.28	19.53	33.28	30.78	50	40	53.12	32.03	44.37	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
...	Muzaffarpur
...	United Provinces—
...	29.32	43.12	34.27	52.4	...	...	44.43	54.27	43.28	58.7	(a) AGRA—
...	Eastern—
...	Benares
...	...	21.61	24.58	24.22	42.08	31.98	50	...	...	61.16	53.33	44.43	57.13	Central—
...	Cawnpore
...	...	17.66	28.59	22.86	45.78	...	...	...	...	57.19	...	50	...	Jhansi
...	...	22.19	27.97	25	42.03	...	53.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	Western—
...	Meerut
...	...	19.53	26.67	25.78	43.23	38.38	51.61	...	...	66.67	66.67	50	76.2	Agra
...	...	20	25	28.75	41.87	36.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	...	20	25	28.59	44.37	...	...	...	...	50	53.33	53.33	69.37	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	28.12	30	44.37	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gdr)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Burma—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui . . .	...	...	581.82	...	...	...	14.71	17.53	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	533.33	...	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	400	...	...	...	18.77	18.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon . . .	...	...	492.31	...	...	...	16.8	17.02	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	492.31	...	...	...	17.73	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	492.31	...	...	...	22.61	22.61	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Monkada . . .	...	...	304.76	...	...	...	27.83	28.19	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	22.61	24.62	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay . . .	...	...	492.31	...	...	...	21.33	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	533.33	...	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—														
Akyab . . .	...	...	457.14	...	...	...	28.57	28.57	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong . . .	...	...	410	390	55	60	15.62	16.25	65	50	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	...	...	420	420	75	70	18.12	20	200	140	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Pabna . . .	...	...	520	650	55	47.5	18.75	20	132.5	116.25	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rangpur . . .	...	...	450	450	70	62.5	20	22.5	90	80	...	...	3.75	3.75
Brahmaputra—														
Goalpara . . .	...	...	...	...	60	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . .	...	...	...	...	65	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
Dacca—														
Midnapur . . .	...	...	{ 390 to 420 }	...	80	67.5	17.5	17.5	{ 130 and 140 }	{ 125 and 150 }	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . .	52.5	65	420	420	70	57.5	15	19.37	82.5	82.5	...	...	15	17.5
Central—														
Bardwan . . .	...	...	390	360	80	62.5	17.5	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack . . .	65	65	467.19	475.62	57.13	52.34	14.37	14.37	62.5	62.5	...	...	5	5
Bihar, south—														
Patna . . .	50	75	{ 320 to 370 }	{ 330 to 350 }	55	60	20	20	{ 40 to 60 }	{ 25 to 50 }	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—														
Bhagalpur . . .	...	...	360	400	55	45	19.37	18.75	130	100	...	...	...	...
Munaffarpur . . .	...	...	400	335.56	57.19	66.56	19.06	20	160	160	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
Eastern—														
Benares . . .	47.34	58.7	378.59	366.67	56.41	58.7	23.65	22.24	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Cawnpore . . .	53.33	57.13	376.46	336.82	53.33	57.13	17.76	18.18	87.5	75	100	95	...	...
Jhansi . . .	43.28	...	336.25	320	61.56	57.19	19.22	...	...	...	...	...	4.01	...
Western—														
Meerut . . .	...	66.56	...	352.5	66.72	...	17.34	19.06	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . .	...	...	376.46	336.82	66.67	64.01	17.03	...	130	130	80	102.5	5.73	10
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahanpur . . .	...	...	370	350	...	...	20	20	...	...	{ 90 and 100 }	{ 90 and 100 }	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
Southern—														
Lucknow . . .	...	...	380	370	53.33	60	20	...	...	...	95	85	2.81	6.25
Northern—														
Fyzabad . . .	...	...	377.5	370	51.56	44.37	20.94	22.19	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA		BEAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
						11·27						3·25		Burma—
						14·1						2·75		Tenasserim—
						16·84						2		Mergui
														Tavoy
														Moulmein and Amherst
												1·56		Pegu (deltaic)—
						24·06						1·81		Rangoon
						19·75						1·69		Maubis
														Bassein
												1·56		Pegu (inland)—
												1·5		Henzada
														Toongoo
				10·83		26·67						1·69		Upper Burma—
				8·8		14·1						1·87		Mandalay
														Pakokku
												2·25		Arahan—
														Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and
														Assam—
												1·22		Eastern—
														Chittagong
												1·5		Dacca
7·5	7·5													Central—
														Fabna
10	10											1·81		Northern—
														Rangpur
												2		Brahmaputra—
														Goolpara
												2·06		Gauhati
														Bengal—
8·75	3·12											1·34		Deltaic—
8·75	8·75			18·75	22·5	21·87	30					1·5		Midnapur
5·31	5					25·62	35					1·66		Calcutta
5·62	5·62					6·25	6·25					1·53		Central—
	7·5			13·12	11·25	22·5	18·75							Bardwan
				5	5	12·5	20					1·41		Orissa—
				10	5	20	28·59					1·3		Cuttack
														Bihár, south—
														Patna
														Bihár, north—
														Bhagalpur
												1·37		Muzaffarpur
														United Provinces—
				10		31·98		50	50	40	40	1·87		(a) AGRA—
				8·85		21·04		70	70			1·62		Eastern—
												1·87		Benares
									60			1·87		Central—
8·75	10	3·28		5·73		26·67				80	80	2·31		Cawnpore
				5		40		{ 60 and 65 }	{ 60 and 65 }	{ 40 and 60 }	{ 40 and 60 }	1·75		Jhansi
														Western—
												1·87		Meerut
														Agra
														Submontane, west—
														Shahjahanpur
														(b) OUDH—
			3·12	7·19		20		40	40			2·62		Southern—
														Lucknow
										35	35	1·69		Northern—
														Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	30.78	30.78	...	...	38.12	47.03	...	...	21.56	27.34	28.59	30.78	27.5	30.78
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	20.47	2.59	47.03	57.19	34.84	40.62	42.19	46.87	20.62	28.75	20.94	...	25	...
Central—														
Lahore	21.04	30.88	47.76	61.56	38.07	42.08	42.66	48.49	18.59	28.59	20	27.6	24.22	27.6
South-eastern—														
Delhi	20	34.79	48.44	50	38.12	45.73	42.08	49.22	20.99	27.6	22.24	27.6	23.54	28.59
Swamontane—														
Amritsar	25	29.11	48.49	57.13	34.79	41.04	35.47	44.43	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	28.54	66.67	90	3.52	48.23	40	47.08	22.24	28.12	20	32.66	22.24	30.88
Western—														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	62.5	...	34.37	...	38.75	...	18.75	...	23.12	...	23.75	...
Multan	21.87	29.69	...	...	...	40.94	...	...	18.44	30.16	...	...	25	29.06
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar	21.2	...	51.61	...	35.16	...	40.88	...	19.01	...	30.78	...	27.34	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	68.98	...	34.69	...	41.25	...	24.14	...	24.69	...	27.34	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	36.56	60	39.22	44.84	...	...	23.12	31.46	20.62	32.5	23.12	31.46
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	48.75	72.5	34.37	41.25	...	...	20.62	28.75	...	33.12	19.37	28.91
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	43.12 to 44.37	45 to 46.25	72.5	77.5	31.25	36.87	31.87	35	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	47.81	42.66	...	...	...	...	...	27.13	33.18	...	30.62
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	35.57	51.72	...	...	...	...	19.22	26.2	17.29	26.51
Poona . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	51.15	...	...	...	...	...	26.67	...	...	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	52.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat . . . . .	...	40.16	...	...	...	56.93	...	...	...	...	29.53	41.09	29.53	37.5
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	35	45	...	44.37	...	...	20	28.75	20	26.67	27.5	31.98
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur . . . . .	...	...	36.5	44.75	37.25	53.37	50	66.62	...	...	28.25	33.75	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore . . . . .	...	...	36.37	47	39	53.37	45.75	61.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	32	40	37	49	48	59	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—														
Akola . . . . .	...	...	42.37	53	39.62	49.62	...	...	...	...	21.62	26.25	...	...
Amratoti . . . . .	...	...	41.37	58.62	38.75	52.37	47.5	64	...	...	25	36.62	...	...
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.7	30.8	36.6	36.5
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27.6	34.6	...	...
Cuddapah	32.7	39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.6	34.8	25.4	30.5
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	28.9	36.2	52.2	58.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	34.3	35.5	50.1	56.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.9	30	37.5	30
Mysore—														
Mysore	30.56	43.75	53	64.69	61.53	61.53	71.98	82.29	...	...	25.64	31.34	...	...
Bangalore	30	28	53	68	64	64	67.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer . . .	66.67	86.87	376.72	356.25	58.7	65.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.53	4.9
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur . . .	...	...	400	350	57.19	50	16.67	...	88.75	100	94.06	92.5	8.91	4.69
Central—														
Lahore . . .	55.62	69.58	412.86	400	68.07	57.13	16.3	...	80	80	104.48	123.07	13.33	8.85
South-eastern—														
Delhi . . .	64.17	6.67	474.06	387.86	61.56	50	17.4	...	80	94.11	106.67	100	7.97	8.02
Submontane—														
Amritsar . . .	63.75	70	430	425	72.5	53.33	14.06	...	...	...	105	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . . .	...	84.06	426.67	376.46	50	53.33	15.36	...	...	...	100	133.33	10	13.33
Western—														
Lyallpur . . .	...	...	420	...	60	...	15	...	80	...	90	...	...	...
Multan . . .	...	...	400	...	...	...	15.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar . . .	58.7	...	426.67	...	61.56	...	15.99	...	...	...	106.67	...	5.1	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . .	65.16	...	483.12	...	53.28	...	14.22	...	...	...	106.25	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . .	...	...	...	420	88.75	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . .	...	...	398.75	367.5	...	50	...	...	62.5	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . .	...	...	{ 410 to 460 }	{ 380 to 430 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . .	...	...	...	...	85.68	66.93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	80.68	...	...	140.36	112.29	...	...	...	...
Poona . . .	...	...	445.62	410.52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—					77.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadnagar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia . . .	...	67.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat . . .	...	...	400	421.61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	...	...
Ahmadabad . . .	...	...	350	390	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur . . .	75.25	86.62	466.62	466.62	...	...	21.62	21.62	91.62	100	120	120	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore . . .	53.37	59.25	350	340	...	...	23.5	23.5	114.25	94.12	80	100	5	6.62
Eastern—														
Raipur . . .	...	...	370	340	...	...	20.5	20	220	160	77	75	...	...
Berar—														
Akola . . .	...	64.25	412	429	...	...	19	20	85.75	81	88.12	88.12	...	...
Amraoti . . .	57.62	86.37	350	400	...	...	18	21	140	120	...	130	4.75	5
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore . . .	67.2	82.8	487.8	487.9	60.8	52.8	24.7	...	...	...	52.8	64.1	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	410.9	385.3	...	...	16.3	...	205.5	128.5	51.5	62.5	...	...
Central—														
Bellary . . .	77.3	92.8	476.1	412.7	59.5	47.7	...	...	...	...	49	52.7	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	394.7	394.8	...	...	11.6	...	...	...	45.2	40.9	...	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	74.1	74.1	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras . . .	53.9	63.5	460.8	427.9	72.4	52.7	12.8	...	82.3	82.3	65.8	65.8	...	...
Tanjore . . .	...	...	400	...	...	...	13.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	500.2	...	...	...	17.5	...	124.3	133.5	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura . . .	75	72.5	416.2	...	...	...	...	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore . . .	61.12	70.53	480	428.59	102.81	62	...	...	205.68*	205.68*	102.86	120	5.31	13.12
Bangalore . . .	52	56	445.68	480	85.68	60	...	...	222.86*	205.68*	145.68	120	3.65	3.65

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BEAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		FLOUR BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
3.59	4.9	3.59	4.69	...	...	36.35	...	125	125	85	85	2.19	...	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	5.78	10	...	...	85	60	90	90	2.37	...	Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	6.82	8.91	13.8	29.63	...	140	180	140	200	2.42	...	Central— Lahore
...	8.91	6.67	13.33	23.54	...	80	80	140	150	1.5	...	South-eastern— Delhi
...	10	10.83	20	...	110	...	...	125	2.41	...	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	10	10	8.91	11.41	23.54	...	90	90	70	70	2.31	...	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	...	3.75	...	5	...	25	...	100	...	140	...	2.44	...	Western— Lyallpur
...	2.48	...	Multan
...	...	3.23	...	6.77	...	17.86	...	{ 60 to 100 120 }	...	{ 60 to 200 120 }	...	2.69	...	N.W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	7.5	...	30.16	...	...	...	...	...	2.69	...	Dera Ismael Khan
...	162.5	150	170	110	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.37	...	Shikarpur
...	7.03	8.59	35.62	...	{ 120 to 220 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	...	2.25	...	Quetta
...	2.06	...	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	2	...	Sholapur
...	2.21	...	Poona
...	28.59	...	...	...	...	...	1.86	...	Khandesh and N.E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	Dhulia
...	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	2.12	...	Gujarat— Surat
...	2.31	...	Ahmadabad
...	60	50	90	90	1.75	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	32	...	50	55	60	70	1.62	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	40	...	...	...	...	40	1.5	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	63	55	61	60	2	...	Berar— Akola
...	40	...	50	50	70	70	1.87	...	Amratoti
...	...	6.3	4.1	11.9	...	109.5*	...	...	...	50	...	2.25	...	Madras— South, central— Coimbatore
...	6.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	80†	75†	...	...	2.09	...	Salem
...	...	5.2	5.2	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	100	100	2.06	...	Central— Bellary
...	2	...	Cuddapah
...	2.06	...	Karnul
3.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	7.2	...	27.9	...	67.5†	61.25†	...	...	1.75	...	East Coast, south— Madras
...	41	...	130†	90†	...	...	1.85	...	Tanjore
...	2.1	...	Trichinopoly
5.4	5.4	...	...	12.5	...	17	...	...	...	40	40	1.5	...	Southern— Madura
3.96	9.37	3.75	6.61	...	...	...	...	80	80	100	100	2.5	...	Mysore— Mysore
7.34	7.34	...	3.75	33.8	35.26	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2	1.81	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

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Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

W. MAXWELL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 3, 1909

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1909 [The figures

Districts	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	...	...	12 12	11 11	9 9	9 4	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 2	14 2	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Fegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...
Bangoon	9 1	9 1	...	...	10 11	10 11	11 5	11 4	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	11 9	11 9	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
Benzada . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	9 6	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 14	10 —	11 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 8	10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	10 2	10 3	...	...	...	...
Bamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 14	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	12 4	11 15	13 —	12 13	18 3	17 10	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 3	3 3	...	...	6 7	7 9	8 6	10 —	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpada . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	5 2	5 2	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	...	...	...	...
Dacca	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	9 4	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	10 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 8	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	10 8	10 8	15 —	15 —	6 12	6 6	9 —	8 10	...	...	...	...
Malda	9 8	9 8	13 —	12 8	5 12	6 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 6	9 6	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Jalpaiguri	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	7 14	8 4	...	...	...	...	10 3	9 14	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	7 12	7 12	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Burma—												
Sylhet . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 —	8 —	15 12	13 5	...	...	...	...
Cachar	6 10	6 10	...	...	8 8	8 8	11 11	11 2	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jaintia Hills	5 8	6 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	7 —	8 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	27 —	26 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	11 —	10 12	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	7 8	7 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	5 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 —	9 8	14 —	13 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 8	7 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 8	8 —	...	...	...	...

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MAHUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	14 2	14 2	Burma—
...	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Mergui
...	10 3	10 3	...	...	6 12	6 12	18 —	18 —	Tavoy
...	10 4	10 4	...	...	6 5	6 5	14 5	14 5	Moulmein and
...	5 11	5 11	16 5	16 5	5 6	5 6	17 13	17 13	Amherst
...	10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	Pegu (delta)—
...	9 11	8 8	...	...	9 —	...	17 13	17 13	Pegu
...	6 9	6 9	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 2	12 2	Rangoon
...	9 14	9 2	...	...	7 14	7 14	16 2	16 2	Maubin
...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Bassein
...	25 8	20 8	8 2	8 2	14 8	14 8	Pegu (inland)—
...	12 —	12 —	19 —	22 3	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Tharawadi
...	15 10	15 10	...	...	4 12	4 12	14 3	14 3	Honsada
...	17 —	16 9	23 2	22 10	9 12	9 12	16 4	16 2	Prome
...	3 8	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	14 —	14 —	Toungoo
...	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	18 —	18 —	Thayetmye
...	10 —	10 —	Upper Burma—
...	Mandalay
...	Bamo
...	Pakokku
...	Meiktila
...	Arakan—
...	Sandoway
...	Kyaukpada
...	Akyab
...	Eastern Bengal and
...	Assam—
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Eastern—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Chittagong
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Noakhali
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	7 7	7 7	17 2	17 2	Baquerghanj
...	12 4	12 4	...	...	7 10	7 10	21 —	21 —	Maimensingh
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	15 —	14 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	19 —	19 —	Dacca
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 12	18 12	18 12	Faridpur
...	13 —	13 —	...	25 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	17 —	Central—
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	13 8	13 8	19 8	19 8	Pabna
...	Rajshahi
...	Malda
...	Bogra
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 12	6 12	18 —	18 —	Northern—
...	10 14	12 —	...	...	7 12	7 12	20 —	20 —	Jalpaiguri
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Dinajpur
...	10 —	8 14	...	...	8 —	8 7	20 —	20 —	Rangpur
...	9 —	9 2	...	...	8 3	8 3	20 —	20 —	Burma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	6 8	6 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Hill tracts—
...	4 8	4 8	10 —	10 —	Khási and Jaintia
...	4 —	4 —	...	20 —	4 —	4 —	11 —	11 —	Hills
...	5 8	5 4	...	...	5 —	4 12	10 12	10 12	Garo Hills
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Manipur
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	16 —	16 —	Naga Hills
...	9 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Lushai Hills
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Brahmaputra—
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Goálpara
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 —	16 —	Kámráp
...	10 4	10 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1909—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
Bengal—												
Dacca—												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	10 8	13 12	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	8 —	9 —	16 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	8 —	8 —	11 12	12 —	...	...	9 —	8 9	...	...	...	...
Jessore	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Bankura	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 14	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	10 —	10 4	16 —	21 8	...	...	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	10 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 8	10 5	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	7 14	8 8	...	...	...	...	10 13	9 3	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	9 6	9 6	...	...	...	...	11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...
Balasore	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	14 —	13 —	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	6 8	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 12	10 —	...	...	12 —	12 —
Ranchi	8 8	8 4	10 —	10 —	...	...	12 —	10 4	...	...	...	...
Palaman	9 —	9 9	...	...	...	...	6 12	7 14	...	...	...	...
Hazaribagh	8 —	8 —	12 8	12 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Monghyr	11 —	10 12	13 8	13 12	...	...	9 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Gaya	9 12	10 —	15 12	15 14	...	...	10 4	9 4	...	...	...	...
Patna	10 8	10 8	19 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	14 —	...	...
Shahabad	11 —	10 8	17 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	10 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	12 8	14 —	...	...	7 14	7 13	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	9 14	9 14	14 4	14 4	...	...	9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	10 —	10 —	17 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	8 4	...	...	...	...
Champaran	9 8	9 8	21 —	21 —	...	...	11 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces :												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	8 8	9 8	14 —	13 8	4 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	...	14 —	14 —	14 8
Benares	10 5	10 —	15 3	15 3	5 11½	5 7	9 2	8 6	15 3	13 9	15 11½	14 1½
Ghazipur	9 7	9 7	15 12	15 —	6 —	5 15	9 11	10 9	...	...	11 15	11 15
Jaunpur	8 11	8 9	16 10	16 10	8 3	8 3	9 11	9 11	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	8 8	8 8	16 8	16 8	4 8	4 8	9 4	9 4	17 —	17 —	17 —	17 —
Central—												
Banda	9 4	9 2	14 —	13 12	4 —	3 8	11 —	10 8	14 8	14 4	18 —	...
Fatehpur	9 —	9 4	15 —	15 —	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	16 —	...
Hamirpur	9 —	9 —	12 8	12 —	6 —	6 —	8 4	8 4	15 —	14 —	19 —	15 —
Jalaun	9 —	9 8	16 —	14 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	14 —	16 —	14 —
Cawnpore	9 8	9 12	18 —	17 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	16 8	17 —
Jhansi	9 12	9 12	21 12	16 4	5 12	5 12	9 —	9 —	21 —	16 4	14 8	16 —
Etawah	9 12	9 13	15 8	15 8	3 —	3 —	9 8	10 —	16 12	16 12	18 4	16 12
Farrukhabad	9 9	9 3	14 5	14 5	4 1	4 1	10 4	9 8	...	...	15 —	...
Meerut	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	6 —	5 —	...	9 —	...	...	18 —	18 —
Etah	11 12	11 —	17 —	18 —	2 8	2 8	8 —	9 —	...	...	17 —	17 —
Western—												
Meerut	10 4	10 12	17 —	17 —	3 4	3 4	7 —	7 —	17 8	18 8	14 8	18 —
Agra	9 14	10 4	16 8	16 8	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	15 10	15 8	17 14	18 —
Muttra	10 —	10 —	17 8	17 8	5 —	5 —	8 12	8 12	16 —	16 —	18 —	18 —
Aligarh	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	3 —	3 —	6 8	6 8	20 —	19 —	18 8	20 —
Bulandshahr	11 1	11 3	17 4	18 —	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	18 —	14 —	17 —	17 —
Submontane, east—												
Bellie	10 —	9 —	17 4	16 4	6 8	6 4	9 8	8 12	...	...	...	...
Asamgarh	9 12	9 12	17 —	17 —	7 8	6 4	11 4	12 —	14 —	14 —	16 8	16 8
Gorakhpur	10 6	10 7	19 —	16 4	7 9	7 9	12 7	12 7	...	...	17 2	16 4
Basti	10 12	10 4	18 —	18 —	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 8	15 —	15 —	18 —	18 —

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1909—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
United Provinces—continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur	10 —	9 12	17 8	16 —	8 8	6 8	11 —	11 —	14 —	14 —	17 —	14 8
Budaun	9 6	9 6	15 12	15 12	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 4	18 —	17 8	15 8	14 4
Pilibit	11 —	11 —	18 3	19 8	5 3	5 3	12 1	12 6	—	—	—	—
Baroli	10 —	10 —	17 —	16 6	3 4	3 4	10 —	9 8	18 —	17 8	15 8	15 8
Moradabad	10 10	10 6	16 8	16 8	3 4	3 4	8 —	8 12	21 8	21 8	16 4	14 —
Bijnor	11 4	11 8	18 8	18 8	3 8	3 8	9 8	9 4	—	—	15 12	16 —
Muzaffarnagar	10 12	10 12	18 11	22 —	7 11	7 2	8 4	8 13	—	—	17 10	17 10
Saharanpur	11 2	11 2	20 12	20 12	4 12	4 12	9 5	9 5	14 14	14 14	14 14	14 14
Dehra-Dun	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	3 8	3 8	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	8 —	8 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	—	—	9 —	9 —
Almora	8 8	8 8	13 8	14 —	3 8	3 8	9 —	8 —	—	—	—	—
Garhwal	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	4 —	5 —	7 8	7 —	—	—	—	—
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh	10 —	10 —	16 8	16 —	5 —	5 4	12 —	11 8	—	—	—	16 —
Sultanpur	10 8	10 —	17 —	17 —	9 4	9 4	10 8	12 8	—	—	—	—
Rae-Bareilly	10 12	10 8	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	11 —	11 —	14 —	14 —	17 —	15 —
Unao	9 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	5 —	5 —	11 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	17 8	16 —
Lucknow	9 8	9 8	17 —	16 8	4 4	4 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	14 —	19 —	14 —
Hardoi	10 —	10 —	17 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	9 8	9 8	14 —	—	—	—
Northern—												
Fyzabad	9 15	9 15	16 12	16 12	—	—	8 8	8 6	16 4	15 12	15 —	15 —
Barabanki	9 12	9 12	15 —	14 —	5 —	6 —	9 —	9 8	16 8	12 8	17 —	16 —
Gonda	10 6	10 2	16 8	16 4	7 4	7 2	8 4	8 2	14 4	14 4	18 4	18 4
Bahraich	11 —	11 —	21 —	20 —	6 —	6 —	10 8	8 —	25 —	20 —	19 —	17 —
Sitapur	10 —	10 —	18 —	17 8	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	20 —	21 —
Kheri	9 8	9 8	16 —	17 8	4 —	4 —	10 8	10 8	21 —	20 —	22 —	20 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partabgarh	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	6 6	6 8	19 4	20 —	—	—
Banswara	13 6	12 12	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	9 10	7 12	—	—	—	—
Mewar (Udaipur)	14 6	14 13	26 2	26 15	7 3	7 3	8 —	8 —	—	—	—	—
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	14 4	11 12	19 12	19 2	8 8	8 8	10 —	10 —	—	—	14 8	14 —
Ajmer	10 8	10 8	18 8	18 —	6 —	6 —	7 1	7 —	22 —	20 —	16 —	16 —
Kishangarh	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	25 15	25 15	12 15	12 15
Bundi	14 4	15 9	24 10	29 14	7 12	6 7	9 1	9 1	19 8	19 8	11 8	11 —
Kotah	12 6	12 10	22 —	21 8	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	16 14	16 1	12 —	11 15
Jhalawar	11 14	11 12	14 6	16 —	5 12	5 12	8 14	8 14	18 4	18 1	15 5	—
Tonk	9 3	8 11	16 12	17 1	4 10	4 11	5 12	5 13	18 4	18 1	17 13	17 13
Jaipur	11 10	11 14	21 9	21 9	5 6	5 6	6 3	6 3	19 7	19 7	17 13	17 13
Karauli	12 3	12 8	18 12	22 8	9 6	8 12	10 —	10 —	19 6	20 —	16 4	20 —
Dholpur	10 12	10 13	18 1	18 13	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	17 12	16 7	19 8	19 7
Bharatpur	11 12	11 12	19 12	19 12	4 5	4 5	4 14	4 14	16 —	16 —	18 6	19 12
Alwar	11 2	11 4	19 10	20 8	5 1	5 1	6 —	6 —	21 1	21 —	20 8	20 11
Deoli	10 5	10 8	21 3	21 12	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 8	16 12	16 6	18 —
Nasirabad	10 —	10 —	—	—	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Shahpura	10 11	10 7	24 12	24 13	5 8	5 8	8 3	8 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Western—												
Bikaner	8 4	8 4	15 8	15 8	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	21 —	21 —	17 —	17 —
Jaisalmer	9 15	10 2	—	—	5 4	5 5	7 5	7 7	16 13	17 —	14 11	13 13
Jodhpur	10 12	11 —	20 7	20 3	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	21 6	20 13	16 4	17 9
Balmer	11 8	11 8	—	—	4 8	4 8	10 5	9 12	—	—	17 3	17 3
Erinpura	11 8	12 —	22 —	23 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	15 —	15 —
Sirohi	13 4	13 4	25 —	25 —	4 8	4 —	7 8	7 8	18 —	17 —	16 8	16 4
Anadra	11 —	11 —	—	—	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	—	—	—	—
Abu	10 8	10 7	15 8	15 3	4 12	4 12	7 6	7 6	—	—	10 11	10 11
Central India—												
Indore	8 8	8 8	13 —	13 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	20 —	19 —	16 —	14 8
Nimach	13 —	13 —	—	—	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	21 —	20 —	12 —	12 —
Gwalior	9 —	8 10	—	—	4 14	5 —	6 6	6 6	—	—	—	—
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	9 8	9 8	19 —	19 4	—	—	6 —	6 —	23 4	24 8	19 —	19 —
Ferozpur	11 4	11 4	19 —	19 —	—	—	6 12	6 8	18 —	18 —	15 —	15 —
Central—												
Lahore	10 13	11 4	21 4	20 —	—	—	8 1	8 2	19 4	20 —	16 —	15 —
Gujranwala	10 8	11 8	21 8	22 8	—	—	7 12	8 —	—	—	16 —	13 —
Gujrat	12 8	12 8	21 —	20 —	—	—	9 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —
Jhelam	11 4	11 4	19 —	19 —	—	—	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1909—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhodeum)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
Panjab—continued												
South-eastern—	10 12	11 —	18 8	18 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	19 8	19 8
Gurgaon	10 4	10 4	18 —	18 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	17 —	16 —	16 —	17 —
Delhi	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	21 —	23 —	18 8	18 8
Rohtak	11 —	11 —	20 —	24 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	14 —
Karnal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Submontane—	11 3	11 7	17 8	18 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	24 —	25 —	15 12	16 —
Ambala	11 8	11 8	18 8	18 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	19 —	18 8	16 8	16 8
Ludhiana	11 12	11 12	20 —	20 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	20 8	20 —	14 —	14 —
Jalandhar	12 4	12 4	18 —	17 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	17 8	14 —	14 —
Hoshiarpur	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 8	12 8	...	...
Gurdaspur	11 4	11 4	18 8	18 8	...	...	8 —	8 4	19 8	19 8	16 —	16 —
Amritsar	12 —	11 8	22 —	20 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	18 —	19 —	16 —
Sialkot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hills—	9 7	9 7	13 10	13 7	...	...	8 4	8 —	17 6	17 5	13 3	12 9
Simla	13 —	14 —	23 —	24 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kangra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—	11 —	11 —	17 —	16 —	...	...	6 12	6 12	19 —	19 —	17 —	19 —
Rawalpindi	11 12	11 8	21 —	20 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	17 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Attock	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—	11 8	11 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	14 —	14 —
Shahpur	11 3	11 3	19 8	21 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	22 8	22 —	16 —	16 —
Jhang	11 —	11 —	20 —	19 8	...	...	6 4	6 4	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Lyalpur	9 12	9 12	20 8	18 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 —	17 —	15 8	15 8
Multan	11 4	10 12	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	16 6	...	18 —	17 —
Montgomery	11 4	11 4	15 8	15 8	...	...	9 8	9 —	14 8	14 8	16 —	15 —
Muzaffargarh	10 8	10 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	14 —	14 —	13 8	13 —
Dera Ghasi Khan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.W. Frontier Province—	11 12	11 8	21 8	21 8	3 3	3 3	8 —	7 8	...	...	14 8	11 8
Hazara	11 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	4 14	4 14	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 —	14 —	14 —
Peshawar	11 —	10 15	17 10	17 10	4 8	4 8	8 15	8 15	19 10	20 6	17 14	20 6
Kohat	13 6½	12 9	19 11	18 4	3 9½	3 9	9 6	8 2	22 8	17 8	17 8	17 8
Bannu	11 2	11 2	16 —	15 12	3 6½	3 5	6 1	5 13	15 12	15 12	13 9	13 15
Dera Ismael Khan	14 8	14 8	23 —	22 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Tochi	15 —	15 —	20 —	21 —	10 —	10 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Kurram	11 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Malakand	9 4	9 —	10 —	9 10	2 15	2 15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wano	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—	9 —	8 8	...	...	6 12	6 8	8 12	6 8	16 —	14 —	14 —	13 —
Karachi	8 8	8 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Hyderabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thar and Parkar (Umarkot)	10 —	10 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	12 8	13 —	...	...	18 —	19 —
Shikarpur	9 12	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	17 —	15 —	18 —	16 —
Upper Sind Frontier	9 4	9 4	...	...	7 —	6 —	8 —	7 —	18 —	17 —	17 —	17 —
Quetta	9 —	9 —	11 14	11 10	3 —	3 —	6 6	6 6	11 10	11 4	11 10	11 4
Bombay—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Konkan—	7 13	6 13	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 8	10 8	11 9	11 1	10 12	10 4
Karwar	6 12	6 1	...	...	7 4	7 4	10 —	10 —	10 6	9 2	10 10	10 10
Ratnagiri	6 —	6 —	...	...	7 3	7 3	8 8	8 8	...	...	9 11	9 11
Alibag	6 3	6 3	...	...	6 6	6 6	8 12	8 7	10 7	10 7	10 10	10 10
Bombay	7 5	7 5	...	...	8 5	8 5	9 4	9 4	...	...	12 4	12 4
Tanna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deccan and Karnatak—	8 15	8 15	...	...	8 12	8 12	9 4	9 4	14 6	15 5	13 12	14 11
Dharwar	8 9	8 5	...	...	7 15	8 4	8 12	9 —	13 8	15 9	13 5	13 5
Belgaum	9 3	9 8	...	...	6 10	5 14	7 2	6 12	14 13	14 13	14 10	14 10
Satara	10 5	9 6	...	...	7 7	6 15	9 —	8 8	19 14	20 6	22 3	20 6
Sholapur	10 10	10 3	...	...	8 14	8 6	9 6	8 15	18 6	20 2	18 11	18 4
Bijapur	8 2	8 2	...	...	7 10	7 10	8 5	8 5	16 13	15 10	15 10	14 6
Poona	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deccan—	10 5	10 5	...	...	7 6	7 6	8 2	8 2	20 10	19 4	16 13	16 13
Ahmadnagar	9 3	8 13	...	...	7 8	7 8	8 3	8 3	...	...	16 1	15 6
Nasik	7 7	7 7	...	...	6 6	6 6	7 8	7 8	15 3	15 3	14 8	14 8
Dhulia	8 2	8 2	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 5	7 5	17 6	16 8	16 10	16 10
Jaigaon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—	7 14	7 6	...	...	6 15	6 8	8 5	7 14	13 6	13 6	13 6	13 6
Surat	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —	13 8	13 8	13 8	13 8
Broach	8 8	8 8	...	...	7 8	7 —	9 8	9 —	15 —	13 —	14 8	12 8
Kaira	7 8	7 8	...	...	7 —	6 8	7 8	7 —	13 —	13 —	13 —	13 —
Baroda	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	9 —	15 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Ahmadabad	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	12 —	12 —
Godhra	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 —	6 8	7 8	7 —	...	13 —	11 8	12 —
Dasa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kathiawar—	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	13 8	13 8
Rajkot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—	8 12	9 13	...	...	5 6	5 —	9 1	8 12	20 5	20 5	...	...
Nimar	9 —	8 12	...	...	4 12	4 12	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	...	...
Hoshangabad	10 2	9 9	...	...	...	...	9 12	8 12	17 5	15 10	...	...
Betul	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 2	6 2	8 6	8 6	10 14	10 14	...	...
Ohhindwara	10 3	10 3	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	13 13	13 13	...	...
Nagpur	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 2	5 2	10 3	10 3	13 13	13 13	...	...
Wardha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	15 4	15 4	17 —	17 —	9 8	9 8	20 —	20 —	Panjab—continued
...	17 —	16 —	18 —	18 —	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	17 8	17 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	16 —	16 —	19 —	21 —	11 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Delhi
...	Rohtak
...	Karnal
18 —	18 —	13 —	13 —	15 12	16 —	20 4	24 —	7 —	7 —	27 —	27 —	Submontane—
...	...	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	18 8	18 —	8 8	8 8	27 —	26 12	Ambala
...	...	13 —	13 —	18 —	16 8	17 —	16 8	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
...	...	7 —	7 —	15 8	16 —	17 4	17 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Jalandhar
...	16 —	17 —	16 —	14 8	...	...	24 —	24 —	Hoshiarpur
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 8	17 12	14 —	14 —	8 —	8 —	27 8	27 8	Gurdaspur
30 —	...	30 —	...	17 —	16 —	19 —	18 —	...	...	29 —	28 —	Amritsar
...	Sialkot
...	13 2	13 7	17 2	15 13	7 8	8 —	18 12	18 12	Hills—
...	13 —	13 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	22 —	22 —	Simla
...	Kangra
...	15 —	14 4	18 —	21 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Northern—
...	15 8	15 8	17 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Rawalpindi
...	Attock
...	17 —	16 —	13 —	13 —	7 —	7 —	23 —	23 —	Western—
15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —	16 14	17 4	16 —	16 —	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Shahpur
...	18 —	18 —	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Jhang
...	...	14 4	14 4	16 8	16 4	13 12	14 4	...	...	23 —	23 —	Lyallpur
...	18 4	18 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Multan
...	...	12 —	12 —	15 4	15 4	10 —	10 —	7 —	7 —	21 —	21 —	Montgomery
...	13 8	13 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	25 —	25 —	Muzaffargarh
...	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	12 8	12 12	18 —	17 —	...	...	20 10	20 —	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	15 —	15 —	15 —	13 —	18 —	19 —	11 —	10 —	24 —	24 —	Hazara
...	14 7	13 14	16 9	17 14	...	...	25 8	25 8	Peshawar
...	18 7	14 14	21 14	17 13	...	...	30 —	30 —	Kohat
...	15 8	14 9	12 11½	11 12	6 5	6 5	27 2	27 2	Bannu
...	8 8	8 8	23 —	19 —	6 —	6 —	20 —	20 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	11 —	11 —	20 —	18 —	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Tochi
...	18 —	18 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Kurram
...	10 —	9 10	...	...	...	...	Malakand
...	Wano
...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	14 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 —	24 —	Karachi
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	26 —	26 —	Hyderabad
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Thar and Parkar
...	13 —	12 8	...	...	8 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	(Umarkot)
...	11 7	10 5½	...	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	Shikarpur
...	Upper Sind Frontier
...	Quetta
12 8	12 8	...	...	11 6	10 7	...	...	7 10*	7 2	19 3	19 3	Bombay—
11 3	11 3	...	...	10 5	9 10	...	...	7 7	6 12	20 13	20 13	Konkan—
9 —	9 —	...	...	11 —	9 5	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 6	21 4	Karwar
10 14	10 14	...	...	8 12	9 6	...	...	7 —	7 10	15 12	15 12	Ratnagiri
...	8 14	8 14	...	...	7 5	7 5	24 8	24 8	Alibag
...	Bombay
...	8 14	8 14	...	...	7 9	7 9	19 3	19 3	Tanna
13 15	14 11	...	...	11 7	11 7	...	...	7 8	7 8	20 10	19 —	Deccan and Karnata—
...	9 15	9 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	19 5	19 5	Dharwar
...	12 3	11 12	...	...	8 10	8 10	17 4	16 8	Belgaum
...	11 12	11 12	...	...	9 3	8 12	21 5	22 1	Satara
...	12 2	12 2	...	...	8 1	8 1	22 —	22 —	Sholapur
...	Bijapur
...	Poona
...	11 5	11 5	...	...	7 11	7 11	17 3	17 3	Khandesh and N.-E.
16 10	15 7	...	...	11 5	10 9	...	...	8 14	8 14	23 10	23 10	Deccan—
...	12 5	11 7	...	...	8 12	7 14	20 2	20 2	Ahmadnagar
...	14 8	12 11	...	...	9 2	9 2	17 2	17 2	Nasik
...	Dhulia
...	12 —	11 2	...	...	8 12	8 5	26 6	26 6	Jalgaon
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Gujarat—
17 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	10 12	...	...	10 —	10 —	26 8	26 8	Surat
14 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	21 —	21 —	Broach
...	16 —	15 —	...	...	11 —	10 —	26 8	26 8	Kaira
16 —	16 —	...	...	16 —	14 8	...	...	9 —	8 8	25 —	25 —	Baroda
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	25 —	25 —	Ahmadabad
...	Godhra
...	Disa
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	120 —	120 —	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	12 9	11 —	...	...	12 9	8 13	17 4	17 4	Central Provinces—
...	15 3	12 6	...	...	10 2	9 —	16 —	16 —	Western—
...	12 14	11 15	...	...	7 10	7 10	12 11	10 14	Nimar
...	11 11	11 11	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	13 1	13 1	...	...	9 13	9 13	16 —	16 —	Betul
...	10 14	10 14	...	...	10 11	10 11	16 —	16 —	Chhindwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1909—concluded [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Central Provinces—continued												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	10 6	9 9	...	...	...	5 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor	10 4	9 2	...	...	7 2	6 —	9 2	8 —	20 3	14 12	...	...
Damoh	11 2	10 6	...	...	10 10	9 7	11 6	10 10	19 8	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	10 —	9 8	...	...	7 2	7 2	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni	11 —	10 10	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Balaghāt	8 14	8 14	...	...	5 6	5 6	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Bhandāra	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 4	10 —	16 4	16 —	...	...
Chānda	10 —	8 14	...	...	8 14	8 —	11 6	10 —	16 —	14 2	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilāspur	10 10	10 10	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Raipur	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Drug	10 10	11 2	...	...	11 11	11 11	12 6	12 6	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldāna	9 10	8 11	...	...	7 14	6 11	11 13	8 10	18 5	16 —	...	...
Akola	8 15	8 6	...	...	7 6	7 6	8 13	8 13	17 1	16 —	...	...
Amraoti	9 15	9 7	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 9	9 4	14 1	14 1	...	...
Yotmal	9 11	9 11	...	...	4 6	4 6	9 15	9 15	18 3	16 —	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad *	6 13	6 13	9 5	9 5	4 10	4 10	10 7	10 7	14 —	12 13	16 5	16 5
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 5	...	...	...	...
S. Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 9	11 6	10 15	10 15
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	6 10	12 15	11 6	11 5	9 15
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 10	14 13	15 13	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	7 11	16 10	15 10	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	14 2	14 2	16 6	16 6
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	7 7	16 14	17 11	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 4	...	...	15 13	18 10
Godāvari	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 1	10 1	16 13	15 5	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 4	10 4	13 1	13 —	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 10	8 4	14 2	13 9	13 —	12 —
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	14 9	14 9	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 —	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 11	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 12	9 14	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	15 1	15 1
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	10 15	10 15
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	13 2	12 12	13 —	12 5
Southern—												
Tinnevely	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	14 15	14 15	12 5	12 5
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	7 13	12 9	12 9	11 10	11 10
Mysore—												
Mysore	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 2	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	16 4	16 4	...	...
Bangalore	6 —	6 —	6 12	6 12	5 8	5 4	7 4	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kolar	...	...	7 —	7 —	4 —	4 —	to	to	12 —	11 —	12 —	12 —
Tumkur	6 —	5 8	6 —	6 —	5 8	5 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Hassan	7 —	7 —	6 10	6 8	6 8	6 4	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	6 4	6 8	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Shimoga	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	8 8	8 8	12 8	12 8	...	...
Chitaldrug	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	6 12	6 12	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —
Goorg—												
Coorg	6 4	6 4	5 12	6 4	7 8	7 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Aden	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 10	5 10	9 5	9 5	14 —	14 —	11 12	11 12

* Including Bolaram

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and cattnacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA*OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	14 10	13 3	...	...	10 6	10 6	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces— <i>continued</i>
...	...	...	...	16 —	13 4	...	...	8 9	8 —	18 5	18 5	Central—
...	...	...	...	15 2	12 13	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	14 3	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	15 6	14 7	...	...	8 —	8 —	13 8	14 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	...	6 14	6 14	16 8	16 8	Mandla
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 8	...	...	8 12	8 12	17 4	15 —	Seoni
...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	...	...	11 6	10 —	16 —	16 —	Balaghāt
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhandāra
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chānda
...	...	...	...	12 13	12 13	...	...	9 2	8 —	12 13	12 13	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 8	9 4	15 8	15 8	Bilāspur
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 5	14 5	Raipur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Drug
...	...	...	...	12 13	11 15	...	...	9 3	8 —	21 13	17 —	Berar—
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	...	...	8 8	8 8	17 1	19 —	Buldāna
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 —	...	...	11 9	11 9	18 —	18 —	Akola
...	...	...	...	12 13	12 13	...	...	12 13	12 13	17 3	17 3	Amrāoti
15 15	16 5	...	...	10 3	10 3	...	...	12 13	11 10	14 —	14 —	Yeotmal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territories—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 5	17 3	Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	Malabar Coast—
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 15	17 6	Malabar
13 2	12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 6	14 —	S. Canara
13 9	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 13	18 12	South, central—
15 13	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 11	16 6	Coimbatore
14 13	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 14	19 14	Nilgiris
16 4	15 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 7	21 7	Salem
15 11	17 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 13	16 13	Central—
14 10	17 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 11	25 —	Bellary
18 1	15 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Anantapur
13 14	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Cuddapah
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Karnul
13 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	East Coast, north—
12 14	12 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Ganjam
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Vizagapatam
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Godavari
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	East Coast, central—
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29 5	29 15	Kistna
14 13	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 5	Guntur
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 8	23 8	Nellore
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 3	21 5	East Coast, south—
12 11	12 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 10	Madras
11 4	10 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 12	21 10	Chingleput
10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 10	27 10	N. Arcot
12 —	12 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 10	23 10	S. Arcot
12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
12 —	11 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
14 —	14 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
13 8	14 —	...	...	9 4	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	13 —	15 8	Madura
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	8 10	8 10	32 —	32 —	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kolar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tumkur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hassan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shimoga
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chitaldrug
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceW. MAXWELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 3, 1909

No. 8722-87272-46.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.
TELEGRAPHS.

THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH
DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1908-09.

RESOLUTION.

Calcutta, the 2nd December 1909.

Read—

The Administration Report of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1908-09.

Ordered, that copies of the report be forwarded to the Home, Finance and Public Works Departments, the Government of Bombay and the Director-General of Telegraphs for information.

Ordered, also, that the report be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

B. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

FOR

1908-1909.

CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNT.

1. *Capital.*—The net outlay during the year was R15,842, raising the progressive expenditure at end of the year to R1,49,72,257.

The following are the details of expenditure under Construction of Lines :—

Name of work.	Cash.	Stores.	Total.
	R	R	R
<i>Persian Section.</i>			
1. Construction of line through Central Persia .	—7,156	...	—7,156
2. Reconstruction of line from Teheran to Ar-distan.	13,156	81	13,237
<i>Gulf Section.</i>			
3. Indian Extension of the Central Persia line .	1,204	...	1,204
4. Henjam to Bunder Abbas Telegraph line .	1,352	83	1,435
5. Erection of two wires, Karachi to Buhar, etc.	5	907	912
6. Dismantling line, Karachi to mile 65, etc. .	—803	—2,150	—2,953
Total .	7,758	—1,079	6,679

Works Nos. 2 and 3 were completed during the year. Completion reports of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 were prepared during the year and their up-to-date charges reported. Bill of cost for the Central Persia lines, items 1 and 2, has been prepared during the year for recovery from the Persian Government.

The minus figure against item 1 represents credit afforded to the work on account of cost of establishment charges and contingencies originally debited against the estimate. The credit against item No. 6 represents value of stores returned to stock and sale proceeds of old stores returned on dismantling the line.

As regards work No. 4, construction of line, Henjam to Bunder Abbas, no progress has been made towards recovery of the cost thereon from the Persian Government.

Under Buildings, in the Gulf Section, a sum of R1,670 was spent on the purchase of gardens at Panjgur. In the Persian Section an expenditure of R59,002 was incurred for providing houses for two gazetted officers at Teheran, and R556 for building stables at Dehaneh. In the balance under Capital Suspense, there was a net decrease of R52,065, made up of a decrease of R55,226 under Stores, and an increase of R3,161 under other suspense heads.

The following statement shows how the increase under Capital is made up:—

Items.	Increase.	Decrease.	Total.	REMARKS.
	R	R	R	
Works	67,907	...	67,907	
Suspense :—				
Stores . . . .	...	55,226	—55,226	
Other heads . .	3,161	...	3,161	
Total	71,068	55,226	15,842	

A summary of the year's transactions on Capital is given in Appendix A.

2. *Revenue*.—A summary of the earnings and expenditure* for the year will be found in Appendix B.

The earnings of the year were R15,55,337, or a decrease of R79,701 as compared with those for 1907-08.

The expenditure during the year was R11,29,181, against R11,35,350 of 1907-08, or a decrease of R6,169 on the preceding year.

The net result is a profit of R4,26,156 for the year, against R4,99,688, the profit for 1907-08.

3. The following tables show the difference under principal sub-heads between the earnings and expenditure of the year under review and the preceding year, details being found in Appendix B.

EARNINGS.

Head of Account.	1907-08.	1908-09.	Increase.	Decrease.
	R	R	R	R
Traffic Earnings	10,76,843	8,65,451	...	2,11,392
Common Purse	6,60,566	7,95,667	1,35,101	...
Australasian Message Fund . .	—1,25,583	—1,23,451	2,132	...
Profit and Loss	—1,484	—477	1,007	...
Total Message Revenue . . .	16,10,342	15,37,190	1,38,240	2,11,392
Miscellaneous Revenue . . .	24,696	18,147	...	6,549
Total	16,35,038	15,55,337	1,38,240	2,17,941
Net Increase . . . .	...	...	...	79,701

* Excluding the cost of the London Office Establishment (2,362/), which is included as part of the Establishment of the Secretary of State.

EXPENDITURE.

Head of Account	1907-08.	1908-09.	Increase.	Decrease.
Persian Gulf Section :—	R	R	R	R
General charges . . .	1,25,476	1,47,334	21,858	...
Line maintenance . . .	72,141	66,271	...	5,870
Signalling . . .	2,36,633	2,52,227	15,594	...
Cable maintenance . . .	3,12,647	2,24,799	...	87,848
Persian Section :—				
General charges . . .	1,25,494	1,62,882	37,388	...
Line maintenance . . .	75,972	97,259	21,287	...
Signalling . . .	1,69,340	1,78,409	9,069	...
Expenditure by other Departments	17,647	...	...	17,647
Total . . .	11,35,350	11,29,181	1,05,196	1,11,365
Net decrease . . .	...	...	...	6,169

The increase under General Charges, Gulf Section, is principally due to the payment to the Indian Telegraph Department on account of rental Robat to Nok-kondi Line and to the heavier furlough payments in England, and that in the Persian Section chiefly to the payment of rental Central Persia Telegraph Line to the Persian Government, also to heavier furlough payments in England. The increase under Line Maintenance, Persian Section, is chiefly due to increased expenditure on repairs to lines. The increase under Signalling, Gulf Section, represents chiefly increase of pay to general service clerks and signallers and grant of house-rent allowance at Karachi to members of the signalling establishment, and under Persian Section, also to increase of pay to general service clerks and excess outlay on office contingencies. The decrease under Cable Maintenance is due to less stores having been issued for repairing cables during the year, and also to the cable steamer not having undergone any repair this year. The decrease under Expenditure by other Departments is due to no payment on account of Jask Royalty having been made by Civil Department during the year.

NET REVENUE.

4. On a total capital expenditure of R1,49,72,257 a net profit of R4,26,156 was earned during the year, which gives a dividend of 2·846 per cent., *vide* Appendix D. The dividends earned during the past five years are as follows :—

Year.	Interest on Capital.
1904-1905	R 4·408
1905-1906	5·391
1906-1907	3·093
1907-1908	3·34
1908-1909	2·846

CIS-INDIAN JOINT PURSE.

5. Appendix C. deals with the transactions in connection with this Agreement, which was entered into in 1878.

The Department's share of the whole Purse shows a decrease of

£	s.	d.
5,485	0	0

Which is explained as follows :—

Decrease on Indian traffic	3,524	0	0
Decrease on Trans-Indian traffic	1,961	0	0
	5,485	0	0

The payments by the Government of India on account of the Indian Guarantee from 1st March 1902 to 31st March 1909 are shown in Appendix C (I).

6. *Interruptions affecting Joint Purse Traffic.*—There was only one interruption stopping traffic between Karachi and Teheran. This occurred in the Persian Section, and lasted for 1 hour and 50 minutes in January 1909. Between Teheran and London the Indo-European Company's lines were totally interrupted for an aggregate of 34 days, 6 hours, and 26 minutes. This was mainly due to the disturbances in Persia between Teheran and the Russian frontier.

7. On the Turkish route interruptions occurred between Fao and Constantinople lasting 158 days, 2 hours, 55 minutes. The working of this route continues to be unsatisfactory. The Fao-Bushire cable was interrupted for 1 day, 16 hours, 40 minutes during the year.

During the last five years the Turkish route west of Fao has been interrupted as follows :—

	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.	1907-1908.	1908-1909.	
	Days. H. M.	Days. H. M.	Days. H. M.	Days. H. M.	Days. H. M.	
	65 1 55	41 4 15	38 2 20	140 14 45	158 2 55	

The Department was liable to the Joint Purse for 102 days' interruptions between Constantinople and Bushire at Fcs. 50 per diem.

AUSTRALASIAN MESSAGE FUND.

8. The Departmental receipts for this year show a decrease of 299*l.* on the receipts in 1889, on which the original Australasian Message Fund was based. See Appendix C. (2).

TRAFFIC.

9. The following table gives the amounts paid into the Joint Purse by the Department as compared with its independent traffic revenue :—*

	FOR JOINT PURSE, ETC.		Independent. Revenue.	TOTAL.
	Indian.	* Trans-Indian.		
	Fcs. cts.	Fcs. cts.	Fcs. cts.	Fcs. cts.
Persian Gulf Section .	1,100,695·86375	93,054·555	57,678·07992	1,251,428·49867
Persian Section .	133,197·20833	19,666·1156	26,665·29154	179,528·61547
Total francs .	1,233,893·07208	112,720·6706	84,343·37146	1,430,957·11414

* The independent traffic revenue is that obtained from traffic not touching India, such as for telegrams between the stations of Jask and Bushire.

10. Appendix E. gives the number of messages and words carried under the different classes :—1, State ; 2, Commercial and Private ; 3, Press, during the past five years.

11. The average length of "private and commercial" messages was 9.72 words in 1908-1909 as compared with 10.10 words in the previous year. The average length, calculated from the averages of the past seven years, is 11.47 words.

12. *Check of Errors.*—The accuracy of transmission over the lines of the Department for the past two years is shown below, and is satisfactory. The percentage of errors against words examined was as follows :—

For 1907-1908	0.138 per cent.
" 1908-1909	0.197 "

13. *Complaints and Errors.*—The number received for investigation amounted to 256, being 11 more than the total for the year 1907-1908. Of this number 153 were from Europe and 103 from India ; 20 related to messages *via* Turkey.

Of the above, 84 were not admitted by the Administrations concerned, or are still being investigated by them, and of the remaining 172 this Department is responsible for 18.

A system of direct telegraph working between London and Karachi, *via* the Central Persia line, was established on the 20th January 1909, by which much time and labour are saved in transmission of messages.

OFFICES.

14. The number of offices open to the public on 31st March 1909, excluding those on the Teheran-Meshed (Persian Government) line, was, in the Persian Gulf Section 13, and in the Persian Section 15.

PERSIAN GULF SECTION.

CABLES.

15. The total length of the various cables on 31st March 1909 was 1945.487 knots, as against 1949.731 knots in the former year, the decrease being due to repairs and renewals.

Eight faults occurred during the year, and one remained over from the previous year. Eight were due to corrosion of guards and one to the guards being worn through on rocks.

The Fao-Bushire cable was interrupted for 1 day 16 hours and 40 minutes.

The expenditure of cable for repairs and renewals amounted to 69.390 knots, the lengths recovered at sea being 61.947 knots, which were only fit for stripping for core.

Manora Cable Factory.

16. The expenditure of cable during the year and cable in stock at the end of the year was as follows :—

	Knots.
Cable in stock on 1st April 1908	48.214
Manufactured at Manora	65.906
Recovered at sea and brought on charge	12.696
	<hr/> 126.816
Deduct cable expended, 1908-1909	69.922
	<hr/> 56.894
Balance, 31st March 1909	

The amount of cable stripped for core was 60.330 knots.

17. The cable laid in October 1905, between Henjam and Bunder Abbas, has not yet been opened for traffic. A land line was erected from the cable house at Bunder Abbas to the Persian Office on the 28th December 1908.

Cable Steamer "Patrick Stewart."

18. The cable steamer "Patrick Stewart" steamed 7,826 knots, and the engineering staff, either wholly or in part, was absent from headquarters on cabling work for 86 days during the year. The actual earnings of the ship were R107-8-0.

MEKRAN COAST LAND LINE.

19. The total lengths on the 31st March 1909 were 637.80 miles of line and 1,275.60 miles of wire, showing an increase of .36 and .72 miles in line and wire mileage respectively, due to a small diversion in the Gwadar Sub-division.

KARACHI-BELA-PANJGUR NOK KONDI LINE.

20. The total lengths on the 31st March 1909 were 484.23 miles of line and 912.78 miles of wire, showing an increase of .78 miles of wire mileage due to a wire being led up to the Bela Office.

21. The total interruptions (*i.e.*, simultaneous interruptions to both wires) on the Mekran land line wires during the year amounted to 23 hours 30 minutes. On the Baluchistan line the left, or through wire, was interrupted for 33 hours 10 minutes.

Partial interruptions (*i.e.*, those not affecting communication) amounted to 343 hours 31 minutes.

The causes of the faults are summarised as follows :—

	Mekran Coast.		Karachi-Nok-Kondi.	
	Number.	Duration Hours.	Number.	Duration Hours.
Definitely traced to preventable causes :—				
Corroded wires	3	19.30	...	...
Faulty construction . . . . .	...	...	1	33.10
Unpreventable causes :—				
Cyclones and floods	2	50.55	2	85.5
Malice . . . . .	...	...	4	196.0
Birds and animals	1	15.31	...	...

General Remarks.

22. Nothing of particular interest occurred during the year; the districts along the line remained quiet and the people friendly.

PERSIAN SECTION.

23. The faults from all causes, including contacts between the wires, during the past three years, have been :—

Year.	TEHERAN-BUSHIRE.			CENTRAL PERSIA.		
	1 Wire.	2 Wires.	3 Wires.	1 Wire.	2 Wires.	3 Wires.
	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.	Hours.
1906-1907	159	18	10	45	...	...
1907-1908	268	88	36	65	...	37
1908-1909	211	241	50	511	284	150

The causes of the faults may be summarised as follows :—

	Teheran-Bushire Section.		Central Persia Section.	
	Number.	Duration Hours.	Number.	Duration Hours.
Definitely traced to preventable causes :—				
Faulty construction	1	7	...	...
Other preventable causes	2	21	...	...
Unpreventable causes :—				
Cyclones and exceptional storms	3	67	2	404
Animals, birds and dead snakes	5	91	...	...
Malice	34	309	6	449
Other unpreventable causes	1	4	...	...
Unknown causes	1	3	1	7
Faults in offices . . . . .	...	...	3	75

24. *Wilful Damage.*—1,212 acts of wilful damage were reported during the year, on the two sections, being 117 more than last year. They were distributed along the line as follows :—

Sub-section.	Locality.	No. of Miles.	No. of Acts, 1907-1908.	No. of Acts, 1908-1909.
1st . . .	Teheran to Ardistan . . .	220	276	314
2nd . . .	Ardistan to Abadeh . . .	197	94	82
3rd . . .	Abadeh to Shiraz . . .	157	271	373
4th . . .	Shiraz to Bushire . . .	156	349	209
5th . . .	Ardistan to Anar . . .	256	48	64
6th . . .	Anar to Bam . . .	244	55	79
7th . . .	Bam to Indian Frontier . . .	221	2	91

The amount claimed from the Persian Government for damages on the Teheran-Bushire section was Krans 23,967 50.* Of this sum Krans 300 were collected locally; the balance, Krans 23,667 50, has been received from His Britannic Majesty's Legation by deduction from the Jask Royalty.

General Remarks.

24. The general condition of the country outside the capital during the year has been most unsafe, murders, brigandage, and robberies being of frequent occurrence. The telegraph offices at Kashan and Yezd were invaded by soldiers and villagers who sought sanctuary there, and remained until their demands were complied with by the Persian Government. In Teheran, in June, a state of siege prevailed for two days, but, fortunately, the Departmental staff escaped unharmed, and the traffic was disposed of as if under normal circumstances. Several claims for assaults on line establishment and robbery of personal effects have been made against the Persian Government through His Britannic Majesty's Legation, and claims for damage to and loss of Departmental property have also been submitted.

TEHERAN-MESHED LINE.

25. This line is the property of the Persian Government, but maintained by the Indo-European Telegraph Department. It is 568 miles in length. It worked satisfactorily during the year and was interrupted only for 136 hours.

*3½ Krans=1 Rupee approximately.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT,
STORES.

26. The principal items of expenditure under this head have been as follows:—

	R
Stores purchased in India.	5,143
London stores, including freight, landing charges, and exchange	94,008
Stores from other Departments	4,454

The following were the principal issues of stores, including adjustments, to the end of March 1909:—

	R
For repairs to cable	74,639
For cable steamer	21,857

The issues to repairs and renewals of land line and offices in the Persian Gulf section amounted to R34,543, and in the Persian section to R25,312.

India Office: }
11th October 1909. }

H. A. KIRK,
Director-in-Chief.

APPENDIX B (I).

Statement showing Details of Working Expenses for past Five Years.

Year.	Account Heads.	Establishments.	Apparatus and Plant.	Office Expenses.	Store-keeping Charges.	Repairs to Lines and Buildings.	Repairs to Cables.	Cable Steamer.	Subsidies.	Miscellaneous.	Total as per Finance Accounts.	Expenditure by other Departments.	Total as per Administrative Accounts, Appendix B.
1904-1905	General Charges	R 1,05,374	...	7,274	2,145	1,876	...	...	28,792	10,004	2,45,465	...	2,54,465
	Line Maintenance	90,293	...	4,876	...	89,541	...	...	...	...	1,03,710	7,693	2,01,403
	Cable Maintenance	14,385	...	73	...	5,194	1,39,134	1,36,344	...	...	2,05,100	...	2,05,100
	Signalling	2,74,888	...	42,842	...	10,645	...	...	...	7,936	3,35,711	...	3,35,711
	TOTAL	5,83,910	...	55,005	2,145	1,06,656	1,39,134	1,36,344	28,792	17,940	10,69,986	7,693	10,77,679
1905-1906	General Charges	R 1,90,838	...	8,457	—220	2,594	...	...	28,774	9,080	2,39,514	...	2,39,514
	Line Maintenance	1,05,260	...	3,194	...	54,435	...	...	...	...	1,67,789	7,143	1,69,932
	Cable Maintenance	7,277	...	189	...	4,007	48,014	86,849	...	...	1,47,236	...	1,47,236
	Signalling	2,79,036	...	34,553	...	12,952	...	...	...	8,551	3,35,182	...	3,35,182
	TOTAL	5,82,401	...	46,493	—220	73,888	48,014	86,849	28,774	17,631	8,84,721	7,143	8,91,864
1906-1907	General Charges	R 1,84,236	...	8,835	1,558	3,207	...	...	28,661	14,466	2,40,963	...	2,40,963
	Line Maintenance	1,18,290	...	4,551	...	40,196	...	...	...	...	1,63,066	414	1,63,480
	Cable Maintenance	10,010	...	100	...	3,110	2,00,998	1,12,558	...	...	3,26,816	...	3,26,816
	Signalling	2,90,838	...	36,000	...	12,565	...	...	...	10,914	3,50,317	...	3,50,317
	TOTAL	6,03,423	...	49,486	1,558	59,078	2,00,998	1,12,558	28,661	25,380	10,81,142	414	10,81,556
1907-1908	General Charges	R 1,88,026	...	10,872	2,860	3,318	...	...	28,911	16,083	2,50,970	...	2,50,970
	Line Maintenance	1,18,630	...	4,558	...	24,925	...	...	...	...	1,48,113	17,647	1,65,760
	Cable Maintenance	11,604	...	202	...	2,238	1,56,104	1,42,499	...	...	3,12,647	...	3,12,647
	Signalling	3,12,646	...	61,136	...	20,009	...	...	...	12,182	4,05,973	...	4,05,973
	TOTAL	6,30,906	...	76,768	2,860	50,490	1,56,104	1,42,499	28,911	29,165	11,17,703	17,647	11,35,350
1908-1909	General Charges	R 2,04,440	...	17,216	3,675	4,841	...	...	25,635	54,399	3,10,215	...	3,10,215
	Line Maintenance	1,12,836	...	9,074	...	41,621	...	...	...	...	1,63,531	...	1,63,531
	Cable Maintenance	14,802	...	211	...	4,326	97,643	1,07,817	...	...	2,24,799	...	2,24,799
	Signalling	3,28,490	...	65,593	...	22,296	...	...	...	13,257	4,30,336	...	4,30,336
	TOTAL	6,60,577	...	93,094	3,675	73,084	97,643	1,07,817	25,635	67,656	11,29,181	...	11,29,181

NOTE.—The total cost of up-keep of the cable steamer "Patrick Stewart," including the pay of her officers and crew, is shown under "Cable Steamer."
The pay of the Subordinate Cable Conservancy Establishment, including temporary Establishment and cost of provisions, is shown under "Repairs to Cables."

APPENDIX C.

JOINT PURSE.

Table A.—Division of Receipts for past Five Years.

Year.	INDIAN MESSAGES.					TRANS-INDIAN MESSAGES.					TOTALS.				
	Number of Words.	Total Net Value.	PROPORTION FOR			Number of Words.	Total Net Value.	PROPORTION FOR			Number of Words.	Total Net Value.	PROPORTION FOR		
			Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Eastern and South African Company.			Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Eastern and South African Company.			Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Eastern and South African Company.
1904-1905.	4,335,031	418,602 2 2	245,419 15 1	89,300 12 4	71,889 1 4	6,188,547	652,222 4 8	512,255 6 10	76,375 4 5	47,586 2 4	10,533,579	1,070,884 6 10	757,075 1 11	165,675 16 9	27,538 4 6
1905-1906.	4,518,345	374,506 0 7	220,705 19 2	79,300 2 11	64,602 9 8	6,453,428	650,246 5 0	508,458 4 0	77,202 1 10	48,284 17 2	10,971,984	1,024,752 5 7	729,164 3 2	156,502 4 9	26,198 10 10
1906-1907.	4,885,004	376,136 3 4	220,491 0 4	80,229 16 9	65,416 6 2	5,866,160	586,031 1 5	460,296 0 7	68,613 16 11	42,475 15 4	10,754,171	962,172 4 9	680,797 0 11	148,843 13 8	24,586 8 8
1907-1908.	5,284,127	401,458 15 5	235,511 7 2	85,543 10 11	69,803 15 5	5,704,358	587,456 7 8	461,109 10 8	68,922 10 3	42,732 7 0	11,185,486	988,915 3 1	696,620 17 10	154,466 1 2	25,292 1 8
1908-1909.	5,186,915	386,081 15 8	225,151 2 7	81,441 6 1	66,280 7 5	5,445,018	542,287 9 8	423,052 6 0	64,860 0 8	40,770 14 3	10,631,933	928,369 5 4	651,203 8 7	146,291 6 9	23,813 8 4

* The sums shown in these columns represent the gross receipts of the Indo-European Joint Purses. These receipts are, however, subject to reductions in respect of payments as follows:—(1) to the Eastern Extension Company (a) on account of Australian Traffic, (b) on account of Straits Settlements and Java Traffic, for period 1st April 1903 to 30th June 1904, (c) on account of China, Japan, and Philippines Traffic from 15th July 1903 to 30th June 1904, (d) French Indo-China and Siam Traffic from 15th January 1904 to 30th June 1904; (e) to Indo-European Telegraph Company (a) on account of Indo-European Telegraph Company's guarantee to Germany on Indian Traffic, from 1st March 1902 to 31st December 1904, (b) on account of Indo-European Telegraph Company's guarantee to Germany on Australasian Traffic from 1st January 1901 to 31st December 1904.

Table B.—Division of Traffic as actually carried for past Five Years.

Year.	INDIAN MESSAGES.					TRANS-INDIAN MESSAGES.					TOTALS.				
	Total Net Value.	PROPORTION CREDITED BY			Total Net Value.	Total Net Value.	PROPORTION CREDITED BY			Total Net Value.	Total Net Value.	PROPORTION CREDITED BY			Total Net Value.
		Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Eastern and South African Company.			Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Eastern and South African Company.			Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Eastern and South African Company.	
1904-1905.	418,602 2 2	198,673 17 5	135,774 11 2	71,764 5 7	12,449 8 0	652,222 4 8	650,341 4 6	2,703 5 5	5,306 3 4	13,811 11 5	1,070,884 6 10	829,015 1 11	138,537 16 7	77,070 8 11	26,260 19 5
1905-1906.	374,506 0 7	188,349 0 0	112,918 5 11	59,524 1 1	13,714 13 7	650,246 5 0	653,774 10 0	765 12 11	5,678 10 5	10,027 11 8	1,024,752 5 7	822,123 10 0	113,683 18 10	65,202 11 6	23,742 5 3
1906-1907.	376,136 3 4	189,864 14 8	110,857 19 2	60,935 10 5	14,477 19 1	586,036 1 5	557,515 6 11	10,790 9 11	9,471 9 2	8,157 15 5	962,172 4 9	747,480 1 7	121,648 9 1	70,407 19 7	22,633 14 6
1907-1908.	401,458 15 5	206,199 4 5	115,405 13 8	63,317 12 7	16,536 4 0	587,456 7 8	572,751 11 4	2,193 3 6	5,072 18 9	7,438 14 1	988,915 3 1	778,950 15 9	117,598 17 2	68,390 11 4	23,974 18 10
1908-1909.	386,081 15 8	235,249 8 0	88,671 4 10	49,355 14 6	9,805 8 4	542,287 9 8	532,442 5 8	—355 0 2	4,508 16 6	5,691 7 8	928,369 5 4	770,691 13 8	88,316 4 8	53,864 11 0	15,496 16 0

Exclusive of the liability of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for interruptions in Turkey under Article X. of Joint Purses Agreement, amounting to 1681, 97, 84, = Rs. 1,527-4-0.

NOTE.—Paid into Joint Purses £ 1,527 4 0
Received from Joint Purses 53,864 11 0
Excess drawn out 52,336 10 8 = Rs. 1,971-7-8

APPENDIX C (I).

Government of India Guarantee Account.

Period.	One-third of Loss on estimated Standard Revenue of 352,000l.	DIVISION.				Actual receipts exceeded 352,000l.
		Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European Department.	Eastern and South African Company.	
1st March 1902 to 31st March 1904	£ s. d. 17,994 16 1	£ s. d. 10,548 11 1	£ s. d. 3,838 5 10	£ s. d. 3,132 17 11	£ s. d. 475 1 3	
1904-1905.	Nil	—	—	—	—	
1905-1906.	4,450 8 6	2,608 16 9	949 5 6	774 16 5	117 9 10	
1906-1907.	3,573 4 1	2,094 12 3	762 3 3	622 1 11	94 6 8	
1907-1908.	Nil	—	—	—	—	Ditto ditto.
1908-1909.	Nil	—	—	—	—	Ditto ditto

NOTE.—These figures are not included in the amounts shown in Appendix C.

APPENDIX C (II).

Statement showing the working of the Australasian Message fund for past Five Years.

Statement showing the working of the Australian Railway												
Year.	PAID IN.					DRAWN OUT.						Loss or gain to Department as compared with Traffic of 1889, which was 6,435 <i>l</i> .
	CIS-INDIAN JOINT PURSE.				Total.	CIS-INDIAN JOINT PURSE.				Total.		
	Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European Department.	Eastern and South African Company.		Eastern Company.	Indo-European Company.	Indo-European Department.	Eastern and South African Company.			
1904-1905	£ 148,114	£ 22,083	£ 13,672	£ 4,714	£ 189,574	£ 57,800	£ 8,618	£ 5,335	£ 1,840	£ 189,574	£ 115,981	
1905-1906	151,412	23,041	14,428	4,859	208,366	63,212	9,620	6,025	2,029	208,366	127,474	
1906-1907	155,459	23,178	14,350	4,949	213,738	65,167	9,716	6,016	2,074	213,738	130,765	
1907-1908	154,770	23,148	14,356	4,933	211,731	64,506	9,648	5,984	2,056	211,731	129,537	
1908-1909	147,141	22,540	14,166	4,734	203,572	61,662	9,445	5,936	1,984	203,572	124,545	

APPENDIX D.

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL AND REVENUE ACCOUNT for the last FIVE YEARS.

Year.	CAPITAL ACCOUNT.		REVENUE ACCOUNT.										Net Profit or Loss.	Dividend on Capital.	REMARKS.
	Capital Expenditure during year.	Total Capital Expenditure to end of year.	RECEIPTS.					EXPENDITURE.							
			Net Traffic Earnings.	Common Purse and Australasian Message Fund.	Profit and Loss.	Miscellaneous Revenue.	Total Earnings.	Persian Gulf Section.	Persian Section.	Expenditure by other Department.	Total Expenditure.				
1904-1905 .	R 2,71,783	R 1,39,71,578	R 11,75,903	R 4,94,764	R 30	R 22,508	R 16,93,603	R 6,78,651	R 3,91,335	R 7,693	R 10,77,679	R 6,15,924	Per Cent. R 4'408		
1905-1906 .	3,90,784	1,43,62,362	10,03,004	6,47,438	-1,194	16,984	16,66,232	5,28,510	3,46,211	7,143	8,91,864	7,74,368	5'391		
1906-1907 .	4,60,693	1,48,23,055	10,74,788	4,48,308	-555	17,574	15,40,115	7,33,853	3,47,289	414	10,81,556	4,58,559	3'093		
1907-1908 .	1,33,360	1,49,56,415	10,76,843	5,34,983	-1,484	24,696	16,35,038	7,46,897	3,70,806	17,647	11,35,350	4,99,688	3'34		
1908-1909 .	15,842	1,49,72,257	8,65,451	6,72,216	-477	18,147	15,55,337	6,90,631	4,38,550	...	11,29,181	4,26,156	2'846		

APPENDIX E.

Statement showing the number of messages and words forwarded during the year 1908-09, compared with four previous years.

Year.	STATE.		COMMERCIAL AND PRIVATE.						PRESS.		TOTAL.				Add or deduct Messages in transit.	Total.
	Gulf.		Gulf.			Persia.			Gulf.		Gulf.		Persia.			
	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.	Messages.	Words.		
1904-05	2,991	128,358	210,886	2,423,900	1,823	16,118½	471	14,252	214,348	2,566,510	1,823	16,118½	216,171	2,582,628½	5,827½	2,588,456½
1905-06	3,682	152,409	204,690	2,299,808½	1,968	21,419	663	47,494	209,035	2,499,711½	1,968	21,419	211,003	2,521,130½	303	2,521,433½
1906-07	3,843	146,238	252,359	2,640,290½	2,234	19,774	919	51,736	257,121	2,838,264½	2,234	19,774	259,355	2,858,038½	2,291½	2,860,330
1907-08	3,258	138,890	264,254	2,670,050	3,035	30,829	602	39,224	268,114	2,848,164	3,035	30,829	271,149	2,878,993	3,176½	2,882,169½
1908-09	3,231	140,344	225,864	2,195,011½	2,916	35,310	597	65,409	229,692	2,400,764½	2,916	35,310	229,908	2,436,074½	2,683	2,438,757½

NOTE.—Under the columns headed "Gulf" are shown messages and words accounted for in Gulf Traffic Accounts.
Under the columns headed "Persia" are shown (1) messages and words originating or terminating in Persia to or from Indo-European Company's line, which consequently do not appear in the Gulf Traffic Accounts, and (2) messages terminating in Persia received from Persian Crown lines.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.
SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 2nd December, 1909.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 27th November 1909, is published for general information:—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	7	7
		Ahmedabad Town	5	1
		Ahmedabad District	22	11
		Kaira District	20	16
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	22	13
		Palanpur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	15	2
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan „ . . . . .	...	...
		Thana „ . . . . .	...	...
		Agashi „ . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra „	1	1
		Thana District	1	2
	Central.	East Khandesh District	19	17
		Nasik District	5	...
		Poona City	3 (a)	3 (a)
		Poona District	54	25
		Satara „	321	230
		Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	...
	Southern.	Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	8	5
		Vengurla Port . . . . .	...	...
		Ratnagiri District . . . . .	...	...
		Belgaum „	123	75
		Hubli Town	3	3
		Dharwar District	57	42
		Kanara District . . . . .	...	...
		Bijapur District	90	63
	Sind.	Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...
		Karachi Town and Port	23	23
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
		Mandvi Port	1	1
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Veraval Port . . . . .	...	...
		Porbandar „	17	9
		Jamnagar Town and Port	24	23
		Kathiawar Agency	26	28
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	142	88
	Political Charges.	Satara Agency	11	5
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	143	81
		TOTAL	1,133	774

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Salem District . . . . .	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	28	10
		Coimbatore District	57(a)	37(b)
		Ootacamund Town	3	3
		Nilgiris District	4	3
		Mangalore Port	1	1
		Malabar District	8(c)	5(c)
		North Arcot District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...
		Anantapur District . . . . .	...	...
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District . . . . .	...	...
		Tinnevely District . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	101	59
BENGAL.	{	Calcutta	5	5
		24 Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	{	Saran District	182	135
		Shahabad District	33	24
		Darbhanga District	7	6
		Patna City . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	12	12
	{	Monghyr Town	6	6
		Monghyr District	3	2
	TOTAL		248	190

(a) Four imported.

(b) Two imported.

(c) One imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	12	12
		Aligarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Bulandshahr District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Muttra District	54	41
		Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	5	5
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
		Farrukhabad District	45	29
		Mainpuri District	21	27
		Agra City . . . . .	...	...
		Agra District	7	7
		Etah "	27	26
	Rohilkhand.	Bareilly District	12	11
		Budaun District . . . . .	...	...
		Moradabad District	6	3
	Allahabad	Allahabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpur City	12	8
		Cawnpur District	22	21
	Benares	Ballia District	396	390
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	2	2
		Ghasipur "	32	27
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	196	170
		Gorakhpur City	42	42
		Gorakhpur District	133	127
	Lucknow	Unao District	64	59
		Rae Bareilly District	19	15
		Gonda " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi "	1	1

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Fyzabad	Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District	6(a)	3(a)
		Partabgarh District	26	15
		TOTAL	1,140	1,041
	Delhi	Gurgaon District	61	59
		Hissar "	138	94
		Delhi "	20	14
		Rohtak "	22	22
		Karnal "	26	21
		Ambala " . . . . .	...	...
		Ludhiana "	70	68
	Jullundur	Jullundur District	2	1
		Hoshiarpur District	53(b)	53(b)
		Ferozepur "	67	54
		Montgomery District	4	4
	Lahore	Lahore City	4	3
		Lahore District	27	18
		Amritsar District	23	23
		Gurdaspur "	27	27
		Gujranwala District	8	4
PUNJAB.		Sialkot "	1	1
	Rawalpindi.	Shahpur District . . . . .	...	...
		Gujrat District . . . . .	...	...
	Multan	Lyallpur District	7	4
		Patiala State	230	179
	...	Kapurthala State	95	44
		Maler Kotla State	17	1
		Jind State	8	8
		TOTAL	910	714
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	1	1
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy "	1	1
		Prome " . . . . .	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein District . . . . .	...	...
		Henzada " . . . . .	...	...
		Myaungmya " . . . . .	...	...
	Tenasserim.	Thaon District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Amherst (Moulmein) District . . . . .	...	...
	Meiktila	Thayetmye District . . . . .	...	...

(a) Figures for the previous week.

(b) Figures for the two weeks ending 27th November 1909.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA.	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
		Mandalay District	5	4
		Katha "	2	2
	Sagaing	Lower Chindwin District	7	3
		Sagaing "	6	6
	Meiktila	Myingyan District . . . . .	...	...
		Meiktila " . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin "	6	6
	TOTAL		28	23
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BEHAR).	Nagpur	Nagpur City	70	61
		Kamptee Town	3	2
		Nagpur District	106	104
		Wardha Town	11	6
		Wardha District	13(a)	12(a)
		Chanda Town . . . . .	...	...
		Chanda District . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bhandara District	48	29
		Balaghat Town . . . . .	...	...
		Balaghat District . . . . .	...	...
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	27	18
		Jubbulpore District	2(b)	2(b)
		Mandla Town . . . . .	...	...
		Saugor District . . . . .	...	...
	Nerbudda	Nimar District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshangabad District . . . . .	...	1(b)
		Narsingpur Town	18	13
		Narsingpur District	1	1
		Betul " . . . . .	...	...
		Chhindwara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Chhindwara District . . . . .	...	...
	Chhattishgarh.	Bilaspur District . . . . .	...	...
		Raipur District . . . . .	...	...

(a) Two imported.

(b) Imported.

B

Presidency or Provinces.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Berar	Akola Town . . . . .	...	...
		Akola District	32	28
		Buldana Town	14	13
		Buldana District	84	48
		Yeotmal " . . . . .	...	...
		Amraoti Town . . . . .	...	...
		Amraoti District	47	40
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	476	378
	Coorg	Coorg	2	1
		TOTAL	2	1
MYSORE STATE.		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	24	20
		Bangalore City	9	3
		Bangalore District	13	7
		Mysore City	52	36
		Mysore District	55	36
		Hassan "	1	...
		Kadur "	2	1
		Kolar " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields . . . . .	...	...
		Tumkur District	3	...
		Shimoga "	10	6
		Chitaldroog "	10	...
		TOTAL	179	109
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Raichur District	4(a)	7(a)
		TOTAL	4	7

(a) Figures for the period from 15th to 21st November 1909.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
(b) CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State . . . . .	...	...
		Indore Residency . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch) . . . . .	...	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Malwa Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora Town . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL			...	...
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER MERWARA	...	Mewar State	4(a)	5(a)
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar State (Jodhpur)	57	54
		Jaipur City	8	7
		Jaipur State	147	127
		Kishangarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bikaner State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhalawar . . . . .	...	...
		"Kotah " . . . . .	...	...

(a) Figures for the week ending 19th November 1909.
(b) Central India figures not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJ- PUTANA AND AJMER MERWARA	...	Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura „ . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar City . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State	1(a)	1(a)
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli State . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara State . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer City	143(a)	141 (a)
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Deoli . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District	103(a)	97(a)
	TOTAL	463	432	
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Nowshera Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Jammu District	10	6
		Mirpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua „ . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	10	6
BALU- CHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Las Bela State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			4,694	3,734

(a) Figures for the week ending 19th November 1909.

H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.		RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.										RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.			
		AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile for week		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.		Decrease.	
		During 2nd half of 1908.	During official year of 1908-09.	1908.	1909.	21st November 1908.	30th November 1909.	1908.	1909.	21st November 1908.	30th November 1909.	1908.	1909.	1908.	1909.
State and Guaranteed Railways.															
Bengal-Nagpur (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)		222	242	2,271	2,350	5,12,550	4,54,000	226	197	93,08,306	89,97,000	...	...	3,11,306	...
Bezwada extension		281	307	21	21	6,188	6,400	295	305	1,16,573	1,05,000	...	...	11,573	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. Varamgam-Wadhwan Section, 3' 3 1/2" gauge)		679	791	504	504	4,31,332	3,92,000	856	778	64,14,368	67,45,000	3,39,632	...	...	...
Nagda-Muttra		36	33	139	339	5,314	12,100	38	36	89,207	1,98,000	1,08,793	...	...	...
Southern Bengal (including 3' 3 1/2" and 2' 6" gauge lines)		460	405	1,274	1,497	6,26,163	6,23,000	491	416	1,17,06,640	1,17,17,000	10,360	...	...	...
East Indian		652	674	2,338	2,338	16,08,218	15,35,000	688	657	3,14,83,758	2,87,85,000	...	...	26,98,758	...
Great Indian Peninsula		498	570	1,606	1,606	10,14,189	14,73,000	632	917	1,40,19,012	1,60,37,000	20,07,988	...	...	...
Agra-Delhi Chord		214	219	126	126	23,320	45,900	187	364	5,37,923	5,95,000	57,077	...	...	...
Baran Kotah		10	11	15	40	109	2,400	8	60	2,715	36,500	33,785	...	...	...
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itarsi)		192	214	916	916	1,99,731	2,06,000	218	225	32,55,919	33,12,000	59,081	...	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3 1/2" gauge lines)		232	219	2,542	2,578	5,27,910	5,25,000	208	204	98,25,735	1,06,60,000	8,34,265	...	...	...
North Western (incldg. 2' 6" gauge line)		279	299	3,614	3,718	10,75,327	12,20,000	298	328	2,05,15,657	2,47,61,000	42,45,343	...	...	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3 1/2" link)		208	233	1,298	1,298	2,95,657	3,12,000	228	240	52,57,522	53,55,000	97,478	...	...	...
Hardwar-Dehra		205	226	32	32	17,628	7,400	551	231	1,38,890	1,24,000	...	...	14,890	...
Assam-Bengal		119	118	771	771	96,455	1,02,000	125	132	18,45,959	19,38,000	92,041	...	...	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam		105	122	49	52	5,947	5,900	121	113	1,06,973	1,19,000	12,027	...	...	...
Burma		204	241	1,475	1,527	2,48,853	2,80,000	169	183	58,04,642	59,63,000	1,58,338	...	...	...
Godhra-Ratlam		107	111	124	124	12,563	14,200	101	115	2,49,289	2,72,000	22,711	...	...	...
Godhra-Ratlam		133	159	200	200	31,356	23,800	157	119	4,80,261	4,71,000	...	...	9,261	...
Lucknow-Bareilly		146	146	401	401	64,479	40,400	101	116	11,80,942	9,57,000	2,272	...	...	...
Mysore		40	52	17	17	932	800	55	47	1,24,428	14,700	...	...	...	...
Palampur-Deesa		223	245	1,914	1,915	5,47,226	4,60,000	286	240	80,82,062	77,94,000	2,88,062	...	...	...
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Ratlam)		286	292	1,387	1,396	4,03,201	3,98,000	291	285	74,63,220	79,84,000	5,20,780	...	...	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)		122	130	103	103	11,550	12,700	112	123	2,44,224	2,53,000	8,776	...	...	...
Tanjore District Board		118	117	108	108	12,064	13,600	117	126	2,49,648	2,30,000	352	...	...	...
Travancore Branch		180	200	774	775	1,76,469	1,27,000	228	164	27,56,832	21,64,000	5,92,832	...	...	...
Tirhoot State		63	60	32	32	1,915	1,600	60	50	40,183	36,800	...	...	3,383	...
Jorhat		302	322	24,049	24,784	79,57,872	83,10,200	331	335	14,11,88,888	14,56,24,000	44,35,112	...	...	...
TOTAL		302	322	24,049	24,784	79,57,872	83,10,200	331	335	14,11,88,888	14,56,24,000	44,35,112	...	...	...
All other Railways.															
Amritsar-Patti		137	128	28	28	2,338	4,000	83	143	76,278	86,200	...	...	...	...
Bhopal-Ujjain		177	134	114	114	15,016	11,900	132	104	2,71,947	2,38,000	33,947	...	...	...
Bina-Gaona-Baran		30	251	148	148	4,157	7,100	28	48	86,590	1,08,000	21,410	...	...	...
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka		242	251	162	162	52,806	55,900	326	345	7,97,201	8,34,000	36,799	...	...	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)		98	103	16	16	1,956	2,000	122	125	30,397	24,800	...	...	...	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)		417	470	10	10	7,867	2,600	787	260	98,770	54,100	44,670	...	...	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)		33,070	388,000	4,21,670	4,21,670	...	...	50,226	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

All other Railways.																
Amritsar-Patti	137	128	28	28	2,338	4,000	83	143	76,278	86,200	9,922	...	1,19,675	1,45,000	35,365	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	137	134	114	114	15,016	11,900	132	104	2,71,947	2,38,000	...	33,947	4,84,733	5,02,000	17,267	...
Bina-Gaona-Baran	30	43	148	148	4,157	7,100	28	48	86,590	1,08,000	21,410	...	2,41,169	1,99,000	...	42,169
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	242	251	162	162	52,806	55,900	326	345	7,97,201	8,34,000	36,799	...	13,66,531	14,03,000	36,469	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	98	103	16	16	1,956	2,000	122	125	30,397	24,800	...	5,597	54,777	49,600	...	5,177
Kolar Gold-fields	417	379	10	10	7,867	2,600	787	260	98,770	54,100	...	44,670	1,45,750	88,800	...	56,950
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	150	152	79	79	9,709	12,000	123	152	2,34,226	1,84,000	...	50,226	4,21,670	3,88,000	...	33,670
Nagda-Ujjain	104	126	34	34	3,472	2,200	102	65	64,103	43,300	...	20,893	1,21,815	1,29,000	...	7,185
Nizam's Guaranteed State	241	263	334	334	88,051	83,500	265	250	14,72,618	15,58,000	85,382	...	27,81,209	28,16,000	34,791	...
Pellad-Cambay	111	132	34	34	3,666	2,600	108	76	73,824	66,500	...	7,324	1,49,746	1,39,000	...	10,746
Rajpura-Bhatinda	197	218	107	107	19,598	22,000	183	206	4,10,888	4,17,000	6,112	...	7,90,410	8,15,000	24,590	...
Southern Punjab	148	155	425	425	66,522	54,000	157	127	12,10,321	10,31,000	...	1,79,321	21,30,015	18,73,000	...	2,57,015
"Ludhiana" Extension	92	97	155	155	13,576	13,000	88	84	2,88,357	2,47,000	...	7,357	5,03,382	4,88,000	...	15,382
Tapti Valley	107	132	155	155	23,813	17,000	154	110	2,60,479	2,22,000	...	13,479	5,30,528	5,01,000	...	29,528
Tarkessur	262	305	22	22	5,600	5,900	255	268	1,22,367	1,22,000	...	367	2,23,696	2,23,000	...	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	59	71	34	34	1,971	1,700	58	50	39,603	34,900	...	4,703	82,643	71,100	...	11,543
Ahmedabad-Parantij	86	104	55	55	5,138	3,400	93	62	89,152	90,800	1,648	...	1,85,874	1,87,000	...	...
Bengal and North-Western	137	157	1,017	1,092	1,66,924	1,32,000	104	121	25,85,864	23,79,000	...	2,06,864	48,20,448	48,04,000	...	16,448
Bengal-Dooars	146	133	153	153	20,662	27,600	174	180	4,49,319	4,71,000	21,681	...	6,80,150	6,91,000	10,850	...
Bhavnagar-Gondal-Jungad-Porbandar	101	122	459	459	56,564	47,700	123	104	8,83,290	8,50,000	...	33,290	18,01,089	16,98,000	...	1,03,089
Dibru-Sadiya	259	250	78	78	18,226	20,800	234	267	4,11,578	4,43,000	31,422	...	6,44,949	7,05,000	60,051	...
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	67	106	172	179	11,873	8,700	69	49	1,85,496	1,97,000	11,504	...	3,74,734	4,20,000	45,266	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	126	156	392	392	64,217	71,700	164	183	8,93,064	8,80,000	...	13,064	18,24,031	17,38,000	...	86,031
Jampur	28	31	73	73	2,147	1,600	29	22	38,548	44,000	5,452	...	69,602	73,900	4,298	...
Jodhpur-Bikaner	63	72	709	776	45,350	47,300	64	61	8,61,857	9,45,000	83,143	...	16,00,999	17,59,000	98,001	...
Kolhapur	123	146	29	29	3,705	4,400	128	152	70,115	81,800	11,685	...	1,35,160	1,42,000	6,840	...
Mirpur Khas-Indro (b)	...	...	...	50	...	1,400	...	28	...	23,900	23,900	...	...	31,600	31,600	...
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi & 6" gauge)	93	102	93	93	8,180	6,900	88	74	1,78,014	1,64,000	...	14,014	3,35,416	3,02,000	...	33,416
Myseningsh-Jamapur-Jagannathganj	100	157	54	54	10,392	8,400	192	156	1,59,916	1,37,000	...	22,916	2,60,856	2,12,000	...	48,856
Rohilkund and Kumaon	98	115	214	214	22,441	26,700	105	125	4,73,565	4,95,000	21,435	...	8,46,025	9,21,000	74,975	...
Sangli	108	138	5	5	533	700	107	140	11,357	13,200	1,943	...	20,928	26,200	5,272	...
Shoranur-Cochin	127	136	65	65	8,838	9,300	136	143	1,53,477	1,92,000	38,523	...	2,70,761	3,41,000	70,239	...
Udaipur-Chittorgarh	56	71	67	67	4,386	3,300	65	49	71,089	67,300	...	3,789	1,59,975	1,34,000	...	16,975
Barsi	93	106	78	78	7,055	17,500	90	224	1,47,770	2,18,000	70,230	...	2,70,746	3,91,000	1,20,254	...
Cooch Behar	111	113	34	34	4,214	3,600	124	106	75,772	66,600	...	9,172	1,25,933	1,08,000	...	17,933
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	71	96	94	94	7,841	6,900	83	73	1,24,881	1,31,000	6,119	...	2,88,415	2,58,000	9,585	...
Rajpipla	33	42	37	37	1,279	1,300	35	35	24,877	25,100	223	...	49,444	50,400	956	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	360	363	51	51	17,615	21,100	345	412	3,75,747	3,96,000	20,253	...	6,55,737	6,82,000	26,263	...
TOTAL	125	146	5,786	5,985	8,14,258	7,69,700	141	129	1,38,02,617	1,36,40,500	...	1,62,117	2,56,20,021	2,55,55,600	...	64,421
GRAND TOTAL	268	287	29,835	30,769	87,72,130	90,79,900	294	295	15,49,91,505	15,92,64,500	43,72,995	...	27,08,76,718	28,30,84,300	1,22,07,582	...

(a) From 1st July 1908.
(b) Opened from 2nd May 1909.

C. WATSON, Lieut., R. E.,
for Secretary, Railway Board.

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SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India

No. 50.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1909.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

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No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday,
the 9th December 1909, based on the Indian Daily Weather
Reports of the period.**

The storm referred to in last week's report proved to be one of considerable severity. It approached the Madras coast and then suddenly curving to the north travelled parallel to the north Madras, Orissa and Bengal coasts, finally breaking up on the 6th in the Chittagong hills. It gave rain on the north east coast of the Peninsula, in Bengal proper, the south of Eastern Bengal and Assam, Upper Burma and on the north Arakan coast, and very heavy falls ranging from 5'00" to 9'00" were recorded at Waltair, Calingapatam and False Point. No rainfall was reported after the disappearance of the storm except from a few observatories in the southwest of the Peninsula. The storm caused the appearance of cloud over a very large extent of country comprising practically the whole of the Peninsula, the Central Provinces, Central India, northeast India and the northern half of Burma: in all these regions the cloud was accompanied by unusually high night temperature.

Burma.—Rain fell on the Arakan coast and in Upper Burma. During the period of disturbed weather occasioned by the storm in the Bay, cloud was heavy in the northern half of the province: in the south skies were throughout clear or only lightly clouded. The cloud was accompanied by unusually high night temperatures in Upper Burma while the rainfall caused a very rapid fall of day temperature in the northern districts.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—The storm gave rain in Orissa, Bengal proper and the south of Eastern Bengal. Skies were generally clear or only lightly clouded in the north, but up to the 6th they were moderately to heavily clouded in the south. Night temperature was in excess especially in the region of heavy cloud.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—During the first three days of the week cloud covered the whole division with the exception of the west of the United Provinces, skies then cleared and were free from cloud for the remaining days. Temperature at night was higher than usual during the prevalence of cloud.

Northwest India.—Skies were clear or lightly clouded. Temperature was normal or in defect.

The Peninsula.—Heavy rain fell on the Madras coast from Masulipatam northward and a few light showers were reported from the southwest of the Peninsula, cloud covered almost the whole division during the first three days, but it then decreased and for the rest of the week was confined chiefly to the Madras presidency. Temperature was somewhat above the normal in Mysore and the Madras presidency excluding Malabar.

The following summarises the chief rainfall amounts of the week as reported at 8 hrs. each day:—

December 4th. Cocanada 3·62", Waltair 7·53", Calingapatam 3·58" and Gopalpur 1·89".

" 5th. False Point 4·89", Cuttack 2·16", Waltair 1·85", Calingapatam 8·73" and Gopalpur 4·16".

" 6th. Chittagong 3·72" and Barisal 1·83".

" 7th. Bhamo 1·59".

" 8th. Tinnevely 1·93".

With this week commences a new rainfall period. Rainfall was twenty per cent. or more in excess in Burma, Eastern Bengal, Bengal proper, Chota Nagpur, Orissa and on the north Madras coast.

DIVISION,	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 9TH DECEMBER 1909.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD DECEMBER 1909 TO 9TH DECEMBER 1909.			
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bay Islands	0'1	2'0	-1'9	0'1	2'0	-1'9	-95
Lower Burma	0'3	0'1	+0'2	0'3	0'1	+0'2	+200
Upper Burma	0'4	0'1	+0'3	0'4	0'1	+0'3	+300
Assam	0'1	0'1	0	0'1	0'1	0	0
Eastern Bengal	1'1	0'1	+1'0	1'1	0'1	+1'0	+1,000
Bengal	0'8	0'1	+0'7	0'8	0'1	+0'7	+700
Orissa	2'4	0'1	+2'3	2'4	0'1	+2'3	+2,300
Chota Nagpur	0'1	0	+0'1	0'1	0	+0'1	00
Bihar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Provinces, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	-0'1	-100
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Punjab, South-west	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N. W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Baluchistan	0	0'3	-0'3	0	0'3	-0'3	-100
Sind	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, East	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	-0'1	-100
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, East	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	-0'1	-100
Berar	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	-0'1	-100
Central Provinces, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central Provinces, East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bombay Deccan	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	-0'1	-100
Hyderabad, North	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	-0'1	-100
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mysore	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	-0'1	-100
Malabar	0'2	0'4	-0'2	0'2	0'4	-0'2	-50
Madras, South-east	0'3	1'3	-1'0	0'3	1'3	-1'0	-77
Madras Deccan	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	-0'1	-100
Madras Coast, North	3'9	0'5	+3'4	3'9	0'5	+3'4	+680

J. PATTERSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.
R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA
The 9th December 1909.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 4th December 1909.

Burma.—Slight showers fell in two northern districts and in the Northern Shan States, the Chin Hills and Pakokku hill tracts. Reaping of autumn rice is well advanced and that of winter rice commencing in places. Plucking of cotton and gathering of groundnut are in progress. Cultivation of miscellaneous crops is proceeding. The condition of standing crops ranges from good to fair. The price of unhusked rice has risen slightly in two districts and has fallen largely in two and slightly in a third.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—The weather during the week was seasonable. Parts of the Chittagong division and Bakarganj had heavy rain towards the close of the week; elsewhere the fall was slight. Harvesting of winter rice is in full swing and promises a good outturn. Preparation of fields for transplantation of spring rice seedlings is going on. Sowing of mustard is nearly finished. Prospects of tea, sugarcane, tobacco, mustard and pulses are fair. The average price of common rice has fallen by about one per cent. Cattle disease prevails in Kamrup and Sibsagar.

Bengal.—The weather was seasonable at the beginning of the week, but later was stormy and cloudy over Orissa and Bengal Proper. The rainfall was heavy in Puri, moderate in Balasore and Angul and light in Bengal Proper. There was no rain in Bihar. Harvesting of winter paddy is in progress. Prospects are good. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced in some districts of Bihar and Orissa. The price of common rice has risen in Hazaribagh and has fallen in twelve districts. Cattle-disease is reported from several districts. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. Sowing of spring crops continues in places. Picking of cotton, pressing of sugarcane and irrigation of spring crops are in progress. Poppy is being sown and is germinating well. Prospects are favourable. The condition of agricultural stock is good but cattle disease continues in seventeen districts. Fodder and water are sufficient. Markets are well supplied. Prices have risen in five and have fallen in five districts; elsewhere prices are stationary or fluctuating.

Punjab.—No rain fell during the week. Rain is wanted in parts of Ambala. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress and the outturn is generally good to average. Sowings of spring crops continue satisfactorily and those already in the ground are in good to average condition. Damage by insects is reported from Hissar; by rats from Rohtak and by grass-hoppers in parts of Sialkot. Prices are generally unchanged but show a slight downward tendency in some districts. Cattle are in good condition. Fodder is generally sufficient. Complaints of a short water supply still continue from the Samundri tahsil of the Lyallpur district.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rainfall *nil*. Rain is badly wanted all over the province. The condition of standing crops is generally average on irrigated areas and below average on unirrigated lands. Harvesting of autumn crops still continues and the outturn is generally average except in the Dera Ismail Khan district where it is reported below average. Pressing of sugarcane and picking of cotton is in progress. Spring sowing continues. The water supply is generally sufficient. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district is still stopped. Fodder is sufficient throughout the province except in the Shigga circle of the Marwat tahsil of the Bannu district. The condition of cattle is generally good. Malarial fever is still reported in some parts of the Peshawar district and in the Bannu district. Prices are fluctuating. Prices:—wheat 10 $\frac{3}{8}$ to 13; gram 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 20; maize 13 $\frac{1}{8}$ to 21; bajra 16 $\frac{9}{16}$ to 20; and barley 18 $\frac{3}{16}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Rain *nil*. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 12 to 17 and maize from 15 to 26 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Ramnagar, Jasmergarh and Samba tahsils of the province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. The condition of crops is unchanged. Water for irrigation is sufficient. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is insufficient. Prices are unchanged. Spring crops are being sown.

Rajputana.—Autumn crops are nearly gathered and spring sowings are in progress. Standing crops are fair to good. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Mewar and Banswara. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are rising in Marwar, Dungarpur, Banswara, Shahpura, Tonk, Kotah, Jaipur, Bharatpur and Dholpur and are falling or steady elsewhere.

Central India.—Rainfall *nil*. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. Crops have been damaged slightly in parts of Indore and Baghelkhand. Agricultural stock are satisfactory except for some cattle disease in parts of Indore, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are high and fluctuating in Bhopal; steady and falling in Bundelkhand and high and stationary elsewhere. Poppy sowing is in progress in parts of Indore, Gwalior and Baghelkhand.

Central Provinces.—The weather was cool and occasionally cloudy. Harvesting, threshing and winnowing of autumn crops and picking of cotton continue. Prospects are generally good. The condition of standing crops would be considerably improved by a shower in Hoshangabad, Betul, Chhindwara, Wardha, Nagpur, Chanda, Bilaspur, Amraoti and the districts of the Jubbulpore division. Slight damage occurred to linseed in parts of the Wardha district from insects and to linseed, *ringni juar* and wheat in parts of the Chanda district from cloudy weather and want of moisture. The supply of fodder and water is adequate and cattle are doing well. Prices:—gram in Saugor and Betul and *juar* in Nimar fell by 1 seer per rupee. Gram became cheaper by $2\frac{1}{2}$ seers in Mandla. In Buldana *juar* rose by 1 seer. Prices elsewhere remained steady.

Feudatory States.—Only Raigarh had a sprinkling of rain. A shower is needed in Kawardha, Chhuikhadan and Khairagarh. High winds in Kawardha caused some damage to *arhar* plants in flower. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices:—wheat in Kawardha and rice in Sakti fell by $2\frac{1}{2}$ and 3 seers per rupee respectively. *Kodon* in Kawardha, wheat in Sarangarh and rice in Sirguja rose by 2 seers.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Karnatak and Kolhapur. Rain is needed in parts of the Deccan and Bijapur. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in Kaira, Poona, Sholapur and Kolhapur; they have been damaged slightly by insects in Belgaum and Kolhapur and are generally in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops are progressing generally. Threshing is in progress in parts of Sind, Kaira, the Konkan, Nasik, Ahmednagar and Baroda. Cotton picking is progressing in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Kathiawar and Baroda. The fodder supply is generally adequate. Agricultural stock are sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and generally in good condition. Drinking water is generally sufficient. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of West Khandesh, Nasik and Poona. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have fallen in Hyderabad; have risen in Karachi, Sukkur, Thar and Parkar, Kanara and Ahmednagar and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 12 to 40 per cent.; in the Konkan 2 to 32 per cent. and in the Karnatak 12 to 29 per cent. less than the normal. In Gujarat prices range from 3 per cent. more than the normal to 13 per cent. less and in the Deccan from 6 per cent. more to 13 per cent. less.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week except 15 cents in the Parendla taluka of the Usmanabad district. Harvesting of autumn crops is nearing completion. Standing crops are generally fair to good except in parts of the Raichur district. Autumn cotton is being picked in most parts of the Maharatwada country. Sowings of spring crops are still in progress in parts but are suspended in the Yellandu taluka of the Warangal district. The crop generally needs rain especially throughout Telingana. The castor seed crop suffered much and is still suffering for want of rain. The early rice crop is being harvested. The crop has withered or is withering in many parts of Telingana especially in the Medak, Nizamabad, Warangal and Karimnagar districts. Late rice lands are being prepared. Late rice is being sown in parts of the Telingana country. Cattle disease and fodder scarcity prevail in seven talukas and water scarcity is reported in parts of Lingsugur in the Raichur district and Gangawati in the Bidar district. The water supply is decreasing in the Ashti taluka of the Bir district, in Palam of the Parbhani district, in Udgir of the Bidar district, in Paloncha of the Warangal district and the Mahadeopur and Karimnagar talukas of the Katesnagar district. Prices:—wheat 7; coarse rice 7 and *juar* $14\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. The price of coarse rice shows an upward tendency. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 13 seers per rupee. Yellow *juar* is not available. The highest price in districts is eight seers in the Chinnur taluka of the Adilabad district and the lowest 24 seers in the Rajura taluka of the Bidar district.

Mysore.—Very slight rain fell in parts of the State. Prices of food grains have fallen slightly in Mysore, Hassan and Shimoga and are steady elsewhere. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good but more rain is required for dry crops in parts of Kolar and Tumkur. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rain fall during week was good in Ganjam, the Nilgiris and Godavari; *nil* in Vizagapatam, Guntur and the Deccan and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient except in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, the Carnatic, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Tinnevely. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are fair to good but some in parts of Vizagapatam, Guntur, the Deccan, Nellore and Tanjore require more rain or are withering and paddy in parts of Ganjam has been damaged by storm. Harvests continue in parts with outturn mostly fair to bushper. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of Godavari, Guntur, Bellary, Cuddapah and Nellore. Fodder is scanty in parts of Godavari, Guntur, Bellary, Cuddapah and Nellore. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in thirteen districts; has fallen in seven and has risen in three. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follow :—*ragi* is stationary in seven districts; has fallen in eight and has risen in six. *Cholam* is stationary in four districts; has fallen in four and has risen in six. *Cumbu* is stationary in two districts; has fallen in two and has risen in eight. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is good and employment is available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF
NOVEMBER 1909 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE

GRAM AND PULSE
OATS
LINSSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jingili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Burma*—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui . . . .	...	...	41.56	44.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . .	...	...	27.59	36.16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amherst . . . .	...	...	39.02	44.14	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon(a) . .	...	...	...	50	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . .	...	...	32.99	45.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . .	...	...	38.32	56.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Henzada . . . .	...	...	32.99	44.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay . . . .	...	...	36.57	48.12	36.36	62.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . .	...	...	36.57	45.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—														
Akyab . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and														
Assam*—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong . . .	...	...	37.5	38.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . .	...	...	42.5	47.5	47.5	47.5	...	...	20	30	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Pabna . . . .	...	...	33.12	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rangpur . . . .	...	...	50	70	55	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—														
Goalpara	19.37	2.75	45	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	22.5	22.5 to 30	41.25	42.5 to 45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—														
Deltaic—														
Midnapur . . . .	...	...	31.25	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . . .	...	...	47.5	61.25	40	55	...	...	25	36.75	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Bardwan . . . .	...	...	43.75	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack . . . .	...	...	29.06	39.48	40.78	58.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—														
Patna . . . .	...	...	39.37	54.5	37.5	49.37	...	...	20	30.62	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—														
Bhagalpur . . . .	...	...	50	58.75	41.25	48.75	...	...	28.75	33.12	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . .	...	...	50	66.56	44.37	50	...	...	25	33.28	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
Eastern—														
Benares	23.7	29.37	39.63	54.27	39.17	45.83	43.12	53.33	24.48	32.6	23.7	...	23.7	31.15
Central—														
Cawnpore	22.19	27.55	39.01	53.33	40	47.03	41.43	51.61	21.93	28.54	23.54	25.68	23.86	28.07
Jhansi . . . .	...	...	43.28	64.06	40.94	48.44	...	...	15.73	32.66	17.81	32.66	23.75	32.03
Western—														
Meerut . . . .	...	26.56	47.03	57.19	35.16	47.03	...	53.28	...	29.69	...	25.78	...	30.78
Agra	47.29	50	52.86	80	39.06	50	45.31	59.17	23.54	29.63	22.19	27.34	22.86	30.73
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahanpur . .	20	25	...	...	36.25	41.37	...	...	21.57	28.12	24.37	...	20.94	...
(b) OUDH—														
Southern—														
Lucknow	21.61	28.59	40	53.33	40	47.03	47.03	55	21.61	29.63	23.54	25	22.24	26.67
Northern—														
Fyzabad	24.22	28.75	47.03	64.06	40	48.44	...	...	23.18	31.98	...	26.87	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice
(a) Not reported yet

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI		MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPESEED		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
...	Burma—
...	Tenasserim—
...	Mergui
...	Tavoy
...	40.76	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	Moulmein and
...	49.61	...	59.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amherst
...	63.37	56.14	68.82	56.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	23.27	...	34.41	56.64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	53.78	53.78	46.72	46.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Hensada
...	Toungoe
...	...	18.03	18.71	29.77	45.71	47.41	70.33	76.19	94.12	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	25.2	35.16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	50	62.75	66.67	72.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Eastern Bengal and
...	Assam—
...	33.75	57.5	57.5	60	...	...	...	...	46.25	65	Eastern—
...	35	55	46.25	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chittagong
...	25	51.25	...	...	...	...	51.25	51.25	52.5	67.5	Dacca
...	40	55	50	65	...	...	...	...	57.5	75	Central—
...	43.75	60	Pabna
...	48.75	61.25	Northern—
...	90	...	48.75	61.25	Rangpur
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Goalpara
...	Gauhati
...	Bengal—
...	52.5 to 55	...	60	...	48.75	52.5	52.5	55 and 58.75	68.75 and 70	Deltaic—
...	...	25	45	32.5	47.5	42.5	55	37.5	50	67.5	52.5	52.5	65	Midnapur
...	32.5	47.5	50	55	...	...	...	...	50	75	Calcutta
...	30.47	42.08	33.85	38.07	37.5	50.83	...	...	57.13	68.12	Central—
...	...	19.37	30.62	26.25	43.75	32.81	48.75	...	...	70	60	50	72.5	Bardwan
...	...	19.37	31.25	28.12	45	39.37	53.12	31.25	40	56.25	56.25	42.5 and 50	63.12 and 65.62	Orissa—
17.66	36.25	19.06	31.87	30.78	50	40	50	33.28	44.37	...	...	...	...	Cuttack
...	23.07	41.93	34.27	50.57	...	...	44.43	54.27	43.12	58.7	Bihar, south—
...	...	20.52	25.68	24.22	42.08	31.98	53.33	...	...	61.57	53.33	44.13	57.13	Patna
...	...	16.41	28.12	22.19	43.28	...	...	...	...	57.19	...	50	...	Bihar, north—
...	...	22.19	29.28	24.22	42.03	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
...	...	19.53	27.5	25	42.08	38.38	55.36	...	...	66.67	72.86	50	72.71	Muzaffarpur
...	...	20	25	25	41.87	35.21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	United Provinces—
...	...	20	25.78	27.6	45.47	...	...	...	...	50	53.33	53.33	66.67	(a) AGRA—
...	29.58	44.37	34.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern—
...	Benares
...	Central—
...	Cawnpore
...	Jhansi
...	Western—
...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or jingili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gār)		SALT		TOBACCO-LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Burm—														
Tenasserim—	581.82	581.82	...	...	14.71	17.53	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mergui	533.33	533.33	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	400	400	...	...	18.77	18.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst
Pegu (deltaic)—	336.84	...	...	...	16.62	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	492.31	492.31	...	...	17.73	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	492.31	492.31	...	...	22.61	22.61	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein
Pegu (inland)—	304.76	246.15	...	...	27.83	28.19	...	...	...	...	...	...
Siensada	492.31	...	...	22.61	24.62	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo
Upper Burma—	492.31	533.33	...	...	21.33	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mandalay	533.33	533.33	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku
Arakan—	457.14	457.14	...	...	26.67	28.57	...	...	...	...	...	...
Akyab
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
Eastern—	420	380	57.5	57.5	15.62	16.25	70	55	...	...	...	...
Chittagong	420	430	75	75	18.12	20	200	140	...	...	...	...
Dacca
Central—	520	650	55	47.5	20	20	132.5	116.25	...	...	...	...
Pabna
Northern—	450	450	70	62.5	20	22.5	90	80	...	...	3.75	3.75
Rangpur
Brahmaputra—	60	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Goalpara	65	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
Deltaic—	370	370	82.5	72.5	17.5	17.5	145	130	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	420	420	70	55	15	-19.37	82.5	82.5	...	...	15	17.5
Calcutta	50	62.5	420	410	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—	380	360	80	62.5	16.56	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bardwan
Orissa—	76.15	65	457.19	475.62	76.15	52.34	14.37	14.37	62.5	62.5	...	...	5	5
Cuttack
Bihār, south—	50	72.5	340	330	45	50	20	20	40	30	...	...	...	...
Patna	370	360	...	...	...	...	60	50	...	...	...	...
Bihār, north—	350	360	55	45	18.12	18.75	130	100	...	...	...	...
Dhāgalpur	400	320	50	41.37	19.06	20	160	160	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
Eastern—	47.34	58.7	378.59	378.59	56.41	58.7	23.7	23.59	...	...	...	...	...	...
Benares
Central—	55.16	57.13	376.46	355.52	53.33	57.13	17.76	18.18	85	75	95	92.5	...	...
Cawnpore	4.01	...
Jhānsi	45.78	...	346.25	312.03	61.56	59.22	19.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—	...	53.28	...	361.03	50	...	17.34	18.28	...	...	...	...	...	...
Meerut	376.46	336.82	61.01	64.01	17.03	...	130	130	105	102.5	5	10
Agra
Submontane, west—	380	350	...	...	20	20	...	...	90	90	...	...
Shahjahanpur	100	100	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
Southern—	375	375	53.33	61.67	20	...	...	...	95	85	3.12	5
Lucknow
Northern—	376.46	370	53.32	44.37	20.94	21.56	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fyzabad

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
						11.27	11.27					3.25		Burma—
						14.1	14.1					2.75		Tenasserim—
						11.85	12.08					2		Mergui
														Tavoy
														Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (deltaic)—
						24.06	24.06					1.81		Rangoon
						15.69	19.75					1.69		Manbin
														Bassein
												1.5		Pegu (inland)—
												1.5		Hensada
														Toungoo
					10.83	14	26.67	30.47				1.69		Upper Burma—
					8.8	8.8	14.1	14.1				1.87		Mandalay
														Pakokke
												2.25		Arakan—
														Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and
												1.16		Assam—
												1.5		Eastern—
														Chittagong
														Dacca
7.5	7.5											1.37		Central—
														Patna
10	10											1.81		Northern—
														Rangpur
												2		Brahmaputra—
												1.37		Goalpara
														Gauhati
														Bengal—
3.12	3.12											1.34		Deltaic—
8.75	8.75				18.75	22.5	21.25	28.75				1.5		Midnapur
4.37	5						27.5	35				1.7		Calcutta
5.62	5.62						6.25	6.25				1.44		Central—
														Bardwan
10	7.5				12.5	11.25	22.5	18.75				1.37		Orissa—
														Cuttack
					5	5	12.5	20				1.3		Bihar, south—
					10	5	20	28.59				1.37		Patna
														Bihar, north—

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	30.78	30.78	...	...	38.91	48.44	...	...	21.98	27.92	27.5	23.49	26.56	30.78
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur . . .	20.94	30.62	47.08	52.5	33.96	42.5	42.19	50	20	30	20.94	...	25	30
Central—														
Lahore	26.67	30.88	47.76	59.37	38.07	47.03	42.34	50	19.53	29.63	20.52	29.63	25.83	31.96
South-eastern—														
Delhi	25	34.79	51.61	53.33	40	51.61	42.08	51.61	20	28.59	22.24	25.83	26.67	32.03
Submontane—														
Amritsar . . .	26.67	31.25	50	55.16	34.06	43.23	35.47	48.49	20	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rawalpindi . .	...	25	66.67	90	35.57	45.68	38.12	48.44	24.22	28.12	19.01	30.78	25	31.35
Western—														
Lyallpur . . .	50	...	...	...	34.37	...	38.75	...	18.75	...	23.12	...	23.12	...
Multan	21.41	29.69	...	...	40	43.28	...	...	18.12	29.69	...	...	...	30.16
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar	25.1	...	...	...	35.16	...	40.88	...	19.01	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan .	...	...	63.91	...	33.7	...	40	...	24.22	...	22.81	...	26.67	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . .	...	...	...	55.62	40.16	45.62	...	...	26.25	31.87	21.25	32.5	22.5	32.5
Shikarpur . . . .	...	...	45	69.37	35.62	41.25	...	...	18.75	30.62	27.5	30.62	20	...
Quetta . . . .	...	...	...	...	43.12 to 44.37	45.88 to 47.13	72.5 77.5	...	31.25	37.5	30.62	36.25	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20.57	34.06	...	...
Sholapur . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28.85	18.02	25.42
Poona . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38.28
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . .	...	...	42.13	...	...	50.57	...	...	...	...	...	27.29	26.35	29.37
Dhulia . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat . . . .	...	40.16	...	...	54.06	56.2	...	...	...	...	28.12	38.91	28.85	34.58
Ahmadabad . .	...	...	32.5	46.25	...	44.37	...	...	21.25	...	20	29.58	25	34.79
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur . . . .	...	...	36.5	42.75	37.25	53.37	50	66.62	...	...	28.25	33.75	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore . .	...	...	36.37	47	36	51.5	44.5	61.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . .	...	...	32	41	37	49	48	59	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—														
Akola . . . .	...	...	38	53	39.62	50	...	...	...	...	21.62	25.87	...	...
Amratoti . . . .	...	...	41.37	58.62	40.5	52.37	49	64	...	...	28.62	32	...	...
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.7	30.8	36.6	36.5
Salem . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Bellary . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25.1	37.6	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	32.7	39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.6	34.8	25.4	30.5
Karnul . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	29	35.2	52.2	57.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	34.3	37.2	50.1	56.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.9	30	37.5	30
Mysore—														
Mysore	22.99	42.35	48.45	65.75	56.82	61.53	71.98	82.29	...	...	29.39	39.12	...	...
Bangalore	30	28	53	69	64	64	67.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...

figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

BAOI		MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
...	...	25	27.02	25.73	43.18	...	...	61.56	...	72.66	72.66	...	...	Rajputana—
...	Eastern— Ajmer
...	...	22.19	30	20	40	...	61.56	...	...	...	...	50	65	Panjab—
...	...	26.09	31.41	22.6	38.65	37.24	57.13	44.43	...	50	51.61	44.43	59.27	Southern— Ferozpur
...	...	22.24	28.67	23.54	42.08	40	66.67	55.16	...	...	72.71	45.73	61.56	Central— Lahore
...	...	25.78	...	22.24	42.08	...	...	...	...	...	60	44.43	44.43	South-eastern— Delhi
...	...	20	31.35	25.62	40	50	65	...	...	50.37	50	42.19	59.37	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	18.75	...	21.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	...	20.62	28.59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	61.56	Western— Lyallpur Multan
...	...	22.24	...	25.1	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	N.W. Frontier Pro- vince—
...	...	30.47	...	22.81	...	61.56	...	...	...	41.3	...	39.01	...	Peshawar Dera Ismael Khan
...	32.5	45.63	40	58.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	31.25	44.37	...	52.66	...	...	...	...	33.13	...	Karachi Shikarpur
...	...	35	35	...	...	62.5	65	61.25	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
...	Bombay—
...	67.21	53.59	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar Sholapur Poona
...	29.65	47.93	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.-E Deccan— Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	30.57	50.83	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmadabad
...	25	51.15 42.03	30	71.35 66.25	...	...	...	60	...	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	29.5	54.75	38.75	53	...	...	62	62	...	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	27.62	43.25	44.5	55.12	50	...	61.5	51.62	47	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	29	49	41	55	40	...	...	...	...	...	Berar—
...	27	48.12	35.37	58.25	...	...	...	65	...	...	Akola Amraoti
...	30	51.87	32.62	52.37	...	...	61.5	69.25	...	...	Madras—
29.2	22.3	...	...	60.1	64.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	South, central— Coimbatore Salem
...	43	61.7	35.3	35.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
...	30.5	...	...	...	...	37.4	37.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	35.9	50.8	...	...	58.3	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
38.2	29.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	61.7	...	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
...	43.1	39.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore
29.39 33	40.72 40	...	...	41.98 48	32.62 36	55.82 64	62.69 76	68.12	63.12	...	...	...	...

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 11, 1909.

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gār)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	66.67	72.66	376.72	356.25	58.7	66.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.53	4.9
Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur . . . . .	...	...	400	400	57.19	50	16.67	...	100	100	94.06	106.67	10	5.62
Central— Lahore	58.18	66.67	426.72	400	61.56	57.13	15.42	...	91.46	80	106.67	123.07	13.33	8.85
South-eastern— Delhi	64.01	66.67	457.13	441.41	64.01	53.33	17.4	...	80	76.25	106.67	114.37	7.97	8.02
Submontane— Amritsar	58.75	70	440	420	57.13	55.16	14.37	...	...	60	105	...	10	...
Northern— Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	84.06	426.67	400	50	53.33	15.31	...	30.78	...	100	133.33	10	10
Western— Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	405	...	60.62	...	15	...	80	...	90	...	...	...
Multan . . . . .	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Pro- vince—														
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	411.04	...	58.18	...	15.99	...	...	...	...	...	7.66	...
Dera Ismael Khan	65.31	...	473.91	...	50	...	14.22	...	...	...	106.67	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi	67.5	...	335	395	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	387.5	380	70	...	...	...	62.5	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	{ 410 to 460 }	{ 380 to 430 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	102.34	72.66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	...	414.01	71.93	81.56	...	...	186.82	115.78	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat . . . . .	...	74.95	391.87	421.61	...	67.55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad	67.5	...	360	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	...
Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur	75.25	86.62	466.62	466.62	...	...	21.62	21.62	92.62	100	120	120	10	12.5
Central— Jubbulpore	50	57.12	340	340	...	...	22.25	23.5	114.25	94.12	80	88.87	5	6.61
Eastern— Raipur . . . . .	...	...	370	340	...	...	20.5	20	220	170	77	75	...	...
Berar— Akola	60	57.12	408	429	...	...	19	20	88	81	86	88.12	...	...
Amratoti	57.62	86.37	350	380	...	...	18	21	140	120	...	130	5.5	5
Madras— South, central— Coimbatore	67.2	82.8	487.8	480	61.5	52.8	22.4	...	...	...	61.5	64.1	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	410.9	385.3	...	...	16	...	205.5	128.5	51.4	62.5	...	...
Central— Bellary	77.3	66.2	476.1	412.7	83.3	47.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	394.7	394.8	...	...	11.6	...	...	...	49	52.7	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	74.1	74.1	45.2	32.9	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south— Madras	54.1	64.4	493.8	427.9	70.8	54.4	12.8	...	82.3	82.3	65.8	57.7	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	400	...	...	...	13.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	300.2	...	...	...	17.5	...	124.3	133.5	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	75	72.5	416.2	...	...	...	...	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore— Mysore	58.58	70.53	488.59	428.59	120	92.5	...	...	205.73*	205.68*	85.73	120	13.49	14.37
Bangalore	52	56	445.68	480	94.27	60	...	...	222.86*	205.63*	145.68	120	3.65	3.84

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BEAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		FLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
3.59	4.69	3.59	4.69	...	...	36.35	...	125	125	85	85	2.19	...	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	5.78	10	...	...	85	60	90	90	2.25	...	Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	6.82	8.91	1	28.65	...	140	180	140	200	2.39	...	Central— Lahore
...	10	6.67	...	23.54	...	80	80	140	150	1.5	...	South-eastern— Delhi
...	10	11.41	...	...	120	...	100	...	2.31	...	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	10	10	10.16	11.41	22.5	...	90	90	70	70	2.31	...	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	...	3.75	...	...	...	25	...	100	...	140	...	2.44	...	Western— Lyallpur
...	2.48	...	Multan
...	...	4.37	...	...	...	17.86	...	{ 60 100 120 }	...	{ 60 to 200 120 }	...	2.69	...	N.W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	7.61	...	30.21	...	...	...	...	...	2.69	...	Dera Ismael Khan
...	18.75	...	162.5	152.5	...	...	1.94	...	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	7.5	...	18.44	...	...	...	...	...	2.37	...	Shikarpur
...	7.24	9.37	31.87	...	{ 120 to 220 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	...	2.25	...	Quetta
...	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar
...	1.87	...	Sholapur
...	2.21	...	Poona
...	Khandesh and N-E Ahmadnagar
...	28.59	...	...	...	...	...	1.86	...	Dhulia
...	Gujarat— Surat
...	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	2.12	...	Ahmadabad
...	2.25	...	Central Province— Western— Nagpur
...	60	50	90	90	1.75	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	32	...	50	55	60	70	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	40	...	...	...	35	30	1.5	...	Berar— Akola
...	66	55	60	60	2	...	Amradoti
...	40	...	50	50	70	70	1.87	...	Madras— South, central— Coimbatore
7.6	6.4	6.3	4.1	11.9	...	109.5*	...	80†	75†	50	50	2.25	...	Salem
...	...	5.2	5.2	...	...	...	...	8.†	80*	100	100	2.06	...	Central— Bellary
...	2	...	Cuddapah
...	2.03	...	Karnul
3.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	7.2	...	26.5	...	70†	61.25†	...	...	1.75	...	East Coast, south— Madras
...	41	...	130†	90†	...	...	1.88	...	Tanjore
...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Trichinopoly
5.4	5.4	...	...	12.5	...	17	...	...	...	40	40	1.5	...	Southern— Madura
7.76	10.62	4.32	7.5	...	...	36.72	...	80	80	100	100	2.5	...	Mysore— Mysore
7.34	7.34	...	3.75	...	...	33.8	33.8	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2	2.03	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

W. MAXWELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 10, 1909

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909 [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...	...	...	...	12 12	12 12	9 9	9 9	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	...	12 12	12 12	14 2	14 2	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Fegu	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...
Rangoon (a)	...	9 1	...	...	...	10 11	...	11 5	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	11 9	11 9	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	10 —	9 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
Essada	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	10 14	10 14	11 12	11 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	11 —	10 10	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Bamo	...	...	...	...	10 8	9 12	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 14	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Meiktila	...	...	...	...	12 4	12 4	13 1	13 —	18 3	18 3	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 3	3 3	...	...	6 7	6 7	8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpau	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and												
Assam—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	5 4	5 2	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 11	...	...	...	...
Dacca	7 8	7 8	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	12 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	10 8	10 8	15 —	15 —	6 12	6 12	9 12	9 —	...	...	...	...
Maida	9 8	9 8	13 8	13 —	6 —	5 12	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 6	9 6	...	...	...	...	9 8	8 4	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Jalpaiguri	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	7 12	7 14	...	...	...	...	12 4	10 3	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 —	5 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	15 8	15 12	...	...	...	...
Cachar	6 10	6 10	...	...	8 4	8 8	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jaintia												
Hills	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	8 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	8 —	7 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	27 —	27 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	7 8	7 8	...	...	7 —	6 8	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 —	6 4	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	6 8	6 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...

(a) Not reported yet

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	14 2	14 2	Burma—
...	17 12	17 12	Tenasserim—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Mergui
...	10 3	10 3	...	...	6 12	6 12	18 —	18 —	Tavoy
...	10 4	...	...	...	6 5	...	14 5	Monlmein and
...	5 11	5 11	16 5	16 5	5 6	5 6	17 13	17 13	Amherst
...	10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	9 11	9 11	...	...	9 —	9 —	17 13	17 13	Pegu
...	6 9	6 9	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 2	12 2	Rangoon
...	9 2	9 14	...	...	7 14	7 14	16 2	16 2	Manbin
...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Bassein
...	22 9	25 8	8 2	8 2	14 8	14 8	Pegu (inland)—
...	12 11	12 —	19 —	19 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Tharawadi
...	4 12	4 12	14 3	14 3	Henzada
...	15 10	15 10	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Prome
...	17 —	17 —	23 2	23 2	9 12	9 12	16 3	16 4	Toungoo
...	3 8	3 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	16 —	14 —	Thayetmyo
...	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 8	5 —	18 —	18 —	Upper Burma—
...	12 —	10 —	Mandalay
...	Bamo
...	Pakokku
...	Meiktila
...	Arakan—
...	Sandoway
...	Kyaukpadaung
...	Akyab
...	Eastern Bengal and
...	Assam—
...	12 —	11 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	25 —	25 —	Eastern—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Chittagong
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	18 —	16 —	Noakhali
...	8 10	8 8	...	...	7 7	7 7	17 2	17 2	Backerganj
...	20 —	20 —	Maimensingh
...	11 —	12 4	...	...	7 10	7 10	21 —	21 —	Tippera
...	10 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	...	16 —	16 —	Dacca
...	Faridpur
...	15 4	15 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	19 —	19 —	Central—
...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 12	18 12	Pabna
...	13 —	13 —	27 —	...	10 —	8 —	17 —	18 —	Rajshahi
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	13 8	13 8	19 8	19 8	Malda
...	Bogra
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 12	6 12	18 —	18 —	Northern—
...	9 10	10 14	...	...	7 12	7 12	18 —	20 —	Jalpaiguri
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Dinajpur
...	6 12	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Rangpur
...	8 14	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 3	20 —	20 —	Burma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	6 8	6 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Hill tracts—
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 —	10 —	Kháisi and Jaintia
...	5 —	4 —	24 —	24 —	4 —	4 —	12 —	11 —	Hills
...	5 4	5 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 12	10 12	Garo Hills
...	6 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Manipur
...	9 8	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Naga Hills
...	10 8	9 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Lushai Hills
...	8 8	9 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Brahmaputra—
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Goálpára
...	9 —	8 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 —	16 —	Kámráp
...	10 —	10 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoideum</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Bengal—												
Dacca—	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 13	10 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	9 —	8 —	14 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 14	9 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	8 14	8 —	12 4	11 12	...	...	10 4	10 10	...	...	...	...
Jessore	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Bankura	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bardwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 12	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	10 4	10 —	21 8	16 —	...	...	10 8	10 2	...	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	10 8	10 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	7 14	7 14	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 13	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	9 13	9 6	...	...	...	...	13 12	11 13	...	...	...	...
Balasore	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	9 3	10 —	...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	12 —	12 —
Mánbhum	8 —	5 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	11 —	10 12	...	...	...	...
Ráncbi	8 4	8 8	12 —	10 —	...	...	13 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Palámsu	9 —	9 —	13 8	...	...	...	8 7	6 12	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 8	...	...	11 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south—												
Monghyr	11 —	11 —	11 8	13 8	...	...	9 6	9 8	...	...	...	...
Gaya	9 12	9 12	15 6	15 12	...	...	10 5	10 4	...	...	...	...
Patna	10 8	10 8	19 8	19 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	10 —	11 —	16 —	17 —	...	...	10 —	...	...	...	...	...
Bihár, north—												
Purnea	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Bhágálpur	9 8	9 8	14 —	12 8	...	...	7 13½	7 14	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	9 14	9 14	14 4	14 4	...	...	9 5	9 14	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sáran	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	9 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Champáran	9 —	9 8	21 —	21 —	...	...	11 —	11 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces:												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur(a)	...	8 8	...	14 —	...	...	4 —	...	9 —	...	...	14 —
Benares	10 5	10 5	15 11½	15 3	5 11½	5 11½	9 3	9 2	16 4	15 3	16 12	15 11½
Ghazipur	9 9	9 7	16 10	15 12	6 —	6 —	10 15	9 11	16 —	...	16 8	11 15
Jaunpur(a)	...	8 11	...	16 10	...	...	8 3	...	9 11	...	...	...
Allahabad	8 8	8 8	16 8	16 8	4 8	4 8	9 4	9 4	17 —	17 —	17 —	17 —
Central—												
Bánda	9 2	9 4	13 8	14 —	3 8	4 —	10 12	11 —	21 8	14 8	19 8	18 —
Fatehpur	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	9 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	...	18 —	16 —
Hamirpur	9 —	9 —	13 —	12 8	6 —	6 —	8 4	9 4	20 —	15 —	19 8	19 —
Jalaun	9 4	9 —	17 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	20 —	16 —	17 —	16 —
Cawnpore	9 8	9 8	13 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 8	16 —	17 —	16 8
Jhansi	9 8	9 12	23 4	21 12	5 8	5 12	9 —	9 —	22 4	21 —	16 8	14 8
Etawah	9 4	9 12	16 8	15 8	3 —	3 —	10 —	9 8	19 8	16 12	18 12	18 4
Farakhabad	9 6	9 9	14 5	14 5	4 3	4 1	9 9	10 4	...	...	16 4	15 —
Mainpuri(a)	...	10 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	...	...	...	17 —	17 —
Etah	10 8	11 12	17 —	17 —	2 8	2 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	17 —	17 —
Western—												
Meerut	11 —	10 4	17 8	17 —	3 8	3 4	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 8	16 8	14 8
Agra(a)	...	9 14	...	16 8	...	7 —	...	8 —	...	15 10	...	17 14
Muttra	10 —	10 —	21 —	17 8	5 —	5 —	8 12	8 12	16 —	16 —	16 —	18 —
Aligarh	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	6 8	21 —	20 —	18 —	18 8
Bulandshahr	11 3	11 1	18 4	17 4	3 8	3 —	7 —	6 —	17 3	18 —	16 8	17 —
Submontane, east—												
Balía	10 4	10 —	16 4	17 4	7 —	6 8	10 —	9 8	...	...	16 8	16 8
Azamgarh	9 12	9 12	17 —	17 —	7 8	7 8	11 4	11 4	14 —	14 —	16 4	17 2
Gorakhpur	10 6	10 6	17 —	19 —	7 11	7 9	12 2	12 7	15 6	...	16 4	17 2
Basti	10 14	10 12½	18 —	18 —	6 2	6 8	12 8	12 8	15 —	15 —	15 —	18 —

(a) Not reported yet

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR DUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
United Provinces—continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur	10 8	10 —	18 —	17 8	8 8	8 8	11 8	11 —	16 —	14 —	18 8	17 —
Budaun	9 6	9 6	16 4	15 12	4 —	4 —	8 —	7 8	18 —	18 —	15 8	15 8
Pilibit	10 11	11 —	19 —	18 3	5 3	5 3	12 1	12 1	...	...	...	...
Bareilly	10 —	10 —	17 12	17 —	4 —	3 4	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	16 8	15 8
Moradabad	10 10	10 10	16 8	16 8	3 4	3 4	7 12	8 —	21 8	21 8	18 8	16 4
Bijnor	11 4	11 4	19 8	18 8	3 8	3 8	8 12	9 8	...	...	15 —	15 12
Muzaffarnagar	11 —	10 12	18 11	18 11	7 2	7 11	7 11	8 4	...	...	16 8	17 10
Saharanpur	10 6	11 2	19 6	20 12	4 4	4 12	8 —	9 5	15 15	14 14	17 —	14 14
Dehra-Dun	9 8	10 —	16 —	16 —	3 8	3 8	9 8	10 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	14 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	8 —	8 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	10 —	9 —
Almora	8 8	8 8	13 8	13 8	3 12	3 8	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Garhwal	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh	10 —	10 —	17 —	16 8	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	...	17 —	...
Sultanpur	10 4	10 8	17 —	17 —	8 12	9 4	11 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareilly	10 —	10 12	17 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	11 —	11 —	18 —	14 —	19 —	17 —
Unao	9 —	9 —	14 8	14 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	11 —	...	...	18 —	...
Lucknow	9 12	9 8	17 8	17 —	4 8	4 4	10 —	10 —	16 8	16 —	17 8	17 8
Hardoi	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	4 —	4 —	9 8	9 8	16 —	14 —	19 —	19 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad	10 —	9 15	17 4	16 12	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 8	16 4	15 —	15 —
Barabanki	9 12	9 12	15 —	15 —	4 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	16 8	17 —	17 —
Gonda	10 2	10 6	18 12	16 8	8 4	7 4	9 12	8 4	14 4	14 4	18 4	18 4
Bahraich	10 12	11 —	20 —	21 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	10 8	24 —	25 —	19 —	19 —
Sitapur	10 —	10 —	19 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	20 —	17 —	20 8	20 —
Kheri	9 8	9 8	18 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	9 8	10 8	22 —	21 —	20 —	22 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partabgarh	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 6	19 4	19 4	...	...
Banswara	13 8	13 6	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	9 12	9 10	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	13 9	14 6	24 14	26 2	7 3	7 3	8 —	8 —	19 9	...	...	...
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	14 12	14 4	20 8	19 12	9 3	8 8	10 13	10 —	...	...	...	...
Ajmer	9 14	10 8	18 2	18 8	5 12	6 —	7 —	7 1	14 8	14 —	15 —	14 8
Kishangarh	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	23 —	22 —	16 —	16 —
Bundi	14 1	14 4	23 1	24 10	7 11	7 12	8 15	9 1	19 3	25 15	12 13	12 15
Kotah	12 8	12 6	20 —	22 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	18 12	19 8	15 8	11 8
Jhalawar	12 8	11 14	18 8	14 6	5 15	5 12	8 15	8 14	17 —	16 14	14 —	12 —
Tonk	9 10	9 3	17 7	16 12	4 10	4 10	5 12	5 12	18 1	18 4	16 —	15 5
Jaipur	11 5	11 10	19 15	21 9	5 6	5 6	6 3	6 3	19 7	19 7	16 11	17 13
Karauli	12 8	12 3	18 12	18 12	8 7	9 6	8 12	10 —	20 —	19 6	16 14	16 4
Dholpur	10 12	10 12	18 8	18 1	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	20 2	17 12	19 1	19 8
Bharatpur	11 4	11 12	19 12	19 12	4 13	4 5	5 8	4 14	18 —	16 —	18 —	18 6
Alwar	11 11	11 2	19 12	19 10	5 1	5 1	6 —	6 —	20 11	21 1	19 13	20 8
Deoli (a)	...	10 5	...	21 3	...	5 —	...	7 —	...	16 8	...	16 6
Nasirabad	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Shahpura	10 12	10 11	24 10	24 12	5 8	5 8	8 4	8 3	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Western—												
Bikaner	8 4	8 4	18 —	15 8	4 8	4 8	7 —	6 —	21 —	21 —	17 —	17 —
Jaisalmer	9 6	9 15	...	...	5 3	5 4	6 12	7 5	18 13	16 13	14 10	14 11
Jodhpur	10 7	10 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 15	14 13
	and	and	19 12	20 7	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	20 —	21 6	16 7	16 4
	11 14	12 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 3	17 3
Balmer	11 8	11 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 13	10 5	...	...	14 —	15 —
Erinpura	11 8	11 8	22 —	22 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	19 —	20 —	14 —	15 —
	12 —	13 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sirohi	and	and	25 —	25 —	4 —	4 8	7 —	7 8	20 —	18 —	16 —	16 8
	13 —	15 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anadra	and	and	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
	14 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Abu	10 12	10 8	16 1	15 8	4 12	4 12	7 6	7 6	...	...	10 11	10 11
	and	and	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central India—												
Indore	9 —	8 8	13 —	13 —	4 8	4 —	5 8	5 —	19 —	20 —	14 8	16 —
Nimach	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	21 —	21 —	15 —	12 —
Gwalior	9 4	9 —	...	...	5 —	4 14	6 8	6 6	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Bissar	9 8	9 8	19 —	19 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	22 12	23 4	19 8	19 —
Ferozpur	11 8	11 4	19 8	19 —	...	...	6 12	6 12	18 —	18 —	15 —	15 —
Central—												
Lahore	10 8	10 13	20 4	21 4	...	...	8 2	8 1	19 4	19 4	15 4	16 —
Gujranwala	11 4	10 8	22 8	21 8	...	...	8 4	7 12	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	12 —	12 8	20 —	21 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	15 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Jhelum	11 8	11 4	19 —	19 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	15 —	17 —

(a) Not reported yet.

MAHUA OR BAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Ocra aristatum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANJHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
H month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	20 —	20 —	15 —	13 8	20 —	19 —	11 8	11 —	20 —	20 —	United Provinces— continued
...	...	17 —	17 —	13 —	12 14	20 —	20 —	11 8	11 —	20 —	20 —	(a) AGRA—continued
...	...	...	...	15 9	13 10	20 12	20 12	12 1	11 11	20 12	20 12	Submontane, west—
...	...	...	...	14 12	15 —	20 —	21 —	13 —	12 4	20 —	20 —	Shahjahanpur
...	...	13 —	13 —	15 —	14 8	19 —	20 —	12 8	10 12	21 4	21 8	Budann
...	...	...	...	14 12	14 12	...	...	11 4	11 4	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	...	...	...	14 14	14 9	16 8	17 1	6 10	6 10	20 14	20 14	Bareilly
15 15	21 4	21 4	21 4	15 6	14 6	17 8	18 1	7 7	7 7	21 4	21 4	Moradabad
18 —	18 —	...	...	14 8	13 8	19 —	20 —	10 8	10 8	18 —	18 —	Bijnor
...	...	...	...	10 —	9 —	12 —	11 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Muzaffarnagar
15 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Saharanpur
12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Dehra-Dun
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 —	21 —	18 —	10 4	10 —	20 —	20 —	Hills—
...	20 —	10 —	...	12 12	13 —	...	...	12 —	11 —	22 —	22 —	Naini Tal
22 —	20 —	14 —	16 —	12 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Almora
...	...	...	16 —	13 8	13 —	16 —	18 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Garhwal
...	...	19 —	19 —	14 —	13 8	19 —	19 —	11 —	11 8	19 —	20 —	(b) OUDH—
18 —	18 —	20 —	20 —	13 —	13 —	22 —	22 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Southern—
...	...	16 —	16 8	13 8	13 4	18 8	18 8	11 12	11 4	18 8	18 8	Partabgarh
17 —	17 —	16 —	16 —	13 8	13 —	20 —	20 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Sultanpur
...	...	14 —	14 —	13 12	12 12	21 8	23 8	10 12	10 12	18 4	18 4	Rao-Bareilly
...	...	...	17 —	13 —	12 8	23 —	24 —	12 —	12 8	18 8	18 8	Unao
26 —	26 —	26 —	26 —	13 8	13 —	22 —	22 —	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Lucknow
24 —	24 —	18 —	18 —	13 —	13 8	22 8	22 —	10 8	11 —	20 —	20 —	Hardoi
...	...	...	...	14 11	14 11	19 —	19 10	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Northern—
...	...	8 —	8 —	13 9	13 9	20 6	20 13	7 9	7 9	18 —	18 —	Fyzabad
21 —	21 —	...	...	16 13	16 —	24 8	24 4	...	...	15 —	15 —	Barabanki
...	...	7 8	7 8	15 8	15 8	16 —	15 8	...	...	23 —	23 —	Gonda
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	16 —	17 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Bahraich
...	...	...	...	24 5	24 10	20 5	24 10	...	...	20 8	20 12	Sitapur
...	...	...	...	18 4	17 8	24 —	22 —					

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909 - continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhodesum)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
Panjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	10 8	10 12	18 8	18 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	18 12	19 8
Delhi	10 8	10 4	19 —	18 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	17 —	17 —	20 —	16 —
Rohtak	10 —	10 —	16 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	19 —	21 —	17 —	18 8
Karnal	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —
Submontane—												
Ambala	11 1	11 3	17 8	17 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	23 8	24 —	15 8	15 12
Ludhiana	12 —	11 8	18 8	18 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	19 —	17 —	16 8
Jalandhar	11 8	11 12	20 8	20 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	20 8	20 8	14 8	14 —
Hoshiarpur	12 8	12 4	18 —	18 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	14 —	14 —
Gurdaspur	13 —	11 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	13 —	12 8	...	...
Amritsar	11 8	11 4	19 8	18 8	...	...	7 12	8 —	19 8	19 8	15 —	16 —
Sialkot	12 8	12 —	20 —	22 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	21 —	20 —	18 —	19 —
Hills—												
Simla	9 8	9 7	15 1	13 10	...	...	8 —	8 4	16 12	17 6	13 —	13 3
Kangra	14 —	13 —	23 —	23 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	11 4	11 —	16 8	17 —	...	...	7 —	6 12	21 —	19 —	16 —	17 —
Attock	11 12	11 12	21 —	21 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	16 —	16 —
Western—												
Shahpur	11 8	11 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	14 —	14 —
Jhang	11 8	11 3	21 8	19 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	22 8	22 8	20 —	16 —
Lyallpur	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	6 4	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Multan	9 12	9 12	21 —	20 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 —	17 —	15 8	15 8
Montgomery	11 10	11 4	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	16 6	...	18 —
Muzaffargarh	11 8	11 4	16 8	15 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	15 8	14 8	16 —	16 —
Dera Ghazi Khan	10 12	10 8	16 —	15 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	14 8	14 —	14 —	13 8
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Rawala	11 12	11 12	19 4	21 8	3 3	3 3	8 8	8 —	...	...	14 8	14 8
Peshawar	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	4 14	4 14	7 13	7 8	12 —	12 —	14 —	14 —
Kohat	11 —	11 —	17 10	17 10	4 8	4 8	8 15	8 15	19 10	19 10	17 9	17 14
Bannu	12 11	13 8	19 1	19 11	3 9	3 9	10 —	9 6	23 2	22 8	17 3	17 8
Dera Ismael Khan	11 8	11 2	16 —	16 —	3 7	3 6	6 1	6 1	16 15	15 12	14 8	13 9
Tochi	15 —	14 8	23 —	23 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Kurram	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	10 —	10 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Malakand	10 8	11 8	20 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Wana	9 4	9 4	10 7	10 —	3 —	2 15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	6 12	9 —	8 12	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Hyderabad	9 —	8 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Thar and Parkar (Umarkot)	9 8	10 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	12 8	12 8	...	...	16 —	18 —
Shikarpur	10 —	9 12	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 3	7 8	16 —	17 —	18 —	18 —
Upper Sind Frontier	9 4	9 4	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	18 —	18 —	17 —
Quetta	9 4	9 4	11 14	11 14	3 —	3 —	6 6	6 6	12 1	11 10	12 1	11 10
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 13	7 13	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 8	10 8	11 9	11 9	10 12	10 12
Ratnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	8 —	7 4	10 11	10 —	11 11	10 6	11 4	10 10
Alibag	6 —	6 —	...	...	7 3	7 3	8 8	8 8	...	...	9 11	9 11
Bombay	6 3	6 3	...	...	6 6	6 6	9 12	8 12	10 7	10 7	10 10	10 10
Tanna	7 5	7 5	...	...	8 5	8 5	9 4	9 4	...	...	12 4	12 4
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	8 15	8 15	...	...	8 12	8 12	9 4	9 4	13 8	14 6	12 14	13 12
Belgaum	8 9	8 9	...	...	7 15	7 15	8 12	8 12	14 —	13 8	13 13	13 5
Satara	9 11	9 3	...	...	7 6	6 10	7 13	7 2	15 9	14 13	14 15	14 10
Sholapur	10 5	10 5	...	...	7 7	7 7	9 —	9 —	13 8	19 14	20 6	22 3
Bijapur	10 3	10 10	...	...	8 14	8 14	9 6	9 6	17 15	18 6	19 2	18 11
Poona	8 12	8 2	...	...	7 10	7 10	8 5	8 5	16 13	16 13	15 10	15 10
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	10 5	...	...	7 6	7 6	8 2	8 2	19 4	20 10	16 13	16 13
Nasik	9 3	9 3	...	...	7 8	7 8	8 3	8 3	...	...	16 1	16 1
Dhulia	7 7	7 7	...	...	6 6	6 6	7 8	7 8	15 3	15 3	14 8	14 8
Jalgaon	9 1	8 2	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 5	7 5	15 10	17 6	14 13	16 10
Gujarat—												
Surat	7 14	7 14	...	...	6 15	6 15	8 5	5 5	13 14	13 6	13 14	13 6
Broach	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —	13 8	13 8	13 8	13 8
Kaira	8 8	8 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	9 8	9 8	15 —	15 —	14 8	14 8
Baroda	7 8	7 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	13 —	13 —	13 —	13 —
Ahmadabad	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Godhra	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	12 8	12 —
Dasa	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	11 —	11 8
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 —	15 8	15 —	13 8	13 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	8 12	8 12	...	...	5 6	5 6	9 1	9 1	18 14	20 3	...	...
Boshangabad	9 14	9 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	...	...
Betul	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	17 5	17 5	...	...
Chhindwara	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 2	6 2	8 6	8 6	15 —	10 14	...	...
Nagpur	10 3	10 3	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	13 13	13 13	...	...
Wardha	8 12	10 —	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 9	10 3	11 8	13 13	...	...

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANBAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	
...	15 4	15 4	17 —	17 —	9 8	9 8	20 —	20 —	Panjab—continued
...	16 —	17 —	17 —	15 —	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	17 —	17 8	...	...	7 —	6 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	15 —	16 —	18 8	19 —	11 —	11 —	22 —	22 —	Delhi
...	Rohtak
...	Karnal
...	Submontane—
18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	15 4	15 12	19 4	20 4	8 —	7 —	27 —	27 —	Ambala
...	...	13 —	13 —	17 4	17 —	16 8	18 8	8 8	8 8	27 —	27 —	Ludhiana
...	...	13 18	13 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	17 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Jalandhar
...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	15 8	18 —	17 4	...	...	24 —	24 —	Hoshiarpur
...	16 8	16 —	18 —	16 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Gurdaspur
...	17 8	16 8	15 —	14 —	8 8	8 —	27 —	27 8	Amritsar
...	...	13 —	12 —	16 —	17 —	18 —	19 —	...	...	29 —	29 —	Sialkot
30 —	30 —	30 —	30 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hills—
...	12 15	13 2	16 12	17 2	7 —	7 8	18 12	18 12	Simla
...	13 —	13 —	19 —	18 —	...	...	22 —	22 —	Kangra
...	Northern—
...	...	13 —	...	15 12	15 —	20 —	18 —	8 —	...	26 —	26 —	Rawalpindi
...	15 8	15 8	17 2	17 —	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Attock
...	Western—
...	16 —	17 —	16 —	13 —	7 —	7 —	24 —	23 —	Shahpur
15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —	19 2	16 14	20 —	16 —	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Jhang
...	18 —	18 —	20 —	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Lyallpur
...	...	14 4	14 4	17 12	16 8	19 —	13 12	...	...	23 —	23 —	Multan
...	19 8	18 4	...	...	7 —	7 —	22 —	22 —	Montgomery
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 12	15 4	10 —	10 —	7 —	7 —	21 —	21 —	Muzaffargarh
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	6 4	6 4	25 —	25 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	15 —	...	12 9	12 8	16 12	18 —	...	...	19 6	20 10	Hazara
...	...	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —	17 —	18 —	11 —	11 —	24 —	24 —	Peshawar
...	14 12	14 7	17 3	16 9	...	...	25 8	25 8	Kohat
...	17 3	18 7	21 3	21 14	...	...	30 10	30 —	Bannu
...	17 —	15 8	12 11	12 11½	6 5	6 5	27 2	27 2	Dera Ismael Khan
...	23 —	23 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Tochi
...	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Kurram
...	12 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	19 —	20 —	Malakand
...	10 10	10 —	...	...	...	...	Wano
...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	14 —	13 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	26 —	26 —	Karachi
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 —	24 —	Hyderabad
...	Thar and Parkar
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	26 —	26 —	(Umarkot)
...	12 8	12 8	...	...	9 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Shikarpur
...	14 —	13 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	14 —	14 —	Upper Sind Frontier
...	Quetta
...	11 7	11 7	10 11	...	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	Bombay—
...	Konkan—
12 8	12 8	...	...	11 6	11 6	...	...	7 10	7 10	19 3	19 3	Karwar
12 15	11 8	...	...	11 —	10 5	...	...	8 2	7 7	20 13	20 13	Ratnagiri
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 6	20 6	Alibag
9 —	9 —	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 13	15 12	Bombay
10 14	10 14	...	...	8 14	8 14	...	...	7 5	7 5	24 8	24 8	Tanna
...	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	8 14	8 14	...	...	7 9	7 9	19 3	19 3	Dharwar
14 11	13 15	...	...	10 14	11 7	...	...	7 8	7 8	21 7	20 10	Belgaum
...	10 11	9 15	...	...	9 9	7 8	20 8	19 5	Satara
...	12 3	12 3	...	...	9 3	8 10	18 —	17 4	Sholapur
...	11 12	11 12	...	...	9 3	9 3	21 5	21 5	Bijapur
...	13 5	12 2	...	...	8 10	8 1	22 —	22 —	Poona
...	Khandesh and N.-E.
...	11 5	11 5	...	...	8 6	7 11	17 3	17 3	Deccan—
16 10	16 10	...	...	11 5	11 5	...	...	8 14	8 14	23 10	23 10	Ahmadnagar
...	12 5	12 5	...	...	8 12	8 12	20 2	20 2	Nasik
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	9 2	9 2	14 4	17 2	Dhulia
...	Jalgaon
...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 12	8 12	26 6	26 6	Gujarat—
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Surat
18 —	17 —	...	...	11 8	11 —	...	...	10 8	10 —	26 8	26 8	Broach
14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	21 —	21 —	Kaira
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	26 8	26 8	Baroda
17 8	16 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	25 —	25 —	Ahmadabad
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	25 —	25 —	Godhra
...	Disa
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	120 —	120 —	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	12 9	12 9	...	...	12 9	12 9	18 —	17 4	Western—
...	15 3	15 3	...	...	10 2	10 2	16 —	16 —	Nimar
...	12 14	12 14	...	...	8 6	7 10	13 14	12 11	Hoshangabad
...	11 11	11 11	...	...	7 2	7 2	16 —	16 —	Betul
...	13 1	13 1	...	...	9 13	9 13	16 —	16 —	Chhindwara
...	10 14	10 14	...	...	10 11	10 11	17 —	16 —	Nagpur
...	Warcha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909—concluded [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoideum)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Central Provinces— continued												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	...	...	...
Sangor	10 4	10 4	...	...	7 2	7 2	8 —	9 2	18 5	20 3	...	...
Damoh	11 2	11 2	...	...	9 7	10 10	10 10	11 6	19 8	19 8	...	...
Jubbulpore	9 8	9 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Mandla	10 10	10 —	...	...	7 10	7 2	11 2	10 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	16 —	...	...	...
Balaghāt	8 14	8 14	...	...	5 6	5 6	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Bhandāra	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 4	11 4	17 8	16 4	...	...
Chānda	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 14	8 14	10 —	11 6	13 5	16 —	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilāspur	10 10	10 10	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Raipur	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Drug	10 10	10 10	...	...	11 11	11 11	12 15	12 6	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldāna	9 10	9 10	...	...	7 14	7 14	11 13	11 13	18 5	18 5	...	...
Akola	8 15	8 15	...	...	7 6	7 6	9 6	8 13	17 1	17 1	...	...
Amrāoti	9 7	9 15	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 8	9 9	13 2	14 1	...	...
Yeotmal	8 8	9 11	...	...	6 14	4 6	9 15	9 15	16 —	18 3	...	...
Nizam's Territories— Secunderabad*												
	6 13	6 13	10 7	9 5	4 10	4 10	9 10	10 7	14 —	14 —	16 5	16 5
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 8	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 7	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 9	12 9	10 15	10 15
Nilgiris . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	13 6	12 15	11 5	11 5
Central—												
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	15 13	14 13	...	...
Anantapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 13	16 10	16 10	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	14 2	14 2	16 6	16 6
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	17 9	16 14	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	8 —	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	15 13	15 13
Godavari . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 12	10 1	18 6	16 13	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 4	10 4	13 8	13 1	...	...
Guntur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 7	9 10	13 9	14 2	12 8	13 —
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	8 13	14 9	14 9	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 10	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	15 1	15 1
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	9 8	...	...	12 5	10 15
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 3	12 9	13 2	12 5	13 —
Southern—												
Tinnevelly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	14 15	14 15	12 5	12 5
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 8	12 9	12 9	11 10	11 10
Mysore—												
Mysore	6 13	6 2	6 13	6 2	6 12	6 4	8 7	8 —	13 2	16 4	...	...
Bangalore	6 —	6 —	6 12	6 12	5 8	5 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Kolar . . . . .	...	...	7 —	7 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Tumkur	7 —	6 —	7 —	6 —	5 8	5 8	8 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Hassan	7 —	7 —	6 3	6 10	6 3	6 8	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	6 4	6 4	7 8	7 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Shimoga	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	8 8	8 8	12 8	12 8	...	...
Chitaldrug	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	7 —	6 12	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 4	6 4	5 12	5 12	7 8	7 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Aden	6 12	7 —	...	...	6 3	5 10	9 5	9 5	14 —	14 —	12 7	11 13

* Including Bolaram

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arictinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	
...	...	...	...	16 1	14 10	...	...	10 6	10 6	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces— continued
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 9	8 9	18 5	18 5	Central—
...	...	...	...	15 2	15 2	...	...	9 2	8 —	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	17 —	16 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	15 6	15 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	14 —	13 8	Damoh
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	...	6 14	6 14	16 8	16 8	Mandla
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 —	...	...	8 12	8 12	17 4	17 4	Seoni
...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	...	...	11 6	11 6	16 —	16 —	Balaghāt
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhandāra
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chānda
...	...	...	...	14 3	12 13	...	...	9 2	9 2	12 13	12 13	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	15 8	15 8	Bilāspur
...	...	...	...	15 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 4	14 5	Raipur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Drug
...	...	...	...	12 13	12 13	...	...	9 3	9 3	21 13	21 13	Berar—
...	...	...	...	12 1	11 10	...	...	9 2	8 8	17 1	17 1	Buldāna
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	11 9	11 9	18 —	18 —	Akola
...	...	...	...	12 13	12 13	...	...	12 13	12 13	17 3	17 3	Amrāoti
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yeotmal
16 5	15 15	...	...	10 7	10 3	...	...	11 13	12 13	14 —	14 —	Nizam's Territories— Secunderabad
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 8	17 5	Madras—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 8	13 15	S. Canara
13 5	13 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 6	14 6	South, central—
13 9	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 6	19 13	Coimbatore
15 13	15 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nilgiris
14 13	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Salem
16 4	16 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 11	15 11	Central—
15 11	15 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 14	19 14	Bellary
15 10	14 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 7	21 7	Anantapur
17 7	18 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 3	16 13	Cuddapah
14 11	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 6	25 11	Karnul
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	East Coast, north—
12 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ganjam
13 —	12 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Vizagapatam
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Godavari
13 11	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	East Coast, central—
14 1	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29 1	29 5	Kistna
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Guntur
14 7	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 8	23 8	Nellore
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 —	22 3	East Coast, south—
14 13	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 10	23 7	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 5	21 12	Chingleput
13 2	12 11	...	...	8 6	7 8	...	...	6 13	6 12	15 12	17 11	N. Arcot
11 8	11 4	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	14 —	14 —	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	18 —	18 —	Tanjore
11 8	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Trichinopoly
12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Southern—
11 —	12 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Tinnevely
13 —	13 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 8	5 —	18 —	18 —	Madura
14 —	14 —	16 —	16 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 4	...	...	6 —	6 —	13 8	13 —	Mysore
...	...	...	...	11 3	10 11	...	...	9 5	8 10	32 —	32 —	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kolar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tumkur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hassan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shimoga
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chitaldrug
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ooorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceW. MAXWELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 10, 1909

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	IN THE EIGHT MONTHS, APRIL TO NOVEMBER, OF									
	1900-01	1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
<i>Special Import Duties</i>										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	1,80	2,05	2,21	2,10	2,72	2,63	2,69	3,54	3,40	3,31
<i>Liquors—</i>										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	1,26	1,35	1,48	1,67	1,81	1,80	1,97	1,88	3,26	3,28
Spirits and liqueurs	42,01	41,66	44,72	48,61	49,03	51,93	48,43	59,94	61,01	61,04
Wines	2,18	2,17	2,53	2,39	2,23	2,49	2,38	2,52	2,48	2,40
Opium	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2
Petroleum	28,75	34,75	36,65	29,85	29,25	26,05	23,15	29,92	35,35	30,55
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	11,98	19,54	16,23	1,97	10	1	1	...	...	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	—	—	3,21	14	8	...	...	...	...	...
<i>General Import Duties</i>										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	9,97	9,45	8,88	9,43	10,97	12,18	12,66	15,56	17,25	15,52
Sugar (ordinary duties)	18,43	18,29	16,58	18,42	20,23	22,01	32,42	29,17	34,79	39,44
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics, and dyeing and tanning materials	6,73	7,64	7,48	8,91	8,68	9,28	9,69	12,14	10,87	12,37
<i>Cotton manufactures—</i>										
Piece goods, grey	29,72	33,63	35,00	30,44	36,93	41,69	43,26	45,25	36,06	39,96
“ white	11,83	18,81	10,71	12,54	17,89	18,68	15,88	25,49	19,78	14,99
“ coloured	12,94	16,23	14,85	18,60	21,43	21,93	22,26	25,33	25,29	18,63
Other goods	1,77	2,12	1,66	2,63	3,81	4,23	4,54	4,71	4,60	4,44
<i>Metals and manufactures of—</i>										
Silver, bullion and coin	8,31	19,47	28,25	25,05	26,26	18,32	29,48	33,46	49,52	37,18
Other metals and manufactures of metals	13,81	15,19	19,98	20,63	24,40	20,67	22,38	26,60	32,53	28,87
Oils (excluding petroleum)	1,01	1,28	1,03	65	58	78	1,38	1,83	98	80
Manufactured articles	38,11	41,67	40,01	46,85	55,84	56,15	55,63	65,23	66,77	61,23
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	6,59	6,42	5,97	5,81	6,67	8,02	7,55	9,33	11,08	9,62
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,47,21	2,91,74	2,97,45	2,86,71	3,18,94	3,18,87	3,35,78	3,91,93	4,15,04	3,83,65
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	7,37	10,08	11,14	12,57	13,47	15,98	16,28	18,30	19,05	20,91
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice and Rice-flour	48,06	50,00	67,07	62,68	74,48	63,87	54,64	52,96	38,68	48,47
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	5,04	5,42	5,46	6,29	6,45	5,60	6,05	6,79	5,85	6,57
GRAND TOTAL	3,07,68	3,57,84	3,81,12	3,68,25	4,13,34	4,06,32	4,12,75	4,69,98	4,78,62	4,59,60
<i>Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports</i>										
Bengal	Imports	1,01,03	1,09,03	1,10,20	1,01,06	1,14,07	1,17,03	1,18,20	1,47,94	1,31,87
	Exports	13,45	8,45	8,73	9,21	11,31	14,23	7,29	4,96	3,47
Eastern Bengal and Assam	Imports	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	45	62
	Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	3
Bombay	Imports	82,25	1,06,41	1,15,62	1,10,17	1,21,12	1,19,81	1,26,67	1,44,49	1,57,81
	Exports	1,95	1,46	2,31	1,46	1,55	1,14	1,10	97	1,35
Sind	Imports	21,73	29,23	27,36	21,67	24,96	27,13	31,86	32,28	41,76
	Exports	45	1,39	85	75	1,13	95	2,46	2,61	1,18
Madras	Imports	20,93	25,74	24,78	26,68	27,41	25,61	26,75	30,34	37,61
	Exports	1,71	3,74	4,43	6,70	5,05	3,05	5,65	7,75	6,85
Burma	Imports	21,27	21,33	20,09	27,13	31,38	29,29	31,95	36,43	45,37
	Exports	30,50	34,96	50,75	44,56	55,44	46,50	38,14	36,67	25,80

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

J. S. MESTON
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 6, 1909

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 9th December, 1909.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 4th December 1909, is published for general information:—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	9	5
		Ahmedabad Town	5	2
		Ahmedabad District	17	10
		Kaira District	33	14
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	34	13
		Palanpur Agency	4	7
		Mahi Kantha Agency	8	4
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana "	1	1
		Vesava "	7	4
		Agasahi "	10	10
		Bandra " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	7	7
	Central.	East Khandesh District	19	11
		Nasik District	8	8
		Poona City	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Poona District	9	6
		Satara "	358	200
		Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	...
	Southern.	Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	5	5
		Belgaum "	98	94
		Hubli Town	9	7
		Dharwar District	44	30
		Bijapur "	47	44
		Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	...
	Sind.	Karachi Town and Port	40	30
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
		Mandvi Port	2	2
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	2
		Verawal Port . . . . .	...	...
		Porbandar "	28	17
		Jamnagar Town and Port	24	23
		Kathiawar Agency	6	5
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	63	50
		Satara Agency	21	10
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	89	55
		Poltical Chargees.	...	...
		TOTAL.	1,008	677

(a) Imported

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Salem District	2	1
		Coimbatore Town	22	15
		Coimbatore District	54	48
		Ootacamund Town	1	1
		Nilgiris District	2(a)	1 (a)
		Mangalore Port	5	5
		Malabar District	4	6
		North Arcot District . . . . .	...	...
		Trichinopoly „ . . . . .	...	...
		Anantapur District . . . . .	...	...
		South Canara District . . . . .	...	...
		Bellary District . . . . .	...	...
		Tinnevely District . . . . .	...	...
Tot . L			90	77
BENGAL.	{	Calcutta	5	5
		24 Parganas} District . . . . .	...	...
	Patna	Saran District	51	42
		Shahabad District	32	17
		Darbhanga District	12	13
		Patna City . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	28	18
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	7	7
		Monghyr District	24	13
	TOTAL			159	115

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	10	10
		Aligarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Bulandshahr District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Muttra District	45	45
		Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	28	28
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
		Furrukhabad District	30	23
		Mainpuri District	15	12
		Agra City . . . . .	...	...
		Agra District	5	4
		Etah "	9	9
	Rohilkhand.	Bareilly District	5	3
		Budaun	14	10
		Moradabad District	7	7
	Allahabad	Allahabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Cawnpur City	6	5
		Cawnpur District	50	43
	Benares	Ballia District	613	530
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	43	29
		Ghazipur "	29	24
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	425	343
		Gorakhpur City	70	70
		Gorakhpur District	137	122
		Basti District	1	1
	Lucknow	Unao District	89	76
		Rae Bareilly District	35	23
		Gonda " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi "	11	4
		Lucknow City	1	1

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Fyzabad	Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh "	15	13
		TOTAL	1,693	1,435
	Delhi	Gurgaon District	109	103
		Hissar "	80	79
		Delhi "	69	47
		Bohtak "	89	89
		Karnal "	41	34
		Ambala "	3	3
		Ludhiana "	76	62
PUNJAB.	Jullundur	Jullundur District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoehiarpur District	35	35
		Ferozepur "	111	78
		Montgomery District	16	16
	Lahore	Lahore City	5	3
		Lahore District	10	8
		Amritsar District	16	16
		Gurdaspur "	24	24
		Gujranwala "	3	3
	Rawalpindi.	Sialkot "	4	4
		Shahpur District	4	2
		Jhelum "	1(a)	...
	Multan	Gujrat " . . . . .	...	...
		Lyallpur District	7	2
	...	Patiala State	29	25
		Kapurthala State	75	71
		Malir Kotla State	7(b)	6(b)
		Jind State	40	21
		TOTAL	854	731
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	2	2
		Pegu District . . . . .	...	...
		Tharrawaddy "	1	1
		Prome "	1	1
	Irrawaddy	Bassien District . . . . .	...	...
		Hensada "	3	3
		Myaungmya " . . . . .	...	...
	Tenas-serim.	Thaton District . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
		Amherst (Moulmein) District . . . . .	...	...
	Mazwe	Thayetymyo District . . . . .	...	...

(a) Imported.

(b) Figure for the week ending 27th November 1909.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA.	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1
		Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
		Mandalay District	9	10
		Katha " . . . . .	...	...
	Sagaing	Lower Chindwin District	9	7
		Sagaing "	8	8
	Meiktila	Myingyan District . . . . .	...	...
		Meiktila " . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin "	8	8
	TOTAL		42	41
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BEHAR).	Nagpur	Nagpur City	72	68
		Kamptee Town	8	7
		Nagpur District	119	117
		Wardha Town	3	4
		Wardha District	20	12
		Bhandara District	80(a)	48(a)
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	37	30
		Jubbulpore District	1(b)	1(b)
		Seoni District	1(b)	...
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	1(b)	2(b)
		Narsingpur Town	20	15
		Narsingpur District	1(b)	1(b)

(a) One imported.

(b) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Berar	Akola District	30	19
		Buldana Town	11	7
		Buldana District	68	52
		Amraoti District	50	48
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	522	431
COORG.	Coorg	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	15	12
		Bangalore City	2	...
		Bangalore District	31	16
		Mysore City	34	22
		Mysore District	72	54
		Hassan " . . . . .	...	...
		Kadur "	3	2
		Kolar " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields . . . . .	...	...
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga "	17	9
		Chitaldroog "	2	...
		TOTAL	176	115
MADRAS STATE.	...	Raichur District	2(a)	2(a)
		TOTAL	2	2

(a) Figures for the period from 22nd to 28th November 1909

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	90	69
		Indore Residency	21	16
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	47(a)	43(a)
		Dewas Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch) . . . . .	...	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Malwa Agency	9(b)	6(b)
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora Town . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State	1(b)	2(b)
		TOTAL	168	136
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER MERWARA	...	Mewar State	53(c)	16(c)
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar State (Jodhpur)	15	12
		Jaipur City	2	1
		Jaipur State	98	90
		Kishangarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bikaner State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhalawar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah „ . . . . .	...	...

(a) Figures for the two weeks ending 27th November 1909.
(b) Figure for the week ending 20th November 1909.
(c) Figures for the week ending 26th November 1909.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJ- PUTANA AND AJMER; MERWARA	...	Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura „ . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar City . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli State . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara State . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	20 } (b)	15 } (c)
		Ajmer City	69 }	65 }
		Ajmer District . . . . .	...	...
		Deoli . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District	58(a)	49(a)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	TOTAL	315	248
		Nowshera Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Jammu District	13	5
		Mirpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua „ . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	13	5
BALU- CHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Las Bela State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	5,042	4,013

(a) Figures for the week ending 26th November 1909.

H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N R.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.										RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.									
AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.		Decrease.		Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.		Decrease.	
During 2nd half of 1908.	During official year 1908-09.	1908.	1909.	28th November 1908.	27th November 1909.	1908.	1909.	28th November 1908.	27th November 1909.	R	R	R	R	28th November 1908.	27th November 1909.	R	R	R	R
RAILWAYS.																			
State and Guaranteed Railways.																			
Bengal-Nagpur (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)																			
222	242	2,271	2,350	5,41,519	5,69,000	238	242	98,40,825	95,77,000	...	...	2,72,825	...	1,61,64,925	1,75,42,000	...	7,77,075	...	28,955
281	307	21	21	6,191	6,500	295	309	1,12,764	1,11,000	...	...	1,704	...	2,22,953	1,94,000	...	...	...	...
679	791	504	504	3,96,014	4,45,000	786	883	68,10,382	72,19,000	4,08,618	...	...	...	1,30,38,816	1,38,03,000	...	7,69,184	...	...
36	33	139	339	3,986	10,200	29	30	93,193	2,17,000	1,23,807	...	...	...	1,85,975	3,27,000	...	1,41,025	...	...
460	405	1,274	1,497	7,48,852	6,23,000	588	416	1,24,55,492	1,23,39,000	1,16,492	...	...	...	1,80,34,403	1,81,44,000	...	1,09,597	...	...
East Indian																			
652	674	2,338	2,338	16,52,959	16,93,000	707	724	3,31,36,717	3,07,12,000	24,41,777	...	...	24,24,717	5,38,98,749	5,14,97,000	...	31,68,927	...	24,01,749
498	570	1,606	1,605	10,69,211	15,03,000	666	936	1,50,88,223	1,75,30,000	74,187	...	...	...	2,68,19,073	2,99,88,000	...	18,478	...	...
214	219	126	126	20,890	38,000	165	302	5,58,813	6,33,000	...	...	...	...	9,77,522	9,96,000	...	38,662	...	1,85,766
10	11	13	40	123	2,600	9	65	2,838	20,100	53,719	...	...	...	64,01,766	62,16,000	...	...	...	...
190	214	916	916	2,16,362	2,14,000	236	234	34,72,281	35,46,000	8,92,000	...	...	...	1,82,60,117	1,92,63,000	...	10,02,883	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3 1/2" gauge lines)																			
202	219	2,542	2,578	5,26,265	5,52,000	207	218	1,03,52,000	1,12,44,000	43,58,040	...	...	...	3,60,80,169	4,51,12,000	...	90,31,831	...	...
279	299	3,614	3,718	11,37,303	12,50,000	315	336	2,16,52,960	2,66,11,000	1,65,449	...	...	...	1,00,24,737	1,04,14,000	...	3,89,263	...	22,381
208	233	1,298	1,306	2,89,029	3,57,000	223	273	55,46,551	57,12,000	...	...	...	...	2,57,381	2,35,000	...	...	...	...
205	226	32	32	5,510	7,600	172	237	1,44,400	1,32,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
North Western (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)																			
119	118	771	771	96,500	1,12,000	125	145	19,42,459	20,25,000	82,541	...	...	...	30,44,477	31,69,000	...	1,24,523	...	...
105	122	49	52	5,326	6,400	109	123	1,12,299	1,30,000	17,791	...	...	...	2,02,674	2,32,000	...	29,326	...	...
204	241	1,475	1,527	3,38,790	3,68,000	230	241	61,43,432	63,32,000	1,88,568	...	...	...	1,09,82,959	1,15,74,000	...	5,91,041	...	...
107	111	124	124	16,333	14,600	132	118	2,65,612	2,86,000	20,378	...	...	...	4,65,317	4,98,000	...	32,683	...	...
133	159	200	200	40,493	33,000	202	165	5,20,754	5,17,000	...	...	...	...	9,02,054	10,10,000	...	47,946	...	...
146	146	401	401	57,006	48,800	142	122	12,37,948	9,91,000	2,46,948	...	...	...	20,34,998	16,37,000	...	6,060	...	3,97,998
40	52	17	17	935	700	55	41	13,363	16,300	2,937	...	...	...	29,140	35,200	...	...	...	...
223	245	1,914	1,915	4,79,549	5,01,000	251	262	85,61,611	84,30,000	...	...	1,31,611	...	1,52,59,933	1,53,21,000	...	70,007	...	...
286	292	1,387	1,396	3,85,113	4,27,000	278	306	78,48,333	84,50,000	6,01,667	...	...	...	1,32,99,884	1,41,41,000	...	8,41,116	...	10,303
122	130	103	103	13,159	13,800	128	134	2,57,383	2,65,000	7,617	...	...	...	4,02,303	4,52,000	...	...	...	3,693
118	117	108	108	11,976	14,700	111	136	2,61,614	2,74,000	12,376	...	...	...	4,30,635	4,33,000	...	...	...	6,45,486
180	200	774	775	1,63,014	1,54,000	211	199	29,19,846	23,18,000	...	...	6,01,846	...	52,75,486	46,30,000	...	...	...	...
Tirhoot State																			
63	60	32	32	1,902	1,900	59	59	42,085	38,700	...	...	3,385	...	64,723	63,200	...	...	...	1,533
302	322	24,049	24,792	82,24,310	89,66,806	342	302	14,94,13,198	15,50,65,100	56,51,902	25,34,81,007	26,69,72,900	...	1,34,91,893
TOTAL																			
All other Railways.																			
Jorhat																			
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(a) From 1st July 1908.
(b) Opened from 2nd May 1909.

Calcutta, the 9th December 1909.

C. WATSON, *Lieut., R. E.,*
for Secretary, Railway Board.

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SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India

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OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

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No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday,
the 16th December 1909, based on the Indian Daily Weather
Reports of the period.**

A depression from Persia entered Sind on the 11th and while passing eastward a second depression of considerable intensity appeared in the central Punjab and north Rajputana on the 14th. The precipitation given by the combined disturbance was unusually widespread and extended over the whole of northwest India, the west of the United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces. Some heavy falls of rain and snow were reported from upper India. Both depressions had disappeared by the morning of the 15th, but weather continued disturbed in the hill region in the extreme north of India.

With the exception of local falls of rain in the south of the Peninsula, no rainfall occurred outside the area affected by the depression from Persia. The cloud given by the disturbance caused unusually high night temperature while the day temperatures recorded after the rainfall were very much below normal in northwest India.

Burma.—No rain fell except at Slipper Island. Skies were clear or lightly clouded. Temperature was normal.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—There was no rain. Skies were clear or lightly clouded. Temperature agreed closely with the normal.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rainfall occurred at nearly all stations in the west of the United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces. Skies were moderately to heavily clouded on the 14th and clear or only lightly clouded on the remaining days. Minimum temperature was in marked excess from the 13th to the 16th.

Northwest India.—The disturbance from the west gave precipitation over the whole of Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab and Rajputana, and in parts of lower Sind and Gujarat. Skies were cloudy on most days being most heavily overcast on the 13th. The cloud was the cause of unusually high night temperature while the rainfall occasioned a large fall in day temperature, the maxima reported on the 14th and 15th being in large defect over practically the whole division.

The Peninsula.—Local falls of rain occurred in the south and in the Bombay Deccan. Skies were cloudy on most days in the Madras presidency and on the 13th cloud covered the whole division. In the Deccan night temperature was higher than usual.

The following summarises the chief rainfall amounts as reported at 8hrs. each day :—

December 11th.	Trivandrum 1'25".
" 12th.	Tinnevely 2'02".
" 13th.	Multan 0'40".
" 14th.	Jhansi 0'70", Hoshangabad 0'90", Sirsa 0'80", Lahore 1'54", Rawalpindi 1'37", Montgomery 1'84", Cherat 1'40" and Tinnevely 1'15".
" 15th.	Chakrata 2'19", Muktesar 1'14", Meerut 1'25", Dehra Dun 0'92", Sonemarg 2'25", Cherat 3'87", Peshawar 1'20", Rawalpindi 2'35", Sialkot 2'64" and Ludhiana 1'18".
" 16th.	Amraoti 1'10", Nagpur 0'80" and Sonemarg 1'03".

The rainfall of the week was above the average by twenty per cent. or more in north-west India (excluding Baluchistan), the west of the United Provinces, Central India, east Berar, the Central Provinces, Mysore and Malabar. The rainfall of the period beginning on the 3rd December is twenty per cent. or more in excess in the regions already mentioned as well as in Burma, Eastern Bengal, Bengal proper and on the north Madras coast.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 16TH DECEMBER 1909			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD DECEMBER 1909 TO 16TH DECEMBER 1909.				
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0'5	1'5	-1'0	0'6	3'4	- 2'8	- 82	- 95
Lower Burma	0	0'1	-0'1	0'3	0'2	+ 0'1	+ 50	+200
Upper Burma	0	0'2	-0'2	0'4	0'3	+ 0'1	+ 33	+300
Assam	0	0'1	-0'1	0'1	0'2	- 0'1	- 50	0
Eastern Bengal	0	0'1	-0'1	1'1	0'2	+ 0'9	+450	+1,000
Bengal	0	0	0	0'8	0'1	+ 0'7	+700	+700
Orissa	0	0'1	-0'1	2'4	0'2	+ 2'2	+1,100	+2,300
Chota Nagpur	0	0'1	-0'1	0'1	0'1	0	0	00
Bihar	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	- 0'1	-100	0
United Provinces, East	0'1	0'1	0	0'1	0'1	0	0	0
United Provinces, West	0'9	0'2	+0'7	0'9	0'2	+ 0'7	+350	-100
Punjab, East and North	2'1	0'2	+1'9	2'1	0'2	+ 1'9	+950	0
Punjab, South-west	1'4	0'1	+1'3	1'4	0'2	+ 1'2	+600	0
Kashmir	0'4	0'1	+0'3	0'4	0'2	+ 0'2	+100	0
N.W. Frontier Province	0'9	0'1	+0'8	0'9	0'1	+ 0'8	+800	0
Baluchistan	0'1	0'2	-0'1	0'1	0'5	- 0'4	- 80	-100
Sind	0'3	0	+0'3	0'3	0	+ 0'3	00	0
Rajputana, West	0'7	0'1	+0'6	0'7	0'1	+ 0'6	+600	0
Rajputana, East	0'8	0'1	+0'7	0'8	0'2	+ 0'6	+300	-100
Gujarat	0'3	0	+0'3	0'3	0	+ 0'3	00	0
Central India, West	0'1	0'1	0	0'1	0'1	0	0	0
Central India, East	0'3	0'2	+0'1	0'3	0'2	+ 0'1	+ 50	-100
Berar	0'9	0'2	+0'7	0'9	0'2	+ 0'7	+350	-100
Central Provinces, West	0'7	0'2	+0'5	0'7	0'3	+ 0'4	+133	0
Central Provinces, East	0'3	0'1	+0'2	0'3	0'1	+ 0'2	+200	0
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bombay Deccan	0'1	0'1	0	0'1	0'1	0	0	-100
Hyderabad, North	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	- 0'1	-100	-100
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mysore	0'3	0'1	+0'2	0'3	0'1	+ 0'2	+200	-100
Malabar	0'7	0'3	+0'4	0'9	0'7	+ 0'2	+ 29	- 50
Madras, South-east	0'5	1'0	-0'5	0'8	2'4	- 1'6	- 67	- 77
Madras Deccan	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'2	- 0'2	-100	-100
Madras Coast, North	0	0'2	-0'2	3'9	0'7	+ 3'2	+457	+680

J. PATTERSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.
R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 16th December 1909.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 11th
December 1909.

Burma.—Rain fell in the Arakan district, in the northern district and in the Chin hills and Pakokku hills. There were slight showers in a few other districts. Harvesting of groundnuts, cotton and early varieties of rice progresses, but reaping of the main winter rice crop is not yet general. Progress in planting of beans and other dry weather crops is normal. Standing crops are thriving. Seven districts report a fall in the price of unhusked rice.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—Light to moderate rain fell in parts of the Dacca, Chittagong and Surma Valley divisions. There was practically no rain elsewhere. Harvesting of winter rice is in progress, and a good outturn is expected. Transplantation of tobacco still continues and promises well. Sowing of mustard is almost finished. Prospects of mustard, sugarcane and pulses are fair. Harvesting of millet and paddy is still in progress in the hills. The average price of common rice has fallen by about 2 per cent. since last week. Cattle disease prevails in Kamrup.

Bengal.—There was moderate rain in parts of Cuttack, Balasore, Puri and Midnapore; light rain in Bankura, Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Khulna, Sambalpur and Singhbhum, and no rain in the rest of the Province. Harvesting of winter rice is going on. Prospects of the crop are very good. Sugarcane-pressing continues in Bihar and Orissa. Sowing of spring crops is still going on in some districts. The early sown crops are doing well, but more rain is wanted in parts of Patna, the Sonthal Parganas and Hazaribagh. The price of common rice has risen in Murshidabad and Manbhum, and has fallen in fourteen districts. Cattle disease is reported from several districts. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. Some rain fell since the close of the week. Pressing of sugarcane, picking of cotton and irrigation of spring crops are in progress. Standing crops are doing well, and prospects are favourable. Cattle are in good condition except in fifteen districts. Fodder and water are ample. Markets are well supplied. Prices show little change, having risen in five and fallen in six districts. The average price of the cheapest grains is 18 to 22 seers per rupee, the normal price being 24 seers. The average price of wheat is 10 seers and the normal 15.

Punjab.—Slight rain fell in parts of Hissar, Shahpur, Rawalpindi, Lyallpur and Multan. Rain is wanted in Mianwali. Harvesting of autumn crops is in progress in some districts. The outturn of autumn crops continues satisfactorily. Standing spring crops are generally good to average except in parts of Mianwali, where the crops are poor. Damage by rats is reported in parts of Rohtak and Ferozepore. Prices are generally unchanged, but have risen slightly in some districts. Cattle are in good condition. Fodder is generally sufficient. The water supply is scarce in the Thal tract of Mianwali.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rain averaging from 5 cents in Hazara to 57 cents in Peshawar fell all over the Province. The rain proved very beneficial to the standing crops and for further spring sowings. Standing crops are generally average throughout the Province. Harvesting of autumn crops still continues, and the outturn is generally average except in the Dera Ismail Khan district, where it is reported below average. Pressing of sugarcane and picking of cotton are in progress. Sowings of spring crops continue. The water supply is generally sufficient. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district is still stopped. Fodder is scarce in the Shigga circle of the Marwat tahsil of the Bannu district. Cattle are generally in good condition except in the Dera Ismail Khan district and in one village in the Bannu tahsil. Malarial fever is still prevalent in some parts of the Peshawar district and in the Bannu district. Prices show a slight tendency to rise. Prices:—wheat 10½ to 12½; gram 15 to 20; maize 15 to 21; bajra 16½ to 18; and barley 18½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat fell from 12 to 20 and maize from 14 to 30 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Ramnagar and Sambha tahsils of the province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—The rain which fell during the week did good to cultivated spring crops. Water for irrigation is sufficient. There is no disease among cattle. On account of flood, fodder is insufficient in the riverain tracts. Prices are unchanged. Spring crops are being sown.

Rajputana.—Harvesting of autumn and sowing and watering of spring crops continue. Standing crops and outturn are fair to good. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Mewar, Jaisalmer and Karauli. Fodder is sufficient. Prices are rising in Mewar, Partabgarh, Tonk, Kotah, Jhalawar, Alwar, Karauli, Dholpur and Merwara, and are steady or falling elsewhere.

Central India.—Rainfall *nil*. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. Crops have been damaged slightly in parts of Indore, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Agricultural stock are satisfactory except that some cattle disease prevails in parts of Indore, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are steady or falling. Poppy sowing is in progress in Gwalior and Indore.

Central Provinces.—The weather was cool and occasionally cloudy. Mandla, Balaghat, Chanda and the districts of Chhattisgarh had no rain. All other districts received light showers during the week ranging from 3 cents each in Chhindwara and Buldana to 90 cents in Hoshangabad. The fall was most opportune and greatly benefited the standing crops. A shower is required for the improvement of spring crops in Chanda, Seoni, Chhindwara and Bilaspur. Picking of cotton, and reaping, threshing and winnowing of autumn crops are in full swing everywhere. Prospects are generally satisfactory. The condition of cattle is good, and fodder and water are sufficient. Prices:—wheat in Mandla and Seoni and rice in Bilaspur rose by $\frac{1}{2}$ seer per rupee. *Juar* in Nimar, Wardha and Buldana fell by 1 seer. Gram in Chhindwara and *juar* in Yeotmal became dearer by 1 and $1\frac{1}{2}$ seers respectively. Variations in staple food grains were unimportant elsewhere.

Feudatory States.—During the week a sprinkling of rain was received in Jashpur only. Wheat has been damaged slightly by white-ants in Khairagarh and is withering in places on light soils in Kawardha for want of moisture. Prospects are generally good, but a shower would greatly benefit the crops in Kawardha, Chhuikhadan, Khairagarh and Sirguja. The supply of fodder and water is adequate everywhere. Prices:—rice in Kawardha and Raigarh became cheaper by $1\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. Wheat rose and *kodon* fell in Kawardha by $2\frac{1}{2}$ and 3 seers respectively. Prices were steady or fluctuated slightly elsewhere.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of Karachi, Kaira, West Khandesh, Kathiawar, Cutch, Mahi Kantha and Kolhapur. Rain is needed in parts of the Deccan and Bijapur. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Kolhapur; they have been damaged slightly by insects in Belgaum and Kolhapur and are generally in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops are progressing generally. Threshing is in progress in parts of Sind, Kaira, the Konkan, East Khandesh, Nasik and Ahmednagar. Picking of cotton is progressing in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Kathiawar. The fodder supply is generally adequate. Agricultural stock are sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and generally in good condition. Drinking water is generally sufficient. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of West Khandesh, Nasik and Poona. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have fallen in Kanara, Sholapur and Belgaum; have risen in Larkana, the Upper Sind Frontier, Surat and Poona and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 18 to 40 per cent.; in the Konkan 2 to 32 per cent.; and in the Karnatak 8 to 29 per cent. less than the normal. In Gujarat prices range from 3 per cent. more than the normal to 13 per cent. less, and in the Deccan from 6 per cent. more to 13 per cent. less.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week except at Nander and Parbhani. The weather is unsettled in the western districts. Rain is most needed in the eastern districts. The autumn crops are still being harvested in many parts of Maharatwada. Standing crops are generally fair to good. Autumn cotton is still being picked in most parts. The early rice crop is being harvested, but the crop has suffered generally in Telingana, especially in the Medak, Nizamabad, Warangal and Karimnagar districts. Spring sowings still continue, but are suspended in the Kodangal taluka of the Gulbarga district and in the Yellandu taluka of the Warangal district. The crop is being weeded in parts, but needs more rain, especially in the Telingana tract. The crop is also being damaged by insects in parts of the Kodangal taluka of the Gulbarga district and the Alampur taluka of the Raichur district. Lands are being prepared for late rice sowings. Rice is being sown in the Telingana country, but the area is probably limited as tanks have generally little water. Cattle disease prevails in 7 talukas and fodder scarcity in 8. There is water scarcity in parts of Lingsugur in the Raichur district and Janwada in the Bidar district. The water supply is decreasing in the Ashti taluka of the Bir district, Pallam in

the Parbhani district, Udgir in the Bidar district, Paloncha in the Warangal district and Mahadeopur and Karimnagar in the Karimnagar district. Prices :—wheat 7; coarse rice 7; and *juar* 14½ seers per rupee. Prices show an upward tendency in the case of *juar* to the extent of ¼ seer. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad city at 13 seers per rupee. Yellow *juar* is not available. The highest price in districts is 8 seers in the Chinnur taluka of the Adilabad district and the lowest 24 seers in the Amrabad taluka of the Mahbubnagar district.

Mysore.—Prices of food grains have fallen slightly in Mysore, Hassan and Kadur and are steady elsewhere. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good, but more rain is needed for dry crops in parts of Kolar, Tumkur and Kadur. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall four certs. Rice is in good condition. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy in the Vizagapatam littoral, heavy in Ganjam, good in Vizagapatam; *nil* in Kistna, Guntur, the Deccan, Nellore, Chingleput and Madras and light to fair elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient except in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, the Carnatic, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Tinnevely. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are fair to good, but some in parts of Guntur, the Deccan, Nellore, Chingleput and Central Tanjore require more rain or are withering. Harvests continue in parts with outturn fair to bumper. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of Godavari, Guntur, Bellary, Cuddapah and Nellore. Fodder is scanty in parts of Godavari, Guntur, Cuddapah and Nellore. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in 12 districts; has fallen in 5 and has risen in 5. The prices of millet have fluctuated as follow :—*Ragi* is stationary in nine districts; has fallen in four and has risen in seven. *Cholam* is stationary in two districts; has fallen in five and has risen in six. *Cumbu* is stationary in four districts; has fallen in two and has risen in eight. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally good. The condition of the labouring classes is good and employment is available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IMPORTS (in hundredweights) of COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE, LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA, into certain ports in September 1909, and from 1st January to 30th September 1909 and in the corresponding period of 1908

Whence exported		COTTON, raw										Whence exported	
		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL			
		1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909		
Imports in September													
By Rail and River—		879	2,674	...	...	...	...	...	...	879	2,674	By Rail and River—	
E. B. and Assam		1,799	1,268	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,799	1,268	E. B. and Assam	
Bengal		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh		2,457	1,737	8,917	24,042	...	...	...	...	11,374	25,779	U. P. of Agra and Oudh	
Panjab		238	222	362	1,954	35	243	...	...	633	2,419	Panjab	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		...	...	5	...	4,717	92	...	...	4,722	92	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Raj. and C. India		276	572	1,566	5,124	...	...	...	...	1,842	5,696	Raj. and C. India	
Bombay		...	...	38,240	27,584	...	...	...	555	38,240	28,139	Bombay	
Cent. Provs. and Berar		4,872	...	1,528	349	...	...	...	...	6,400	349	Cent. Provs. and Berar	
Nizam's Territory		...	...	5,350	693	...	...	...	4,266	5,350	4,959	Nizam's Territory	
Madras		...	802	2,447	...	...	...	...	15,615	2,447	16,417	Madras	
Mysore		...	...	232	...	...	...	...	283	232	283	Mysore	
TOTAL		10,521	7,275	58,647	59,746	4,752	335	...	20,719	73,920	88,075	TOTAL	
By Sea—		4,578	5,416	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,578	5,416	By Sea—	
E. B. and Assam		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	E. B. and Assam	
Bengal		1,363	1,807	...	...	555	215	...	1,050	1,918	3,072	Bengal	
Bombay		...	...	4,212	1,207	...	...	...	...	4,212	1,207	Bombay	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		3,327	1,036	378	218	...	...	...	825	3,705	2,079	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Madras		139	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	139	92	Madras	
Burma		...	...	32,455	10,914	...	...	...	...	32,455	10,914	Burma	
Non-Br. Ports in India		...	2	2,647	9,220	...	...	...	232	2,647	9,454	Non-Br. Ports in India	
Foreign countries		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Foreign countries	
TOTAL		9,407	8,353	39,692	21,559	555	215	...	2,107	49,654	32,234	TOTAL	
TOTAL IMPORTS		19,928	15,628	98,339	81,305	5,307	550	...	22,826	123,574	120,309	TOTAL IMPORTS	
Imports to end of September													
By Rail and River—		58,603	80,758	...	...	...	...	...	...	58,603	80,758	By Rail and River—	
E. B. and Assam		19,176	25,572	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,176	25,572	E. B. and Assam	
Bengal		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal	
U. P. of Agra and Oudh		85,299	104,831	332,161	209,621	7,596	6,386	...	...	425,056	320,838	U. P. of Agra and Oudh	
Panjab		19,202	19,992	191,049	128,241	410,422	530,144	...	...	620,673	668,377	Panjab	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		237	2,020	2,223	...	405,651	252,456	...	...	409,111	254,476	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Raj. and C. India		5,020	16,512	239,051	366,166	584	...	...	...	244,655	382,678	Raj. and C. India	
Bombay		5,450	390	2,042,715	2,121,616	...	...	...	11,865	2,048,165	2,133,871	Bombay	
Cent. Provs. and Berar		57,715	73,323	1,321,941	1,435,334	...	...	...	...	1,379,656	1,508,657	Cent. Provs. and Berar	
Nizam's Territory		...	198	280,886	316,821	...	...	...	57,462	280,886	374,481	Nizam's Territory	
Madras		564	6,336	27,136	72,535	...	...	...	459,077	27,700	537,948	Madras	
Mysore		...	...	722	4,369	...	...	...	15,386	722	19,755	Mysore	
TOTAL		251,266	329,932	4,437,884	4,654,704	825,253	778,986	...	543,790	5,514,403	6,307,412	TOTAL	
By Sea—		46,846	73,075	...	...	...	...	...	...	46,846	73,075	By Sea—	
E. B. and Assam		38	17	...	1,731	...	...	...	12,482	38	14,230	E. B. and Assam	
Bengal		58,826	38,840	8,422	10,653	1,767	358	...	19,670	69,015	69,521	Bengal	
Bombay		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan		...	391	150,913	99,061	...	1	...	...	150,913	99,373	Sind and Br. Baluchistan	
Madras		28,451	34,096	8,104	24,235	18	...	...	7,254	36,573	65,585	Madras	
Burma		11,589	37,859	784	593	...	...	...	...	12,373	38,452	Burma	
Non-Br. Ports in India		...	...	755,293	1,042,086	2	542	...	...	755,295	1,042,628	Non-Br. Ports in India	
Foreign countries		1,858	2,063	179,709	96,861	40	2,074	...	619	181,607	101,617	Foreign countries	
TOTAL		147,608	186,261	1,103,225	1,275,220	1,827	2,975	...	40,025	1,252,650	1,504,481	TOTAL	
TOTAL IMPORTS		398,874	516,193	5,541,109	5,929,924	827,080	781,961	...	583,815	6,767,063	7,811,893	TOTAL IMPORTS	

N.B.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" include the ports of Madras, Pondicherry, and the ports of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, and Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara. The last 8 ports were added from 1st April 1909.

* Figures not available

Whence exported	WHEAT								RICE INCLUD			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909
Imports in September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	3,419	749	...	...	...	...	3,419	749	90,857	52,745	*	...
Bengal	913	21,182	...	...	...	...	913	21,182	210,040	322,994	*	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	95,715	237,672	116	12,419	...	14,337	95,831	264,428	10	76	*	...
Panjab	46,178	8,214	31,026	20,508	602,022	308,010	679,286	336,732	74	76	*	2,214
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	118,681	35,627	118,681	35,627	1	7	*	74,215
Raj. and C. India	...	1,697	2,505	27,594	...	...	2,505	29,291	...	917	*	...
Bombay	...	...	4,966	9,804	...	...	4,966	9,804	...	...	*	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	273	20,864	2,543	5,458	...	...	2,816	26,322	182	3	*	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	2	306	...	...	2	306	...	...	*	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	167	*	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...
TOTAL	1,64,498	290,378	41,158	76,089	720,763	357,974	908,419	724,441	301,274	376,985	*	76,429
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	197	...	*	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	39	*	...
Bombay	...	...	556	24	24	15	580	39	...	...	*	1,771
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	89,490	29,375	...	...	89,490	29,375	...	...	*	36
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	...	*	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	707,384	86,567	*	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	19,816	11,936	...	516	19,816	12,452	...	...	*	...
Foreign countries	...	...	10,742	...	...	...	10,742	...	45	21	*	33
TOTAL	...	...	120,604	41,335	24	531	120,628	41,866	707,674	86,627	*	1,840
TOTAL IMPORTS	1,64,498	290,378	161,762	117,424	720,787	358,505	1,029,047	766,307	1,008,918	463,612	*	78,269
Imports to end of September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	26,065	29,486	...	...	...	...	26,065	29,486	1,477,356	1,286,939	*	...
Bengal	98,193	429,698	4	310	...	...	98,197	430,008	1,952,925	4,619,045	*	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	849,850	3,980,176	11,658	574,467	...	466,765	861,508	5,021,408	427	2,123	*	...
Panjab	517,313	50,450	101,532	415,566	2,711,527	11,628,871	3,330,372	12,094,887	717	737	*	24,737
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	499,678	1,191,189	500,268	1,191,189	12	11	*	897,471
Raj. and C. India	590	51,283	53,689	394,667	...	17,663	55,103	403,931	...	1,206	*	112
Bombay	1,474	511	50,806	542,392	...	...	50,846	542,903	26	...	*	4
Cent. Provs. and Berar	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...
Nizam's Territory	163,649	327,616	18,134	912,101	...	...	181,783	1,239,717	8,415	57,137	*	...
Madras	...	...	296	11,100	...	...	296	11,100	...	...	*	...
Mysore	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	32,719	3,740	*	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	...
TOTAL	1,657,175	4,869,220	236,119	2,850,903	3,211,205	13,304,488	5,104,499	21,024,611	3,472,597	5,970,939	*	922,325
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	108	...	...	...	108	...	32,962	864	*	140
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	146	57,837	*	20,585
Bombay	2,578	4	9,491	32,612	532	454	12,601	33,070	...	...	*	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	157,533	...	1,005,512	257,163	...	...	1,163,045	257,163	...	...	*	12,899
Madras	1	...	...	111	...	...	1	111	14,056	55	*	910
Burma	...	2,787	...	...	...	...	...	2,787	8,870,518	7,148,136	*	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	146,519	359,254	842	20,057	147,361	379,321	...	...	*	55
Foreign countries	61,589	175,567	209,792	204,935	3,378	...	334,759	380,502	110,254	5,122	*	472
TOTAL	221,701	178,358	1,431,422	854,075	4,752	20,521	1,657,875	1,052,954	9,028,800	7,211,164	*	35,061
TOTAL IMPORTS	1,878,876	5,047,578	1,667,541	3,704,978	3,215,957	13,325,009	6,762,374	12,077,565	12,501,397	13,182,103	*	957,386

* Figures

† One maund of paddy is

RICE PADDY†				GRAM AND PULSE								Whence exported
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		
1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	
Imports in September												
•	...	90,857	52,745	10,346	5,777	•	...	•	...	10,346	5,777	By Rail and River—
•	245	210,040	323,239	60,901	198,081	•	...	•	...	60,901	198,081	E. B. and Assam
•	...	10	76	32,831	86,395	•	6,123	•	...	32,831	92,518	Bengal
•	...	74	2,290	46,398	10,204	•	31,542	•	33,073	46,398	74,819	U. P. of Agra and
•	...	1	74,222	...	...	•	...	•	20,600	...	20,600	Oudh
•	...	...	917	612	1,993	•	23,124	•	711	612	25,828	Panjab
•	18	...	18	...	...	•	29,786	•	...	...	29,786	Raj. and C. India
•	...	182	3	9,510	9,021	•	22,362	•	...	9,510	31,383	Bombay
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Cent. Provs. and
•	205	...	205	123	...	•	1,445	•	...	123	1,445	Berar
•	92,649	110	92,816	643	1,578	•	...	•	...	643	1,578	Nizam's Territory
•	18	...	18	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Madras
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Mysore
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Kashmir
•	93,135	301,274	546,549	161,364	313,049	•	114,382	•	54,384	161,364	481,815	TOTAL
•	...	197	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	By Sea—
•	9	4	48	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	E. B. and Assam
•	4,547	...	6,318	8	...	•	7,430	•	257	8	7,687	Bengal
•	1,437	...	1,473	...	...	•	4,759	•	217	...	4,976	Bombay
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Balu-
•	2,193	44	2,193	18,245	8,452	•	...	•	...	18,245	8,452	chistan
•	371,824	707,384	458,391	20	1,346	•	97	•	...	20	1,443	Madras
•	...	...	293	...	...	•	1,063	•	...	...	1,063	Burma
•	3,695	45	3,749	3,801	112	•	780	•	...	3,801	892	Non-Br. Ports in
•	383,998	707,674	472,465	22,074	9,910	•	14,129	•	474	22,074	24,513	India
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Foreign countries
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	TOTAL
•	477,133	1,008,948	1,019,014	183,438	322,959	•	128,511	•	54,858	183,438	506,328	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of September												
•	...	1,477,356	1,286,939	81,429	137,21	•	...	•	...	81,429	137,213	By Rail and River—
•	11,929	1,952,925	4,630,975	1,142,003	1,844,74	•	62	•	...	1,142,003	1,844,809	E. B. and Assam
•	4	427	2,127	274,284	762,239	•	268,820	•	4,401	274,284	1,035,460	Bengal
•	642	717	26,116	189,738	44,724	•	324,842	•	279,868	189,738	649,434	U. P. of Agra and
•	...	12	897,482	...	...	•	...	•	234,500	...	234,500	Oudh
•	...	...	1,318	6,680	34,63	•	283,075	•	11,929	6,680	329,647	Panjab
•	281	26	285	911	2,857	•	394,393	•	17	911	397,267	Raj. and C. India
•	21	8,415	57,158	61,352	147,064	•	404,533	•	...	61,352	611,597	Bombay
•	...	...	4,918	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Cent. Provs. and
•	909,798	32,719	913,538	24,856	5,824	•	34,933	•	...	125	34,947	Berar
•	1,190	...	1,190	...	...	•	394	•	...	24,856	6,218	Nizam's Territory
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Madras
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Mysore
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Kashmir
•	928,783	3,472,597	7,822,047	1,781,378	2,979,325	•	1,771,052	•	530,715	1,781,378	5,281,092	TOTAL
•	9	32,962	9	287	...	•	...	•	...	287	...	By Sea—
•	72,206	864	130,183	1,608	691	•	224	•	180	1,608	1,095	E. B. and Assam
•	117,721	146	138,320	8,202	158	•	40,478	•	5,214	8,202	45,850	Bengal
•	18,746	...	31,645	20,651	121	•	43,337	•	476	20,651	43,934	Bombay
•	46,678	1,056	46,733	170,152	46,800	•	25	•	...	170,152	46,825	Sind and Br. Balu-
•	5,532,888	8,870,518	12,681,934	88,045	23,128	•	3,572	•	...	88,045	26,700	chistan
•	2,138	...	2,193	...	...	•	6,094	•	11,504	...	75,598	Madras
•	110,712	110,254	1,06,306	120,694	68,755	•	85,68	•	1,229	120,694	155,666	Burma
•	5,901,098	9,028,800	13,147,323	409,639	139,653	•	237,412	•	18,603	409,639	395,668	Non-Br. Ports in
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	India
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	Foreign countries
•	...	...	...	...	...	•	...	•	...	...	...	TOTAL
•	6,829,881	12,501,397	20,969,370	2,191,017	3,118,978	•	2,008,464	•	549,318	2,191,017	5,676,760	TOTAL IMPORTS

not available
taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	LINSEED						RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909
Imports in September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	4,132	1,694	...	...	4,132	1,694	31,198	36,328	...	...	31,198	36,328
Bengal	122,921	100,423	...	...	122,921	100,423	15,050	81,358	...	...	15,050	81,358
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	43,036	45,226	3,003	7,280	46,039	52,506	27,364	79,227	...	54,223	27,364	133,450
Panjab	...	289	18	7,891	18	2,180	293	...	...	132	293	132
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	...	295	2,198	6,387	2,198	6,682	...	1,153	...	1,655	...	2,808
Bombay	...	...	5,692	6,428	5,692	6,428	...	...	...	3,591	...	3,591
Cent. Provs. and Berar	...	...	739	11,677	809	13,488	...	...	...	1,728	...	1,728
Nizam's Territory	...	...	602	8,555	602	8,555	...	...	...	10	...	10
Madras	...	...	17	4	17	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	170,159	149,738	12,269	42,222	182,428	101,960	73,905	198,066	...	61,339	73,905	259,405
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,545	...	5,545
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	634	...	634	...	...	...	54	...	54
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	208	596	208	596	...	...	...	26	...	26
Foreign countries	...	...	1,397	2,160	1,397	2,160	...	...	...	5,625	...	5,625
TOTAL	...	...	1,605	3,390	1,605	3,390	...	...	...	5,625	...	5,625
TOTAL IMPORTS	170,159	149,738	13,874	45,612	184,033	195,350	73,905	198,066	...	66,964	73,905	265,030
Imports to end of September												
<i>By Rail and River—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	83,895	102,427	...	...	83,895	102,427	448,834	378,222	...	...	448,834	378,222
Bengal	1,645,828	1,533,432	27	160	1,645,855	1,533,592	6,5079	1,075,354	...	567	605,079	1,075,921
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	371,059	647,002	132,237	120,739	503,296	767,741	632,609	930,305	...	665,106	632,609	1,645,411
Panjab	...	289	215	19,726	215	20,015	4,870	9,551	...	37,811	4,870	47,462
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	3,288	125,141	144,639	315,411	147,927	440,552	6,738	18,474	...	154,673	6,738	173,147
Bombay	...	...	130,678	272,607	1,6,678	272,607	...	...	...	295,100	...	295,100
Cent. Provs. and Berar	6,248	78,089	102,213	482,186	108,461	560,275	451	21,333	...	90,842	451	112,175
Nizam's Territory	...	...	171,409	305,821	171,409	305,821	...	...	...	343	...	343
Madras	...	...	463	22,886	463	22,886	181	1,037	...	...	181	1,037
Mysore	...	...	314	412	314	412	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	2,110,318	2,486,380	688,195	1,539,918	2,798,513	4,026,323	1,698,762	2,484,376	...	1,241,442	1,698,762	3,728,818
<i>By Sea—</i>												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	398	...	...	...	398	...
Bengal	25	64	...	...	25	64	14	129	...	29,628	14	29,757
Bombay	1,231	...	41	1	1,272	1	1,750	...	...	22	1,750	22
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	1,929	1,252	1,929	1,252	...	...	...	26,228	...	26,228
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	760	1,037	...	150	760	1,187
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	22,597	40,798	22,597	40,798	...	...	...	7,456	...	7,456
Foreign countries	...	20	4,032	8,917	4,032	8,937	...	...	...	1	...	...
TOTAL	1,256	84	28,599	50,968	29,855	51,052	2,923	1,168	...	63,485	2,923	64,653
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,111,574	2,486,464	716,794	1,590,916	2,828,368	4,077,380	1,701,685	2,485,544	...	1,307,927	1,701,685	3,793,471

* Figure

JUTE						TEA						Whence exported
Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		Calcutta		Chittagong port		TOTAL		
1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	
Imports in September												
1,623,170	2,309,944	*	298,937	1,623,170	2,608,881	182,951	109,252	*	88,196	182,951	197,448	By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. & C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
421,120	788,092	*	...	421,120	788,092	28,820	9,486	*	4	28,820	9,490	
...	289	*	...	...	289	171	231	*	...	171	231
...	...	*	...	...	...	9	67	*	...	9	67
...	...	*	*	
...	...	*	...	...	...	22	...	*	...	22	...
...	...	*	*	
...	...	*	...	...	...	1	...	*	...	1	...
...	...	*	*	
2,044,290	3,098,325	*	298,937	2,044,290	3,397,262	211,974	119,036	*	88,200	211,974	267,236		TOTAL
...	...	*	1,587	1,249	*	...	1,587	1,249	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries
10,076	11	*	...	10,076	11	...	...	*	...	...	...
...	...	*	*	
...	...	*	*	
3	1	*	...	3	1	14	9	*	...	14	9	
10,079	12	*	...	10,079	12	1,601	1,258	*	...	1,601	1,258		TOTAL
2,054,369	3,098,337	*	298,937	2,054,369	3,397,274	213,575	120,294	*	88,200	213,575	208,494	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of September												By Rail and River— E. B. and Assam Bengal U. P. of Agra and Oudh Panjab Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Raj. & C. India Bombay Cent. Provs. and Berar Nizam's Territory Madras Mysore
7,343,491	10,713,598	*	499,415	7,343,491	11,213,013	750,898	624,335	*	253,983	750,898	878,318	
3,214,618	2,400,411	*	...	3,214,618	2,400,411	99,046	72,329	*	34	99,046	72,363	
9,906	13,970	*	...	9,906	13,970	679	1,604	*	...	679	1,604	
...	...	*	...	...	...	384	194	*	...	384	194
...	...	*	*	
...	...	*	...	...	...	4	...	*	...	4	...
...	...	*	...	...	...	75	5	*	...	75	5
376	1,182	*	...	376	1,182	3	3	*	...	3	3	
...	...	*	...	...	...	2	...	*	...	2	...
...	9	*	...	...	9	9	1	*	...	9	1
10,568,391	13,135,170	*	499,415†	10,568,391	13,634,585	851,100	698,471	*	254,017†	851,100	952,488	TOTAL
2,510	89	*	6,522	2,510	6,611	4,488	11,000	*	...	4,488	11,000	By Sea— E. B. and Assam Bengal Bombay Sind and Br. Balu- chistan Madras Burma Non-Br. Ports in India Foreign countries
131,911	61,451	*	...	131,911	61,451	...	...	*	9	...	9
...	...	*	...	...	...	79	3,895	*	...	79	3,895
...	...	*	*	
162	...	*	...	162	...	111	366	*	...	111	366	
...	...	*	...	...	...	92	362	*	...	92	362
...	...	*	*	
362	52	*	...	362	52	338	2,812	*	...	338	2,812	
134,945	61,592	*	6,522	134,945	68,114	5,108	18,435	*	9	5,108	18,444	TOTAL
10,703,336	13,196,762	*	505,937	10,703,336	13,702,699	856,208	716,906	*	254,026	856,208	970,932	TOTAL IMPORTS

not available

† Comprise the import figures from February 1909

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceW. MAXWELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 16, 1909

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.
SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 16th December, 1909.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 11th December 1909, is published for general information:—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	7	5
		Ahmedabad Town	1	...
		Ahmedabad District	15	10
		Kaira District	32	20
		Bulsar Port	1	1
		Surat District	17	10
		Palanpur Agency . . . . .	...	1 (a)
		Mahi Kantha Agency	10	3
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana " . . . . .	...	...
		Vesava "	1	2
		Agashi "	1	1
		Bandra " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	7	5
	Central.	East Khandesh District	11	15
		Nasik District	2	2
		Poona City . . . . .	...	...
		Poona District	43	29
		Satara "	329	223
	Southern.	Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	...
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	11	9
		Belgaum "	81	60
		Hubli Town	3	3
		Dharwar District	25	18
		Bijapur "	30	23
	Sind.	Savantvadi State	2	1
		Karachi Town and Port	28	27
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges.	Hyderabad District	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Mandvi Port . . . . .	...	...
		Cutch State . . . . .	...	...
		Verawal Port . . . . .	...	...
		Porbandar "	8	7
		Jamnagar Town and Port	25	10
		Kathiawar Agency	3	1
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	139	95
		Satara Agency	28	14
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	94	48
		TOTAL	955	644

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Salem District	1	...
		Coimbatore Town	30	17
		Coimbatore District	52(b)	37(b)
		Ootacamund Town	3	3
		Nilgiris District . . . . .	...	...
		Mangalore Port	2	2
		Malabar District	7	4
		Bellary District	1(a)	...
		Ganjam District	1(a)	1(a)
		TOTAL	97	64
BENGAL.	{	Calcutta	3	3
		24-Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	{	Saran District	320	220
		Shahabad District	74	47
		Darbhanga District	3	2
		Patna City . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	51	26
	{	Monghyr Town	13	13
		Monghyr District	50	32
			TOTAL	514	343
(a) Imported.			(b) Three imported.	

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut	Meerut District	16	12
		Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	10	26
		Aligarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Bulandshahr District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra	Muttra District	56	56
		Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	16	16
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
		Furruckhabad District	79	57
		Mainpuri District	28	28
		Agra City . . . . .	...	...
		Agra District	7	7
		Etah "	60	51
	Rohilkhand.	Bareilly District	5	5
		Budaun	20	13
		Moradabad District	9	4
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	17	15
		Cawnpur City	13	17
		Cawnpur District	47	56
	Benares	Ballia District	1,331	1,218
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	26	25
		Ghasipur "	54	58
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	490	373
		Gorakhpur City	71	71
		Gorakhpur District	101	173
		Basti District . . . . .	...	...
	Lucknow	Unao District	104	94
		Rae Bareilly District	42	38
		Gonda " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi "	16	12
		Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Fyzabad	Bahraich District	1	1
		Bara Banki Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bara Banki District	2	1
		Partabgarh "	6	5
		TOTAL	2,597	2,432
	Delhi	Gurgaon District	120	125
		Hissar "	227	167
		Delhi "	60	40
		Rohtak "	58	58
		Karnal "	41	36
		Ambala "	1	1
		Ludhiana "	80	68
	Jullundur	Jullundur District . . . . .	...	...
		Hoshiarpur District	24	25
		Ferozepur "	154	134
		Montgomery District . . . . .	...	...
	Lahore	Lahore City	7	7
		Lahore District	51	37
		Amritsar District	50	50
		Gurdaspur "	49	49
PUNJAB.	Rawalpindi.	Gujranwala " . . . . .	...	...
		Sialkot "	4	4
		Shahpur District	3	3
		Jhelum "	1	1
	Multan	Gujrat " . . . . .	...	...
		Lyallpur District	15	11
		Patiala City	7(b)	7(b)
		Patiala State	449	385
	"	Kapurthala State	72	48
		Maler Kotla State	19(a)	16(a)
		Jind State	25	15
		TOTAL	1,517	1,287
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	4	3
		Pegu District	1	1
		Tharrawaddy "	7	7
		Prome "	2	2
	Irrawaddy	Prome "	1	1
		Bassein District	1	1
		Maubin " . . . . .	...	...
		Hensaada " . . . . .	...	...
	Tenas-serim.	Myaungmya " . . . . .	...	...
		Tonungoo District	1	1
		Thaton " . . . . .	...	...
		Moulmein Town . . . . .	...	...
MAGWE.	Magero	Amherst (Moulmein) District . . . . .	...	...
		Thayetmyo District	2	2

(a) Figure for the week ending 27th November 1909.
(b) Figure of November 1909 not reported before.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA.	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
		Mandalay District	18	8
		Katha "	1	1
	Sagaing	Sagaing District	21	20
		Lower Chindwin District	20	12
	Meiktila	Myingyan District . . . . .	...	...
		Meiktila " . . . . .	...	...
		Yamethin "	2	2
	TOTAL		81	61
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BEHAR).	Nagpur	Nagpur City	50	51
		Kamptee Town	3	2
		Nagpur District	174	143
		Wardha Town	4(a)	6(a)
		Wardha District	68	36
		Bhandara District	62	51
		Chanda "	3(b)	2(b)
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	46	39
		Jubbulpore District	3(a)	2(a)
		Seoni District . . . . .	...	...
		Saugor "	4(b)	3(b)
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Narsingpur Town	5	6
		Narsingpur District	2(a)	2(a)

(a) One imported.

(b) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BERAR).	Berar	Akola Town	1	...
		Akola District	34	23
		Buldana Town	7	3
		Buldana District	73	44
		Amraoti District	57(a)	37 (b)
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	596	450
Coorg	Coorg	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL . . . . .	...	...
MYSORE STATE.		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	10	9
		Bangalore City	7	7
		Bangalore District	19	16
		Mysore City	21	18
		Mysore District	45	29
		Hassan „	2	...
		Kadur „	5	2
		Kolar „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields . . . . .	...	...
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga „	5	6
		Chitaldroog „	1	1
		TOTAL	115	88
HYDERABAD STATE.	Raichur District	Raichur District	6(c)	4(c)
		TOTAL	6	4

(a) Two imported. (b) One imported. (c) Figures for the period from 29th November to 5th December 1909.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 18, 1909. 2535

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	27 } (a)	24 } (a)
		Indore Residency	5 } (b)	3 } (b)
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Malwa Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	15(a)	13(a)
		Dewas Town . . . . .	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch) . . . . .	...	...
		Guaranteed Holdings in Malwa Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora Town . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State	1 } (a)	1 } (a)
		Manpur Town	2 } (b)	3 } (b)
		TOTAL	50	44
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER MERWARA	...	Mewar State . . . . .	...	...
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar State (Jodhpur)	15 } (a)	12 } (a)
		Jaipur City	2 } (b)	2 } (b)
		Jaipur State	94 } (a)	84 } (a)
		Kishangarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bikaner State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhalawar " . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah " . . . . .	...	...

(a) Figure for the week ending 4th December 1909.
(b) Figures for the week ending 3rd December 1909.

Presidency or Provinces.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJ- PUTANA AND AJMER MERWARA	...	Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura „ . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar City . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State . . . . .	...	...
		Beawar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli State . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara State . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	44	24
		Ajmer City	47	47
		Ajmer District	118	115
		Deoli . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL .			315	284
N.-W. P. PROVINCE	...	Nowshera Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL .	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Jammu District	54	35
		Mirpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua „ . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL .			54	35
BALU- CHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Las Bela State . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL .			...	...
GRAND TOTAL .			6,897	5,736

(a) Figures for the week ending 3rd December 1909.

H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.										RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.											
RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week.		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.		Decrease.		Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.		Decrease.		
	During 2nd half of 1908.	During official year 1908-09.	1908.	1909.	5th December 1908.	4th December 1909.	1908.	1909.	5th December 1908.	4th December 1909.	R	R	R	R	5th December 1908.	4th December 1909.	R	R	R	R	
																					Miles.	Miles.
State and Guaranteed Railways.																					
Bengal-Nagpur (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)	222	242	2,271	2,350	5,09,500	5,28,000	224	225	1,03,59,325	1,01,05,000	...	...	2,54,325	...	1,72,74,435	1,60,70,000	...	7,95,575	...	29,595
Bezwada extension	281	307	21	21	6,042	6,400	316	305	1,29,400	1,18,000	...	...	11,400	...	2,29,595	2,00,000	...	...	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India (incldg. 5' 6" gauge)	679	791	504	504	4,48,015	4,34,000	889	861	72,88,397	76,53,000	3,94,603	...	...	...	1,34,86,831	1,42,42,000	7,55,169	...	...	...
Virgam-Wadhwan Section, 3' 3 1/2" gauge)	36	33	139	339	3,892	10,500	28	31	97,085	2,27,000	1,29,915	...	...	...	1,89,867	3,38,000	1,48,133	...	...	...
Nagda-Muttra	460	465	1,274	1,497	5,85,840	5,39,000	460	360	1,30,41,332	1,28,78,000	...	...	1,63,332	...	1,86,20,243	1,86,83,000	62,757	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3 1/2" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	652	674	2,338	2,338	16,16,821	16,04,000	692	686	3,47,53,538	3,23,16,000	29,03,661	...	24,37,538	...	5,55,15,570	5,31,01,000	24,14,570	...	...	...
East Indian	498	570	1,606	1,606	10,85,116	15,47,000	676	963	1,61,73,339	1,90,77,000	91,416	...	...	...	2,79,04,189	3,15,35,000	36,30,811	...	...	...
Great Indian Peninsula	214	219	126	126	15,771	32,700	195	260	5,74,584	6,66,000	28,606	...	...	...	9,93,293	10,38,000	34,707	...	...	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	10	11	13	40	150	2,500	12	62	2,994	31,600	65,788	...	...	...	(a) 2,994	44,000	41,006	...	...	...
Saran-Kotah	92	214	916	916	2,41,931	2,54,000	264	277	37,14,212	37,80,000	...	...	...	...	66,43,697	64,71,000	...	...	...	1,72,697
Indian Midland (incldg. Bhopal-Itarsi)	202	219	2,542	2,578	5,52,351	5,74,000	217	223	1,09,04,381	1,18,18,000	9,13,649	...	...	...	1,88,12,468	1,98,35,000	10,22,532	...	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3 1/2" gauge lines)	279	299	3,614	3,718	9,54,196	12,00,000	264	323	2,26,07,156	2,72,11,000	46,03,844	...	...	...	3,70,34,365	4,63,12,000	92,77,635	...	...	...
North Western (incldg. 2' 6" gauge lines)	208	233	1,298	1,306	3,13,905	3,22,000	242	247	58,60,456	60,05,000	1,44,544	...	...	...	1,03,38,642	1,07,07,000	3,68,358	...	...	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (incldg. Cawnpore-Burhwal 3' 3 1/2" link)	205	226	32	32	5,397	7,300	169	228	1,49,797	1,40,000	...	...	9,797	...	2,62,778	2,43,000	...	...	...	19,778
Hardwar-Dehra	119	118	771	771	91,824	97,000	119	126	20,34,283	21,22,000	87,717	...	...	...	31,36,301	32,66,000	1,29,699	...	...	...
Assam-Bengal	105	122	49	52	4,981	6,600	102	127	1,17,280	1,37,000	16,720	...	...	...	2,07,655	2,38,000	30,345	...	...	...
Bezwada-Masulipatam	204	241	1,475	1,527	3,18,764	3,06,000	216	200	64,62,196	66,42,000	1,79,804	...	...	...	1,13,01,723	1,18,84,000	5,82,277	...	...	...
Burma	107	111	124	124	13,731	15,000	110	121	2,79,353	3,07,000	27,647	...	...	...	4,79,048	5,19,000	39,932	...	...	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British section)	133	159	200	200	28,981	24,400	145	122	5,49,735	5,41,000	...	...	8,735	...	9,91,035	10,34,000	42,965	...	...	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	146	140	401	401	56,186	50,700	140	186	12,94,134	10,42,000	2,745	...	...	...	20,91,184	16,87,000	4,04,184	...	...	...
Mysore	40	52	17	17	892	700	52	41	14,255	17,000	2,745	...	...	...	30,032	35,900	5,868	...	...	...
Pala-pur-Deesa	223	245	1,914	1,915	5,40,064	4,59,000	282	235	91,01,675	88,80,000	...	...	2,21,675	...	1,57,90,997	1,57,71,000	...	...	...	19,997
Rajputana-Malwa (incldg. Godhra-Rutlam-Nagda 5' 6" gauge)	286	292	1,387	1,396	4,18,710	4,08,000	302	292	82,67,043	88,59,000	5,91,937	...	...	...	1,37,18,594	1,45,50,000	8,31,406	...	...	11,229
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	122	136	103	103	13,916	12,600	135	122	2,71,309	2,77,000	5,691	...	...	...	4,47,229	4,65,000	...	...	...	3,094
Tanjore District Board	118	117	108	108	12,459	13,400	115	124	2,74,083	2,87,000	12,917	...	...	...	4,49,094	4,49,000	...	...	...	6,45,523
Travancore Branch	180	200	774	775	1,64,937	1,65,000	212	213	30,83,883	24,83,000	...	...	6,00,883	...	54,39,523	47,94,000	...	...	...	...
Tirhoot State	63	60	32	32	1,847	1,300	58	41	43,932	40,100	...	...	3,832	...	66,570	64,600	...	...	...	1,970
Total	302	322	24,049	24,794	80,05,935	86,12,100	333	347	15,74,19,133	16,36,69,700	62,40,567	...	...	...	26,14,86,948	27,35,69,500	1,20,76,558	...	...	...
All other Railways.																					
Amritsar Patti	137	128	28	28	4,082	3,000	146	107	82,097	92,200	...	...	...	...	1,26,304	1,51,000	24,696	...	...	...
Bhacul-Mitthan	127	124	114	114	11,608	17,000	103	149	3,00,867	2,66,000	...	...	...	...	5,13,053	5,39,000	16,347	...	...	...

	63	302	322	24,049	32	1,847	80,05,935	86,12,100	333	41	43,932	40,100	...	3,832	66,570	64,500	...	1,970	...	
	63	302	322	24,049	32	1,847	80,05,935	86,12,100	333	41	43,932	40,100	...	3,832	66,570	64,500	...	1,970	...	
All other Railways.																				
Amritsar Patti	137	128	379	10	10	3,485	4,082	3,300	146	107	82,907	92,200	9,293	...	1,26,304	1,51,000	24,666	...	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	127	134	152	79	79	12,264	11,698	10,000	155	127	2,56,103	2,66,000	...	34,867	51,3,653	5,30,000	16,347	...	...
Bina-Gooma-Baran	30	43	126	34	34	4,063	4,709	3,000	119	88	72,366	2,07,000	31,823	...	2,49,756	2,18,000	...	31,756	...	
Delhi-Omballa-Kalka	242	251	263	334	334	89,848	33,273	54,300	205	335	8,73,860	9,69,000	95,740	...	1,42,590	15,37,000	94,410	...	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	98	103	132	16	16	1,933	1,64,037	2,000	121	125	34,187	28,800	...	5,387	58,567	53,600	...	4,967	...	
Kolar Gold-fields	417	379	417	10	10	3,485	4,082	3,300	348	320	97,125	63,700	...	33,425	1,44,105	98,400	...	45,705	...	
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakhal	150	152	152	79	79	12,264	11,698	10,000	155	127	2,56,103	2,07,000	...	49,103	4,43,547	4,09,000	...	34,547	...	
Nagda-Ujjain	104	126	126	34	34	4,063	4,709	3,000	119	88	72,366	53,800	...	18,566	1,30,078	1,39,000	8,922	...	...
Nizami's Guaranteed State	241	263	263	334	334	89,848	33,273	54,300	205	335	8,73,860	17,73,000	1,10,376	...	29,71,215	30,31,000	59,785	...	9,938	...
Pelad-Cambay	111	132	132	34	34	3,964	3,964	3,000	117	88	82,016	75,600	...	6,416	1,57,938	1,48,000	...	...	...
Rajpur-Bhatinda	197	218	218	107	107	20,664	20,664	22,000	193	206	4,53,592	4,62,000	8,498	...	8,33,024	8,60,000	26,976	...	...
Southern Punjab "Ludhiana" Extension	148	155	155	425	425	73,469	73,469	56,000	173	132	13,53,977	11,42,000	...	2,11,977	22,73,671	19,84,000	...	2,89,671	...	
Tapti Valley	92	97	97	155	155	14,818	14,818	13,000	96	84	3,17,214	3,06,000	...	11,214	5,32,239	5,13,000	...	19,239	...	
Tarapur	107	132	132	155	155	25,808	25,808	23,100	166	149	3,14,090	2,93,000	...	21,090	5,84,139	5,47,000	...	37,159	...	
Tarapur	262	305	305	22	22	5,458	5,458	7,400	248	336	1,33,151	1,34,000	819	...	2,34,310	2,45,000	10,490	...	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	59	71	71	34	34	2,209	2,209	2,500	65	74	43,920	41,000	...	2,920	88,960	77,200	...	9,760	...	
Ahmedabad-Parantij	86	104	104	55	55	4,773	4,773	4,900	87	89	99,128	1,01,000	1,872	...	1,95,850	1,97,000	1,150	...	...
Bengal and North-Western	137	157	157	1,092	1,092	1,59,954	1,59,954	1,88,000	157	172	29,50,698	27,37,000	...	2,23,678	51,85,262	51,53,000	...	32,262	...	
Bengal-Dooars	146	133	133	153	153	21,319	21,319	18,700	139	122	4,95,995	5,16,000	20,935	...	7,26,796	7,35,000	8,204	...	...
Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junágad-Porbandar	101	122	122	459	459	49,862	49,862	62,200	109	136	10,00,660	9,68,000	...	32,660	19,18,459	18,17,000	...	1,01,459	...	
Dibru-Sadiya	259	250	250	78	78	16,200	16,200	21,900	208	281	4,51,300	4,88,000	36,700	...	6,84,671	7,51,000	66,329	...	...
Gaekwar's Mehsana (including Vijapur-Kalol Kadi)	67	106	106	172	172	11,713	11,713	11,800	68	66	2,09,019	2,26,000	16,581	...	3,98,257	4,49,000	59,743	...	...
Hyderabad-Godavari Valley	126	156	156	392	392	59,338	59,338	86,400	151	220	10,19,505	10,54,000	34,495	...	19,50,472	19,12,000	...	38,472	...	
Jodhpur-Bikaner	28	31	31	73	73	2,385	2,385	1,400	33	19	44,354	54,600	10,246	...	75,408	84,400	8,992	...	...
Kolhapur	63	72	72	709	709	46,715	46,715	53,300	66	69	9,59,787	10,69,000	1,09,213	...	17,58,929	18,83,000	1,24,971	...	...
Mirpur Khas-Jhudo (b)	123	146	146	29	29	4,642	4,642	3,700	166	128	78,292	81,900	3,608	...	1,43,337	1,42,000	...	1,337	...	
Morvi (including Vankar-Morvi 2' 6" gauge)	1,300	...	26	...	27,100	27,100	34,900	34,900
Mymensingh-Jaualpur-Jagannathganj	93	102	102	93	93	9,712	9,712	8,600	104	92	1,96,527	1,81,000	...	15,527	3,53,929	3,29,000	...	33,929	...	
Rohilkund and Kumaon	160	157	157	54	54	11,548	11,548	8,100	214	150	1,82,847	1,55,000	...	27,847	2,83,787	2,30,000	...	53,787	...	
Sangli	98	115	115	214	214	27,786	27,786	27,000	130	136	5,38,777	5,54,000	25,223	...	9,01,237	9,80,000	78,763	...	...
Shoranur-Cochin	108	138	138	5	5	426	426	600	85	120	12,296	13,600	1,304	...	21,967	26,500	4,533	...	...
Udaipur-Chitorgarh	127	136	136	65	65	7,591	7,591	9,200	117	142	1,69,688	2,08,000	38,312	...	2,86,972	3,57,000	70,028	...	...
Barsi	50	71	71	67	67	5,071	5,071	3,900	76	58	80,405	74,600	...	5,805	1,60,291	1,41,000	...	19,291	...	
Cooch Behar	93	106	106	78	78	7,166	7,166	17,800	92	228	1,62,183	2,73,000	1,10,817	...	2,85,159	4,45,000	1,59,841	...	...
Gaekwar's Dabhoi	111	113	113	34	34	3,609	3,609	3,900	106	115	83,247	74,100	...	9,147	1,33,408	1,16,000	...	17,408	...	
Rajpipla	71	96	96	94	94	8,468	8,468	8,600	90	91	1,41,238	1,56,000	14,762	...	3,04,772	3,23,000	18,228	...	...
Darjeeling-Himalayan	33	42	42	37	37	1,134	1,134	1,900	31	51	27,225	28,500	1,275	...	51,792	53,900	2,108	...	...
TOTAL																				
TOTAL																				
GRAND TOTAL																				

(a) From 1st July 1908.
(b) Opened from 2nd May 1909.

(a) From 1st July 1908.
(b) Opened from 2nd May 1909.

C. WATSON, *Lieut., R.E.,*
for Secretary, Railway Board.

Calcutta, the 16th December 1909.

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SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India

No. 52 } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1909.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the six days ending at 8 hrs. on Wednesday, the 22nd December 1909, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

The depression which was affecting Kashmir on the 16th, gave light precipitation there on the 17th and disappeared. Conditions were disturbed in the central parts of the country during the greater part of the week, and rainfall was fairly widespread in the southwest of Central India, the western half of the Central Provinces and Chota Nagpur. Skies were thickly clouded in the Central Provinces during this period, but by the 22nd the disturbed conditions had disappeared and skies were almost free from cloud. A depression appeared over west Persia on the 18th and during its passage eastward heavy rain fell at Bushire and Jask. At the close of the week it was entering the extreme north of India and was giving light precipitation in Baluchistan.

Maximum temperature was generally in defect in the Central Provinces and the greater part of north-west India, but the minimum was in excess in the former area and in Bengal.

Burma.—Rain fell at Port Blair on the 20th. Skies were free from cloud and temperature conditions were normal.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—The disturbed conditions in the central parts of the country caused rain in parts of Chota Nagpur from the 18th to the 20th and

in west Orissa on the 18th. Skies were cloudy during this period, especially in Bengal. Night temperatures were in excess during the greater part of the week in Bengal, and day temperatures were normal throughout the division.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Rain fell in the southwest of Central India and the western half of the Central Provinces, while a few isolated falls were reported from the eastern half of the Central Provinces. Skies were thickly clouded in the Central Provinces and were more or less cloudy elsewhere during the first part of the week, but they began to clear on the 20th and by the 21st were generally free from cloud. Owing to the cloud, minimum temperature was much higher than usual in the Central Provinces, while the maximum was in marked defect there, and also in the west of Central India and of the United Provinces during the first-half of the week.

Northwest India.—Snow fell in parts of Kashmir on the 16th and light precipitation occurred in Baluchistan on the 21st. Skies were clouded over in Rajputana and upper Sind on the 18th, but the cloud soon disappeared and skies were clear in northwest India until the depression from Persia began to affect the weather, when they again became cloudy, and on the 22nd were thickly overcast in the extreme north of India and northeast Baluchistan. Weather was colder than usual during the day time in the Punjab and Rajputana and during the night in Kashmir.

The Peninsula.—Isolated falls of rain were reported from south India, north Hyderabad and the north of the Bombay Deccan. Skies were generally clear or lightly clouded. High minima were recorded throughout the week in Hyderabad and the Bombay Deccan, but apart from this, temperature was generally normal.

The following summarises the chief rainfall amounts as reported at 8 hrs. each day :—

December 17th. Pamban 1·37" and Aurangabad 0·80".
 " 18th. Akola 1·48".
 " 19th. Nagpur 0·56", Amraoti 0·64" and Akola 0·90".
 " 20th. Ranchi 0·94".
 " 22nd. Chaman 0·55".

The rainfall for the week was one hundred per cent. or more in excess in Baluchistan and the Central Provinces. The rainfall for the period beginning the 3rd December is twenty per cent. or more in excess in Burma, Eastern Bengal, Bengal, the west of the United Provinces, the whole of northwest India excluding Baluchistan, the west of Central India, the Central Provinces, north Hyderabad, Mysore, and on the north Madras coast.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 25, 1909. 2543

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR 6 DAYS ENDING ON 22ND DECEMBER 1909			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD DECEMBER 1909 TO 22ND DECEMBER 1909.				
	Average actual rainfall in inches.	Average normal rain- fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Average actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Average normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1'1	1'3	-0'2	1'7	4'7	- 3'0	- 64	- 82
Lower Burma	0	0	0	0'3	0'2	+ 0'1	+ 50	+ 50
Upper Burma	0	0	0	0'4	0'3	+ 0'1	+ 33	+ 33
Assam	0	0'1	-0'1	0'1	0'3	- 0'2	- 67	- 50
Eastern Bengal	0	0	0	1'1	0'2	+ 0'9	+450	+450
Bengal	0	0'1	-0'1	0'8	0'2	+ 0'6	+300	+700
Orissa	0'1	0'1	0	2'5	0'3	+ 2'2	3 3	+1,100
Chota Nagpur	0'8	0	+0'8	0'9	0'1	+ 0'8	+800	0
Bihar	0	0	0	0	0'1	- 0'1	-100	-100
United Provinces, East	0	0'1	-0'1	0'1	0'1	0	0	0
United Provinces, West	0	0'1	-0'1	0'9	0'3	+ 0'6	+200	+350
Punjab, East and North	0	0'1	-0'1	2'1	0'3	+ 1'8	+600	+950
Punjab, South-west	0	0'1	-0'1	1'4	0'3	+ 1'1	+367	+600
Kashmir	0	0'2	-0'2	0'4	0'3	+ 0'1	+33	+100
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0'1	-0'1	0'9	0'1	+ 0'8	+800	+800
Baluchistan	0'4	0'1	+0'3	0'5	0'6	- 0'1	- 17	- 80
Sind	0	0	0	0'3	0'1	+ 0'2	+200	∞
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0'7	0'1	+ 0'6	+600	+600
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	0'8	0'2	+ 0'6	+300	+300
Gujarat	0	0	0	0'3	0	+ 0'3	∞	∞
Central India, West	0'1	0	+0'1	0'2	0'1	+ 0'1	+100	0
Central India, East	0	0'1	-0'1	0'3	0'4	- 0'1	- 25	+ 50
Berar	1'9	0'2	+1'7	2'8	0'5	+ 2'3	+460	+350
Central Provinces, West	0'5	0'2	+0'3	1'2	0'4	+ 0'8	+200	+133
Central Provinces, East	0'2	0'1	+0'1	0'6	0'2	+ 0'4	+200	+200
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bombay Deccan	0'1	0'1	0	0'2	0'2	0	0	0
Hyderabad, North	0'5	0	+0'5	0'5	0'1	+ 0'4	+400	-100
Hyderabad, South	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'1	- 0'1	-100	
Mysore	0	0	0	0'3	0'1	+ 0'2	+200	+200
Malabar	0	0'3	-0'3	0'9	0'9	0	0	+ 29
Madras, South-east	0'4	1'2	-0'8	1'1	3'6	- 2'5	- 69	- 67
Madras Deccan	0	0'1	-0'1	0	0'3	- 0'3	-100	-100
Madras Coast, North	0'1	0'2	-0'1	4'0	0'9	+ 3'1	+344	+457

J. PATTERSON,
for Director-General of Observatories.
R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 22nd December 1909.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 18th December 1909.

Burma.—No rain fell during the week. Gathering of groundnuts and reaping of the early varieties of rice continue and the principal harvest of winter rice has begun in some districts. The progress in the sowing of beans and other dry weather crops in Upper Burma is normal. Standing crops are generally in good condition throughout the Province. Six districts report a fall in the price of unhusked rice but prices generally have not yet been much affected by the harvest of the new winter crop.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—No rain fell during the week. Harvesting of winter rice continues and promises a good outturn. Prospects of sugarcane, tea, tobacco, wheat and pulses are good and of mustard fair. Fields are being prepared for transplantation of spring rice and transplantation of tobacco is in progress in the plains. Clearing of arrahs and reaping of millet are going on in the hills. The average price of common rice has fallen by 3 per cent. Cattle disease prevails in Kamrup.

Bengal.—There was moderate rain in Ranchi and light rain in parts of Burdwan, Champaran, Darbhanga, Monghyr, Angul, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh, Palamau and Manbhum and no rain in the rest of the Province. The recent rain has benefited the spring crops in Champaran and Ranchi and more rain is wanted in Patna, Saran and Hazaribagh. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Sugarcane is in progress in Bihar and Orissa. Spring crops are doing well. Some damage has been done by insects to the wheat crop in parts of Murshidabad. The price of common rice has fallen in most districts of Bihar and also in Puri, Sambalpur, Palamau and Cooch Behar and has risen in Nadia and Hazaribagh. Cattle disease is reported from several districts. The fodder and water supply is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—Useful rain fell during the week averaging 1 to 2 inches in the hills and $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch in the Meerut, Agra and Rohilkhand divisions. Elsewhere the rainfall was slight. Standing crops have been much benefited and are doing well everywhere. Irrigation of spring crops, pressing of sugarcane and picking of cotton are in progress. Cattle are in good condition but disease prevails in 17 districts. Fodder is ample. Markets are well supplied. There is no general movement of prices which remain above the normal. A rise in prices is reported from 5 districts and a fall from 3.

Punjab.—Good to heavy rain* was received throughout the Province which was very beneficial to the standing crops and has rendered more sowings possible. Pressing of sugarcane, picking of cotton and harvesting of other autumn crops are in progress in some districts. The outturn of autumn crops generally is good to average. Sowings of spring crops continue satisfactorily in certain districts. The condition of standing crops is generally good. Harvesting of *toria* has commenced in Shahpur and Lyallpur. Some damage to crops by rats is reported from Rohtak and Ferozepore. Hailstones fell in parts of Rohtak but did no damage. Prices are generally unchanged but have risen slightly in Hissar and Jullundur and have fallen in Ferozepore, Lahore, Amritsar and Rawalpindi. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder is generally sufficient. Complaints of a short water supply on account of the rotational closure of canals continue from the Lyallpur and Samundri tahsils.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rain fell all over the Province, averaging from 6 cents in Dera Ismail Khan to 3 inches 26 cents in the Swabi tahsil of the Peshawar district. It was very beneficial to standing crops and for further sowings of spring crops. The condition of standing crops is generally average throughout the Province. Harvesting of autumn crops still continues and the outturn is generally average except in the Dera Ismail Khan district where it is reported below the average. Pressing of sugarcane is in progress. Sowings of spring crops continue. Sowings of spring crops on irrigated areas have been finished in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Planting of sugarcane has commenced in the Bannu district. The fodder and water supply is generally sufficient except in the Shigga circle of the Marwat tahsil of the Bannu district. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district is still stopped. The condition of cattle is good throughout the Province except that disease is reported among the cattle of the dairy farm in the Peshawar cantonment. Malarial fever is still prevalent in the Bannu district and the Incharsudda tahsil of the Peshawar district. Prices, except that of *bajra*, show a slight tendency to fall. Prices:—wheat $10\frac{1}{2}$ to 13; gram $15\frac{1}{2}$ to 21; maize 15 to $21\frac{1}{2}$; *bajra* $16\frac{1}{2}$ to $17\frac{3}{4}$; and barley $18\frac{1}{4}$ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—The rainfall during the week was fair. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 12 to 20 and maize from 15 to 32 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Ramnagar and Samba tahsils of the province. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—The weather was cloudy but no rain fell during the week. Irrigation is good. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is at an average owing to last flood. Prices are unchanged.

Rajputana.—Report not received.

Central India.—The rainfall during the week was general in Bhopal; slight in Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Malwa; partial in Bhopawar and *nil* elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn and sowing of spring crops continue. Crops have been damaged slightly in parts of Baghelkhand and Bhopawar. Agricultural stock are satisfactory except for some cattle disease in parts of Indore, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are fluctuating in Indore and Bhopal and are steady or falling elsewhere. Poppy sowing is in progress in Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar and has been completed in Rewah.

Central Provinces.—During the week light to moderate rain fell in all districts except Saugor. The principal falls, in inches, were:—Yeotmal, $3\frac{1}{2}$; Nagpur and Wardha each 3; Bhandara and Akola each $2\frac{1}{2}$; Betul and Buldana each $1\frac{1}{2}$; and Mandla, Hoshangabad and Seoni each 1. Elsewhere the quantity registered did not exceed 82 cents. The rain was accompanied by hail in parts of Damoh, Jubbulpore, Seoni, Narsinghpur, Nimar, Betul, Chhindwara, Nagpur, Chanda, Bhandara, Akola and Buldana. Agricultural operations were retarded to some extent by the rain in Hoshangabad, Nimar, Chhindwara, Wardha, Nagpur, Chanda and Buldana. The rainfall greatly benefited standing crops though cotton, *juar*, linseed and *tur* were slightly damaged by rain or hail in places in Nimar, Chhindwara, Wardha, Nagpur, Chanda, Bhandara, Akola and Buldana. Prospects are generally good. The supply of fodder and water is adequate everywhere and cattle are doing well. Prices:—wheat in Seoni and Betul rose by $\frac{1}{2}$ seer per rupee; *juar* fell in Nagpur and rose in Wardha by 1 seer; Gram became dearer by 2 seers in Mandla; elsewhere prices were steady or fluctuated slightly.

Feudatory States.—During the week Kawardha, Chhuikhadan, Khairagarh and Raj-Nandgaon had light showers not exceeding 85 cents. More rain is needed in Chhuikhadan, Raj-Nandgaon, Sarangarh and Sirguja. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Fodder and water are sufficient everywhere. Prices:—rice in Raj-Nandgaon rose, and wheat in Kanker fell, by 1 seer per rupee.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in the Presidency including Sind but more is needed in parts of Sukkur, Nasik, Poona and Satara. Standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Kolhapur and are generally good elsewhere. Harvesting of autumn crops has been almost completed. Sowing of spring crops continues in parts of Sind, Ahmedabad, Kanara, West Khandesh and Baroda. Threshing continues in parts of Sind, Kaira, the Konkan, East Khandesh, Nasik, Ahmednagar and Kathiawar. Cotton picking is progressing in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Ahmedabad, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, and Baroda. The fodder supply is generally adequate. Agricultural stock are sufficient except in parts of the Deccan and are generally in good condition. Drinking water is generally sufficient. Irrigation water is deficient in parts of Nasik and Poona. Grain stocks are sufficient. Prices have fallen in Kanara and Dharwar; have risen in Karachi, Sukkur and Satara and are stationary elsewhere. The quantity purchasable per rupee is in Sind 20 to 41 per cent.; in the Konkan 2 to 32 per cent.; and in the Karnatak 11 to 24 per cent. less than the normal. In Gujarat the quantity ranges from 3 per cent. more than the normal to 13 per cent. less and in the Deccan from 6 per cent. more to 18 per cent. less.

Hyderabad.—Report not received.

Mysore.—There was slight rain during the week in Tumkur, Mysore, Hassan, Kadur, Shimoga and Chitaldrug. Prices of food grains have fallen slightly in Mysore, Kadur and Chitaldrug and are steady elsewhere. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition but dry crops are withering in parts of Kolar, Tumkur and Mysore. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 28 cents. Reaping of rice has commenced and picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Prices of food grains are high. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was good in the Nilgiris; light to fair in South Arcot, Trichinopoly, South Canara, Tanjore, Madura, Malabar and Tinnevely and

nil elsewhere. Irrigation supplies are sufficient except in parts of the Circars, the Deccan, the Carnatic, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Tinnevely. Ploughing, sowing, weeding and transplanting are in progress in parts. Standing crops are fair to good, but some in parts of Guntur, the Deccan, the Carnatic and Central Tanjore require more rain or are withering. Harvests continue in parts with outturn fair to bumper. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of Godavari, Guntur, Bellary, Cuddapah and Nellore. Fodder is scanty in parts of Guntur, Cuddapah and Nellore. The condition of cattle is generally good. The price of rice is stationary in twelve districts, has fallen in ten and has risen in one. The prices of millets have fluctuated as follows:—*ragi* is stationary in ten districts; has fallen in five and has risen in six. *Cholam* is stationary in four districts; has fallen in four and has risen in six. *Cumbu* is stationary in seven districts; has fallen in five and has risen in three. The public health is generally good. Prospects are generally fair but more rain is required in parts of Guntur, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Chingleput and Central and South Arcot. The condition of the labouring classes is good and employment is available. Grain stocks are generally sufficient.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Circular No. $\frac{27}{318-2}$ F.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

F O R E S T S .

REGULATIONS AS TO THE APPOINTMENT OF PROBATIONERS FOR THE INDIAN FOREST SERVICE, 1910.

Dated Calcutta, the 14th December 1909.

THE REGULATIONS AS TO THE APPOINTMENT OF PROBATIONERS FOR THE INDIAN FOREST SERVICE, 1910.

1. *Appointments.*—The Secretary of State for India in Council will, in the summer of 1910, make not less than ten appointments of Probationers for the Indian Forest Service, provided that so many candidates are considered to be in all respects qualified.

In making these appointments, he will act with the advice of a Selection Committee.

2. *Applications for Appointment.*—Applications for appointment must be made on a printed form to be obtained from the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W., and to be returned to him not later than Friday, the 1st July 1910. Candidates must be prepared to present themselves for an interview with the Selection Committee within three weeks from that date.

3. *Age Limit.*—Candidates must be under the age of 23 years on the 1st July 1910.

4. *Nationality, etc.*—Every candidate must be a natural-born British subject. He must be unmarried, and if he marries before he reaches India he will forfeit his appointment. He must be of good physique, and must produce evidence of character to satisfy the Secretary of State for India in Council that he is suited for the Indian Forest Service.

5. *Qualifications.*—Preference will be given to candidates who can show that in addition to a good general education as described in the next paragraph they have passed with honours in a public examination for a degree in some branch of Natural Science held by a University in Great Britain or Ireland.

6. In case the number of duly qualified candidates who have taken such a degree, is not sufficient to fill the number of appointments, the Secretary of State for India in Council will nominate candidates who bring evidence to show that they have received a good general education, and that they have a good knowledge of Chemistry and Mechanics and Physics as indicated in the appended Syllabus (Appendix I). A good general education should be understood to include, at the least, a fair knowledge of English Composition, Mathematics up to and including Plane Trigonometry, Latin and either German or French. A knowledge of Greek is not necessary, but is left to the option of the candidates. The production of school certificates granted by the examining authorities of Universities, or of certificates that a candidate has passed the Matriculation Examination of a University, in the subjects named, or of other certificates held by the Secretary of State in Council to be equivalent, will be taken to show that a candidate satisfies the requirements of this clause. Candidates of this class must not be less than 19 years of age on the 1st of July 1910.

Should there be more candidates considered by the Selection Committee to be qualified in every respect than vacancies to be filled, the Secretary of State

reserves the right to require them to pass a competitive examination conducted by the Civil Service Commissioners, on the results of which their final selection would depend.

7. *Medical Examination.*—Those candidates who are selected as Probationers will be required to undergo a strict examination by a Medical Board at the India Office, at which particular stress will be laid on good vision and hearing.

On passing this medical examination candidates will be deemed to be Probationers for the Indian Forest Service.

8. *Period of Probation.*—In the case of probationers who have passed with Honours in Natural Science, as indicated in paragraph 5, the period of probation will extend over two years. In the case of students who have obtained a Diploma in Forestry the period may be two years or less, as may be specially arranged. The probationers will be required to undergo a special course of study at Oxford, and to become members of the University, if not so already. During the vacations they will receive, under suitable supervision, practical instruction in such British and Continental forests as may be selected for the purpose. Excursions are also made for purposes of study in term-time.

In the case of probationers who have not passed with Honours in Natural Science, the period of probation will extend over about three years.

Probationers must obtain the Diploma of Forestry of the University of Oxford; those who have passed with Honours in Natural Science within two years, and the others within three years. The case of students who have already obtained at another University such a Diploma will be specially considered.

9. *Charges.*—The probationers will be required to defray all expenses of lodging, board, tuition, and excursions while at Oxford, and on practical instruction in Britain and on the Continent, with the exception of fees payable to local forest officers in Britain and on the Continent.

10. *Allowances.*—The Secretary of State for India in Council will pay to each probationer possessing a degree in Natural Science, or a Diploma in Forestry, the sum of 120*l.* annually, or a total of 240*l.* (besides the fees to local officers mentioned above). These payments will be made on the following dates in each year :—

	£
On the 1st December	30
On the 1st March	30
On the 1st June	60

In the case of probationers who have not passed with Honours in Natural Science or obtained a Diploma in Forestry before being appointed probationers, the Secretary of State in Council will give the same total allowance of 240*l.* (in such instalments as may be required to meet the expenses of the practical work), and will defray (as above) the fees payable to local forest officers.

The grant of the allowances is subject to the following conditions :—

- (a) that the progress of the probationer in his studies is satisfactory ;
- (b) that the probationer gives security to refund the payments in case he fails to join the Indian Forest Service at the end of the period of probation.

11. *Conduct.*—Every probationer will be required to conduct himself during the period of probation in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State, and to give evidence of satisfactory progress in his studies in such a manner as may be required, failing which, or in the event of serious misconduct, he will be liable to have his name removed from the list of probationers.

12. *Appointment and Seniority.*—Probationers who obtain the Diploma of Forestry, and are of sound constitution and free from physical defects which would render them unsuitable for employment in the Indian Forest Service, will be appointed Assistant Conservators in the Indian Forest Department. Their position in the provincial Forest Lists will be determined by the results of the examinations held during their probation ; but in making elections for the post of Conservator, officers of the same year are reckoned as equal in seniority.

They will be allowed at the end of the period of probation to state their preference in respect to the Provinces to which they desire to be allotted; but the distribution will be made to the several provinces according to the needs of the public service, at the discretion of the Secretary of State for India. Officers are, however, at all times liable to be transferred from one province to another at the pleasure of the Government of India.

13. *Riding*.—Every probationer, before proceeding to India, will be required to satisfy the Secretary of State, in such manner as may be determined, of his ability to ride.

14. *Articles of Agreement*.—Within a month of his nomination as Assistant Conservator, each nominee must sign articles of agreement describing the terms and conditions of his appointment; he must embark for India when required to do so by the Secretary of State, and must engage his own passage. Failure to embark at the stated time will, in the absence of satisfactory explanation, lead to forfeiture of appointment.

15. *Salary*.—An Assistant Conservator of Forests will draw pay at the rate of Rs 380 a month (equivalent to 304*l.* a year, when the rupee is at 1*s.* 4*d.*) from the date of his reporting his arrival in India.

16. *Promotion, Leave, Pension and Provident Fund*.—Promotion, leave and pension will be governed by the regulations laid down by the Government of India, and applicable to forest officers, such regulations being subject to any modifications or alterations which may be made in them from time to time by the Government of India, and their interpretation in case of any doubt arising being left to that Government. A copy of the existing regulation can be seen on application at the India Office.

Certain information regarding appointments in the upper controlling staff of the Indian Forest Service, the pay of which has been recently improved, will be found in Appendix II; a summary of information regarding Leave is contained in Appendix III; and regarding Pensions and the Provident Fund in Appendix IV.

INDIA OFFICE,
5th October 1909.

APPENDIX II.

LIST OF APPOINTMENTS OPEN TO MEMBERS OF THE IMPERIAL BRANCH OF THE
INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.NOTE—*This list is liable to alteration at any time.*

Appointment.	Salary.
	R
1 Inspector-General of Forests	2,650 a month.
*1 Assistant Inspector-General of Forests	"
2 Chief Conservators (Burma and Central Provinces).	2,150 "
19 Conservators, in three grades	{ 1,900 " } respectively. 1,700 " 1,500 "
177 Deputy and Assistant Conservators	{ † R380 a month, rising by annual increments of R40 a month to R700 a month ; there- after, by annual increments of R50 a month to R1,250 a month, in the twentieth year of service.
5 Foreign Service appointments (four tem- porary).	{
†6 Officers employed at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun.	

The sanctioned appointments in the Imperial Forest Service are allotted to the various provinces as follows:—Burma, 66; Madras, 34; Bombay, 27; Central Provinces, 24; Bengal, 11; United Provinces, 19; Punjab, 12; and Eastern Bengal and Assam, 18.

* The officer holding this appointment draws in addition to the pay of his grade a minimum local allowance of R200 a month.

† Until he has passed the prescribed Departmental examinations, an Assistant Conservator may not draw pay at a higher rate than R460 a month. On passing the examinations he will resume drawing pay under the time scale at the rate to which his length of service entitles him.

‡ These draw a local allowance of R150 a month in addition to their grade pay, with the exception of the Principal of the College, in whose case the allowance is at the rate of R200 a month.

NOTE.—Under the improved scale of salary shown above, no Exchange Compensation Allowance is granted.

APPENDIX III.

(See paragraph 16 of the Regulations.)

LEAVE.

1. The following is a summary of the principal regulations relating to the leave admissible to officers appointed to the Indian Forest Service by the Secretary of State from the United Kingdom.

Long Leave.

2. Furlough and special leave with allowances (*see* paragraph 6) are admissible to an aggregate maximum amount of six years during an officer's service. The amount of furlough "earned" is one-fourth of an officer's active service, and the amount "due" is that amount less any enjoyed.

3. Furlough without medical certificate can, if due, be generally taken after eight years' active service, and again after intervals of not less than three years' continuous service. It is limited to two years at a time.

4. Furlough on medical certificate may be granted (*a*) to an officer who has rendered three years' continuous service, for not more than two years, but capable of extension up to three years; and (*b*) to an officer who has not rendered three years' continuous service, up to one year in any case, and up to such longer period, if any (but not exceeding two years in all), as the officer may have furlough "due" to him.

5. The allowances admissible during furlough are:—

- (1) During the first two years of furlough without medical certificate and during so much of furlough with medical certificate as may be "due"—half average salary, subject to certain maximum and minimum limits.
- (2) After the expiration of the period for which the foregoing allowances are admissible one quarter of average salary, subject to certain maximum and minimum limits.

Short Leave.

6. Special leave may be granted at any time for not more than six months, with intervals of six years' service; allowances, calculated as during furlough, are given during the first six months only, whether taken in one or more instalments.

7. Privilege Leave is a holiday which may be granted to the extent of one-eleventh part of the time that an officer has been on duty without interruption; and it may be accumulated up to three months, earned by 33 months' duty. During privilege leave, the officer retains a lien on his appointment, and receives the salary which he would have received if on duty. An interval of not less than six months must elapse between two periods of absence on privilege leave.

Privilege leave may be prefixed to furlough, special leave, or extraordinary leave without allowances. The whole period of leave thus taken in combination is known as combined leave. Combined leave may not be granted for a period of less duration than six months, nor, except on medical certificate, may it be extended beyond two years.

8. Subsidiary Leave in India for a minimum of 10 days, usually with half average salary, is granted to an officer proceeding on or returning from leave out of India, or on retirement, to enable him to reach the port of embarkation or to rejoin his appointment. It is admissible only at the end and not at the beginning of combined leave.

9. Short Leave is also granted to enable officers to appear at examinations, etc.

10. Extraordinary Leave without allowances may be granted in case of necessity, and, except in certain specified cases, only when no other kind of leave is by rule admissible. It may be granted in continuation of other leave.

General Rules.

11. Leave of absence, whether on furlough or on privilege leave, can never be claimed as of right, and is given or refused at the discretion of Government.

12. After five years' continuous absence from duty, an officer is considered to be out of the employment of Government.

13. When leave allowances other than privilege leave pay are paid at the Home Treasury, or in a Colony where the standard of currency is gold, rupees are converted into sterling at the rate of exchange fixed for the time being for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Imperial and Indian Treasuries, unless any other rate has been exceptionally authorised. But for the present the rate of conversion is subject to a minimum of 1s. 6d. to the rupee. Privilege Leave pay when issued from the Home Treasury (this is only admissible when privilege leave is combined with other leave) is converted at 1s. 4d. to the rupee.

APPENDIX IV.

(See paragraph 16 of the Regulations.)

PENSIONS AND PROVIDENT FUND.

1. The following is a summary of the principal pension rules applicable to officers of the Indian Forest Service appointed by the Secretary of State from the United Kingdom.

An officer of the Indian Forest Service is eligible for a pension on voluntary retirement after completing 20 years' qualifying service or attaining the age of 55 years. If at an earlier date he is compelled to retire from the service through ill-health, not occasioned by irregular or intemperate habits, he becomes eligible for an invalid pension or a gratuity according to the length of his service.

The amount of pension or gratuity is regulated as follows:—

After a service of less than 10 years, an invalid gratuity not exceeding one month's emoluments for each completed year of service.

After a service of not less than 10 years an invalid pension not exceeding the following amounts:—

Years of Completed Service.	Maximum Limit of Pension.
	R R
10	1,000 a year or 83½ a month.
11	1,400 " " 116½ "
12	1,800 " " 150 "
13	2,200 " " 183½ "
14	2,600 " " 216½ "
15 } 16 } 17 } 18 } 19 }	3,000 " " 250 "

After a service of not less than 20 years, a retiring pension not exceeding the following amounts:—

Years of Completed Service.	Scale of Pension. Sixtieths of Average Emoluments.	Maximum Limit of Pension.
		R R
20 to 24 } 25 and above }	30	{ 4,000 a year or 333½ a month. 5,000 " " 416½ "

Officers who have shown special energy and efficiency during an effective service of three years as Inspector-General of Forests or Conservator may, at the discretion of the Government of India, be allowed an additional pension of Rs. 1,000 a year, subject to the condition that the officer must not retire voluntarily before the completion of a total qualifying service of 28 years.

Subject to certain prescribed conditions, rupee pensions are now issued to pensioners residing in countries where the Indian rupee is not legal tender at the rate of exchange of 1s. 9d. the rupee.

2. A General Provident Fund has also been established on the following basis:—

- The contribution is compulsory up to 6½ per cent. on salaries, with voluntary contributions of not more than a further 6½ per cent. Subscriptions on leave of any kind are optional.
- Compound interest on such payments is annually credited by Government to each officer subscribing, the rate being at present 4 per cent. per annum.
- The sum which will thus accumulate to the credit of an officer to be his absolute property, to be handed over to him unconditionally on quitting the service; or, in the event of his death before retirement, to his legal representatives.

For Office use
only.

No.

Adkd.

INDIAN FOREST SERVICE.

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR APPOINTMENT
AS PROBATIONER, 1910.

No person will be considered as a Candidate from whom the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W., shall not have received, on or before Friday the 1st July 1910 at latest, an application on this form.

If Candidates who fill up and return the Application Form do not receive an acknowledgment of it within four complete days, they should communicate with the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department.

INDIA OFFICE,

October 1909.

1 Name in full.

2 Address. (*Any alteration to be notified to the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W.*)

3 Date and place of Birth. (*In the event of the Candidate's selection, he will be required to produce a Birth Certificate or other satisfactory evidence of age.*)

4 Profession or occupation, and nationality of Father.

- 5 The names of any near relatives who have been, or are now, in the service of the Indian Government, and the appointments at present, or immediately before retirement or decease, held by them.

- 6 All institutions where educated, since the age of 15, with dates, distinguishing whether or not the Candidate was in residence at such Institutions.

From to

at

From to

at

From to

at

From to

at

- 7 Whether trained at the public expense in any Training College in England and Wales.

8 The candidate should insert here information with regard to his qualifications (if any), under paragraph 5 of the Regulations.

9 If the Candidate has not obtained a degree in Natural Science (*vide* paragraph 5 of the Regulations), he should state here what evidence he can produce to show that he has received a good general education in the subjects mentioned in paragraph 6 of the Regulations, and that he has a good knowledge of Chemistry, Mechanics and Physics. Particulars of any public examination passed by the Candidate should be given.

10 Whether married or single (*see* paragraph 4 of Regulations.)

- 11 Names and Addresses of persons (not more than three, of whom at least one should be connected with the Institution at which the Candidate has last studied) who can testify as to conduct and character during the last four years. (*Satisfactory testimonials as to these points to be appended. Reference will not be accepted from persons who are related to the Candidate.*)

- 12 Whether the Candidate has in any previous year applied for an appointment under the Government of India.

Signature _____

Date _____

1910.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 25, 1909. 2559

ORDERED that a copy of the foregoing Regulations be forwarded, for information, to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin, the Inspector-General of Forests and the Comptroller, India Treasuries. Also that the Regulations be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

• Madras.
• Bombay.
Bengal
United Provinces.
• Punjab.
• Burma.
Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Central Provinces.
Coorg.
Ajmer.
Andamans.
Baluchistan.
North-West Frontier Province.

R. W. CARLYLE,
Secretary to the Government of India

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF
NOVEMBER 1909 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE

GRAM AND PULSE
OATS
LINSSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gur*)
SALT

TOBACCO
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Burma*—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui . . .	...	...	36.36	44.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	26.89	36.16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and	...	...										
Amherst . . .	...	...	39.02	44.14	55.65	55.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon . . .	...	...	33.68	50	46.38	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	32.99	48.85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	38.32	56.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Henzada . . .	...	...	32.99	44.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay . . .	...	...	34.41	48.12	39.51	62.75	...	...	...	...	15.76	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	28.57	48.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—														
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and														
Assam*—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong . . .	...	...	37.5	43.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	...	...	42.5	45	48.75	47.5	...	...	2.5	30	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Pabna . . .	...	...	30	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rangpur . . .	...	...		70	55	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—														
Goalpara . . .	18.75	27.5	43.75	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . .	20	26.25	41.25	41.87 to 47.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—														
Deltaic—														
Midnapur . . .	...	...	37.5	51.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . .	...	...	45	60	45	55	...	...	27.5	37.5	...	...	30	38.15
Central—														
Bardwan . . .	...	...	37.5	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack . . .	...	...	29.06	38.07	40.78	58.59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—														
Patna . . .	...	...	34.37	47.5	36.56	46.25	...	...	19.37	30	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—														
Bhagalpur . . .	...	...	43.75	58.75	41.25	48.12	...	...	28.75	31.87	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . .	...	...	50	66.56	40	50	...	...	26.56	33.28	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
Eastern—														
Benares . . .	23.7	29.37	39.63	54.27	36.67	47.34	43.12	54.27	22.92	31.15	22.24	...	22.92	29.3
Central—														
Cawnpore . . .	21.04	27.55	38.07	53.33	40	47.03	41.43	51.61	21.93	28.07	22.19	22.86	22.19	27.4
Jhansi . . .	...	...	43.28	50	42.13	46.87	...	...	17.19	26.12	19.53	30.31	23.49	31.4
Western—														
Meerut . . .	...	26.67	47.03	57.13	36.41	47.03	...	53.28	...	29.06	...	28.59	...	30.1
Agra . . .	47.29	53.33	53.33	80	39.79	51.61	45.99	61.51	23.12	28.59	21.77	27.34	23.12	29.4
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahanpur . . .	20	25	...	...	36.25	43.28	...	...	20.94	26.56	22.29	20.94	20.94	24.4
(b) OUDH—														
Southern—														
Lucknow . . .	...	27.5	40	53.33	40	47.03	47.03	55	21.61	27.6	22.86	23.54	22.24	24.4
Northern—														
Fyzabad . . .	24.22	28.55	47.03	61.87	40	46.87	...	...	23.18	31.56	22.5	25	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI		MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DÁL		OATS		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
...	Burma—
...	Tenasserim—
...	Mergui
...	43.54	40.76	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and
...	34.97	49.61	57.66	59.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amherst
...	...	23.27	...	63.37	63.37	68.82	68.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	34.41	56.64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	53.78	53.78	46.72	46.72	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Hensada
...	Toungoo
...	...	15.76	...	31.53	49.23	47.41	70.33	76.19	94.12	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	31.22	35.16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	50	62.75	66.67	72.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Eastern Bengal and
...	35	60	55	60	...	...	...	...	46.25	65	Assam—
...	35	55	45	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	23.12	51.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dacca
...	51.25	52.5	Central—
...	40	55	50	65	...	...	...	...	...	67.5	Pabna
...	57.5	75	Northern—
...	Rangpur
...	43.75	60	Brahmaputra—
...	Goalpara
...	90	...	48.75	61.09	Gauhati
...	Bengal—
...	Deltaic—
...	...	27.5	40	35	52.5 to 55	...	60	...	48.75	52.5	52.5	55 and 58.75	70 and 72.5	Midnapur
...	47.5	42.5	57.5	36.25	52.5	67.5	55	52.5	65	Calcutta
...	33.75	47.5	42.5	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
...	48.75	75	Bardwan
...	30.47	42.08	30.47	38.07	38.07	50.83	...	...	57.13	68.12	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	...	19.37	30	26.25	39.37	30	48.75	...	...	70	60	44.37	70	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	...	20	31.25	26.25	44.37	40	53.12	30	40	56.25	56.25	42.5 and 50	65	Bihar, north—
17.66	36.25	19.06	30.78	28.59	50	38.12	50	36.25	44.37	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
...	Muzaffarpur
...	United Provinces—
...	28.75	40.63	34.27	50.57	...	...	44.43	51.27	43.28	58.7	(a) AGRA—
...	Eastern—
...	Benares
...	...	20	24.58	23.54	40.99	31.98	51.61	...	...	59.22	51.1	43.23	57.13	Central—
...	...	17.19	27.03	21.61	40.94	...	...	...	...	57.19	...	48.44	...	Cawnpore
...	...	22.19	28.59	24.22	42.08	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jhansi
...	...	19.74	26.67	25	43.23	38.8	59.27	...	...	66.67	66.67	50	72.71	Western—
...	Meerut
...	...	20	23.12	25	40	33.28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	...	20	25	27.6	45.73	...	...	42.5	...	50	53.33	53.33	66.67	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	...	20	25.78	28.28	44.06	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or jinjit)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Qdr)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Burma—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	492.31	581.82	...	...	18.13	14.16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	533.33	533.33	...	...	20.51	20.51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	400	400	...	...	18.77	18.77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	457.14	336.84	...	...	16	16.62	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	492.31	492.31	...	...	17.73	17.49	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	492.31	492.31	...	...	22.61	22.61	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Siensada . . . . .	...	...	304.76	246.15	...	...	27.83	28.19	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yongoo . . . . .	...	...	...	492.31	...	...	22.61	24.62	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	492.31	533.33	...	...	21.33	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	581.82	533.33	...	...	22.54	22.54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—														
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	457.14	457.14	...	...	26.67	28.57	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	420	390	57.5	57.5	15.62	16.87	65	55	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	420	400	70	75	18.12	20	200	140	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	530	640	55.62	49.75	18.75	20	132.5	116.25	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	450	450	70	62.5	20	22.5	90	80	...	...	3.75	3.75
Brahmaputra—														
Goalpara . . . . .	...	...	...	...	60	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .	...	...	...	...	70	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
Dacca—														
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 370 to 420 }	{ 370 to 410 }	82.5	70	17.5	17.5	{ 140 and 155 }	{ 130 and 150 }	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	52.5	60	430	410	67.5	55	15	19.37	82.5	82.5	...	...	15	17.5
Central—														
Bardwan . . . . .	...	...	380	370	70	62.5	16.56	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack	76.15	65	455.31	475.62	76.15	52.34	14.37	14.37	82.5	62.5	...	...	5	5
Bihar, south—														
Patna	50	60	{ 320 to 350 }	{ 310 to 330 }	45	{ 47.5 to 52.5 }	20	20	{ 40 to 60 }	{ 20 to 40 }	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—														
Bhagalpur . . . . .	...	...	350	340	55	45	18.75	18.75	90	100	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	355.62	320	40	44.37	19.06	20	200	160	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
Eastern—														
Banaras	47.34	58.7	378.59	360.78	56.41	58.7	22.65	23.59	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Cawnpore	55.16	57.13	376.46	355.26	53.33	57.13	17.76	17.76	82.5	75	97.5	85	...	...
Jhansi	47.03	...	365.62	318.59	55.16	61.56	19.69	...	...	...	...	...	4.01	...
Western—														
Meerut . . . . .	...	61.56	...	355.57	47.03	53.33	17.34	17.4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . . . .	...	...	376.46	328.23	64.03	64.01	17.03	17.76	130	130	105	102.5	5	6.67
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahanpur . . . . .	...	...	380	350	...	...	20	20	...	...	{ 90 and 100 }	{ 90 and 100 }	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
Southern—														
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	375	370	43.33	57.13	20	...	...	...	95	85	3.12	5
Northern—														
Fyzabad . . . . .	...	...	35.5	670	53.32	44.37	20.94	20.62	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten mounds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BRAN		SHKEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
														Burma—
						9'14	11-27					3-25		Tenasserim—
						141	141					2-75		Mergui
						11-85	11-85					2		Tavoy
														Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (deltaic)—
						24-06	24-06					1-56		Rangoon
						15-69	19-75					1-81		Manbin
												1-69		Bassein
														Pegu (inland)—
												1-5		Henzada
												1-5		Toungoo
				18-59	14	26-67	29-49							Upper Burma—
					8-8		14-1					1-69		Mandalay
												1-87		Pakókku
														Arahan—
												2-25		Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and Assam—
														Eastern—
												2-5		Chittagong
												1-81		Dacca
7-5	7-5													Central—
												1-31		Pabna
10	10													Northern—
												1-81		Rangpur
														Brahmaputra—
												2		Goolpara
												1-37		Gauhati
														Bengal—
3-75	3-12											1-34		Deltaic—
8-75	8-75			20	21-25	20	28-12					1-5		Midnapur
														Calcutta
3-12	3-75					22-5	35					1-42		Central—
														Bardwan
5-62	5-62					6-25	6-25					1-47		Orissa—
														Cuttack
10	7-5			11-87	11-25	22-5	18-75					1-37		Bihar, south—
				5	5	12-5	20							Patna
				10	5	25	28-59					1-3		Bihar, north—
												1-36		Bhagalpur
														Muzaffarpur
														United Provinces—
				10		30-78		50	50	40	40	1-87		(a) AGRA—
														Eastern—
				7-24		20		70	70			1-66		Benares
		3-28										1-78		Central—
														Cawnpore
														Jhansi
									60			1-89		Western—
8-75		5	5-73	5-73		24-53				80	80	2-31		Meerut
				5		33-28		60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	1-69		Agra
														Submontane, west—
														Shahjahanpur
														(b) OUDH—
			2-5	7-5		20		40	40			2-62		Southern—
														Lucknow
				7-20						35	35	1-47		Northern—
														Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	30.78	30.78	...	...	38.12	48.44	...	...	22.24	27.92	27.5	23.44	26.87	30.78
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	30.62	30.62	47.03	53.33	34.69	43.44	41.87	50	18.75	30.21	20	30.78	25	30.78
Central—														
Lahore	27.08	34.27	47.03	60.42	38.07	47.03	42.08	51.61	19.27	30.47	20.52	78	25.57	32.97
South-eastern—														
Delhi	25	34.79	51.61	53.33	40	50	42.08	51.15	20	28.59	22.24	26.67	25	30.78
Submontane—														
Amritsar	26.67	31.35	50	55.16	33.33	45.05	35.47	49.22	...	...	...	30.62	...	36.35
Northern—														
Rawalpindi	28.54	28.54	66.67	56.25	35.57	47.03	38.12	50	23.54	29.06	20	31.98	25	34.58
Western—														
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	...	50	...	35	...	39.37	...	18.75	...	23.12	...	23.12	...
Multan	21.25	31.87	...	...	40	48.44	...	...	18.44	...	22.19	28.59	25	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	37.55	...	40.88	...	19.69	...	24.43	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	63.91	...	38.7	...	40	...	23.65	...	20	...	24.58	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	43.12	62.5	41.61	50	...	...	25	28.12	...	31.87	26.87	33.75
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	45.62	67.81	36.56	40.94	...	...	19.69	31.77	27.5	32.03	20	30.78
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	43.12 to 44.37	47.5 to 50	72.5	77.5	31.25	37.5	30.62	35	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	37.92	56.87	...	...	...	...	21.61	27.92	21.61	25.05
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	40.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E.														
Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	41.82	48.28	...	...	...	...	21.82	25.47	...	26.61
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.91
Gujarat—														
Surat . . . . .	...	...	43.23	64.84	53.88	59.84	...	...	...	...	27.4	38.18	30.99	37.5
Ahmadabad . . . . .	...	...	31.87	45	...	44.48	...	...	20.62	...	20	25.67	25	33.33
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur . . . . .	...	...	34.62	42.25	37.25	51	50	61.5	...	...	28.25	33.75	...	...
Central—														
Jubbulpore . . . . .	...	...	36.37	47	38.12	50	44.5	57.12	...	...	21	29.62	...	...
Eastern—														
Raipur . . . . .	...	...	31	41	39	49	48	59	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—														
Akola . . . . .	...	...	...	51.12	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	25.87	...	...
Amraoti . . . . .	...	...	39.12	58.62	40.5	52.75	49	64	...	...	28.62	29.37	...	...
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.7	30.8	36.6	36.5
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.8	35.7	...	...
Cuddapah	32.7	39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.6	34.8	25.4	30.5
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	29.3	35.2	13.5	58.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	34.3	35.6	50.1	50.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31.9	30	37.5	30
Mysore—														
Mysore	20	42.35	56	65.75	58	61.53	55.99	82.29	...	...	28	45.25	...	...
Bangalore	30	32	53	74	64	64	67.76	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAGI		MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPESEED		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
...	...	25	27.92	25.78	38.33	...	...	61.56	...	72.66	72.66	...	...	Rajputana—
...	Eastern— Ajmer
...	...	21.25	30.78	20	38.07	...	61.56	...	...	...	...	50	65	Panjab—
...	...	24.11	34.06	21.04	38.59	41.56	57.13	47.03	...	50	53.33	44.43	53.33	Southern— Ferozpur
...	...	22.24	27.6	23.54	41.04	38.12	66.67	55.16	...	...	72.71	45.73	61.56	Central— Lahore
...	...	23.54	33.33	21.93	42.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	42.08	...	South-eastern— Delhi
...	...	22.19	31.98	25	42.08	50	65	...	...	57.13	50	42.19	59.37	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	18.12	...	20.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	...	20.47	31.87	...	40.94	...	...	...	...	...	...	49.37	61.56	Western— Lyallpur Multan
...	...	22.24	...	25	...	34.27	...	...	...	52.45	...	...	...	N.W. Frontier Pro- vince—
...	...	30.47	...	21.98	...	61.56	...	...	...	41.3	...	39.01	...	Peshawar Dera Ismael Khan
...	32.5	45	...	58.54	...	...	...	...	37.03	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	30	43.75	42.5	...	...	...	...	...	34.37	...	Karachi Shikarpur
...	...	34.06	35.62	...	...	61.87	65	61.25	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
...	50.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bombay—
...	34.11	...	...	68.25	...	...	62.24	54.22	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	Dharwar Sholapur Poona
...	52.6	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.E
...	Deccan—
...	25	51.87	30	67.5	...	...	...	61.25	...	...	Ahmadnagar Dhulia
...	41.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat—
...	Surat Ahmadabad
...	29.5	46.25	38.75	53	...	...	62	62	...	...	Central Provinces—
...	Western— Nagpur
...	26.62	41	44.5	57.12	150	...	57.12	50	47	61.5	Central— Jubbulpore
...	29	49	37	55	40	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	46.12	...	58.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	Barar—
...	35	51.87	34.5	52.37	...	...	61.5	69.25	...	...	Akola Amraoti
...	Madras—
27.8	29.3	...	60.1	64.4	...	43	36.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	South, central— Coimbatore Salem
...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
29	29.8	...	...	...	...	37.4	40.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	39.9	50.8	...	...	...	58.3	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
28.2	29.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	61.7	...	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
...	48.1	39.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore—
30	49.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore Bangalore
33	38	...	40	48	32.62	58	62.69	68.12	68.12	...	...	...	...

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjili)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	61.56	66.82	376.72	365.62	66.67	65.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.53	4.9
Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur . . . . .	...	...	400	400	57.19	50	16.67	...	100	100	94.06	106.67	10	5.62
Central— Lahore	57.13	66.67	426.72	426.67	60.36	57.13	15.42	...	88.91	80	106.67	123.07	11.51	10
South-eastern— Delhi	64.01	64.01	474.06	426.67	53.33	50	17.4	...	80	76.25	106.67	114.37	7.97	7.5
Submontane— Amritsar	62.5	63.33	450	420	44.43	53.33	14.22	...	...	...	103	...	10	...
Northern— Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	84.06	426.67	400	50	53.33	15	...	...	...	100	133.33	10	10
Western— Lyalpur . . . . .	...	...	405	...	57.5	...	15	...	80	...	90	...	...	...
Multan . . . . .	...	69.53	...	...	...	...	15.94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
M.-W. Frontier Pro- vince—														
Peshawar	58.7	...	411.04	...	52.45	...	16.41	...	...	...	106.25	...	7.66	...
Dera Ismael Khan	65.31	...	502.13	...	51.25	...	14.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi	67.5	...	388.75	390	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	388.75	375	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	{ 410 to 460 }	{ 390 to 430 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	76.3	62.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	378.96	403.49	78.96	80.68	...	...	133.33	112.29	...	...	...	...
Khondesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat . . . . .	...	74.95	...	410.83	59.48	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	...
Ahmadabad	66.25	...	360	360	...	91.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur	75.25	86.62	466.62	466.62	...	...	21.62	21.62	91.62	100	120	120	8.75	12.5
Central— Jubbulpore	50	57.12	340	330	...	...	22.25	22.25	114.25	88.87	80	88.87	5	5
Eastern— Raipur . . . . .	...	...	370	340	...	...	20.5	20	220	170	95	75	...	...
Berar— Akola . . . . .	...	56.37	...	425	...	...	...	20	...	78	...	88.12	...	...
Amratoti	57.62	86.37	350	380	...	...	18	20	140	120	...	130	7	5
Madras— South, central— Coimbatore	67.2	82.8	487.8	480	61.5	52.8	22.4	...	...	...	76.8	64.1	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	410.9	385.3	...	...	16.9	...	205.5	128.5	51.4	62.5	...	...
Central— Bellary	77.3	66.2	476.1	412.7	83.3	47.7	...	...	...	...	57.7	52.7	...	...
Cuddapah . . . . .	...	...	394.7	394.6	...	...	11.6	...	...	...	37	32.9	...	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	74.1	74.1	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south— Madras	54.7	63.5	493.8	428	70.8	54.4	12.8	...	82.3	82.3	65.8	65.8	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	133.3	...	...	...	17.5	...	124.3	143.1	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	75	72.5	416.2	...	...	...	1.2	...	106.8	106.8	...	...	...	...
Mysore— Mysore	46	70.53	488.54	428.59	102.81	92.5	...	...	205.73*	205.68*	85.73	120	...	14.37
Bangalore	52	56	445.68	480	94.27	60	...	...	222.86*	205.68*	145.68	120	3.65	3.65

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 mands

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten mounds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BHUSA		BRAN		SHEEP, PER SCORE		FLOUR BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	1909	1908	
3.59	4.69	3.59	4.69	...	...	36.35	...	12.5	125	85	88	1.94	...	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	...	6.67	...	5.78	10	...	...	85	60	90	90	2.25	...	Panjab— Southern— Ferozpur
...	8.85	8.91	12.92	25	...	140	180	140	200	2.22	...	Central— Lahore
...	...	6.67	10	7.97	...	23.51	...	80	80	140	150	1.5	...	South-eastern— Delhi
...	10	10	11.41	20	...	125	...	...	...	2.34	...	Submontane— Amritsar
...	...	10	10	9.53	11.41	22.19	...	90	90	70	70	2.31	...	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	5	...	25	...	100	...	140	...	2.44	...	Western— Lyallpur
...	2.45	...	Multan
...	...	4.37	...	...	...	18.49	...	{ 60 to 100 120 }	...	{ 60 to 200 120 }	...	2.69	...	N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	7.66	...	30.21	...	...	...	...	...	2.69	...	Dera Ismael Khan
...	7.5	...	20	...	155	143.75	112	...	2.03	...	Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi
...	7.5	10	29.37	...	{ 120 to 220 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	...	2.37	...	Shikarpur
...	2.25	...	Quetta
...	2.06	...	Bombay— Deccan and Karnatak—
...	1.87	...	Dharwar
...	2.21	...	Sholapur
...	Poona
...	28.59	...	...	...	...	...	1.81	...	Khandesh and N.-E.
...	1.91	...	Deccan— Ahmadnagar
...	Dhulia
...	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	2.12	...	Gujarat—
...	2.25	...	Surat
...	Ahmadabad
...	60	50	90	90	1.75	...	Central Provinces— Western—
...	3.37	...	...	...	...	32	...	50	55	60	70	1.25	...	Nagpur
...	40	...	...	...	35	30	1.5	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	Eastern— Raipur
...	5.5	...	...	...	...	...	55	...	60	...	...	Berar—
...	40	...	50	50	70	70	1.87	...	Akola
...	Amraoti
...	...	6.4	4.1	11.9	...	109.5*	...	...	...	...	...	2.25	...	Madras—
...	80†	75†	...	...	2.02	...	South, central— Coimbatore
...	...	5.2	5.2	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	100	100	2.13	...	Salem
...	2	...	Central— Bellary
...	2.03	...	Cuddapah
3.6	3.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnul
...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	7.2	...	26.5	...	70†	61.85†	...	...	1.75	...	East Coast, south— Madras
...	11.6	...	130†	90†	...	...	1.89	...	Tanjore
...	17.4	...	41	...	...	...	...	...	2.1	...	Trichinopoly
5.4	5.4	...	...	12.5	...	17	...	...	...	40	40	1.5	...	Southern— Madura
...	10.62	...	7	...	...	36.72	...	80	80	100	100	2.44	2.47	Mysore— Mysore
7.34	7.34	...	4.27	33.8	...	160	160	{ 120 to 150 }	{ 120 to 150 }	2	2.03	Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

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Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 22, 1909

E

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909 [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Burma—												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	...	...	13 7	12 12	14 8	14 2	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mou mein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 15	7 11	8 12	8 6	...	...	...	...
Bangoon	7 12	7 13	...	...	10 13	10 13	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	11 9	11 9	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Iharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 1	8 12	14 —	11 11	...	...	...	...
Benzaia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	11 13	10 14	12 15	11 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>												
Mandalay	9 5	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	10 15	10 2	22 3	19 —	...	...
Bamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	10 8	11 11	11 11	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 7	8 14	10 11	10 2	...	...	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	12 6	12 4	13 7	13 1	18 5	18 3	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>												
Sandoway	3 3	3 3	...	...	7 9	6 7	10 —	8 6	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpadaung . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	9 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	5 4	5 2	12 8	12 8	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 5	6 5	9 3	9 —	...	...	...	...
Dacca	8 —	7 8	19 —	20 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	19 —	10 —	20 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	9 —	10 8	13 8	15 —	6 —	6 12	10 8	9 12	...	...	...	...
Maida	10 —	9 8	14 —	13 8	7 —	6 —	14 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	7 2	9 6	...	...	...	...	11 4	9 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Jalpaiguri	7 4	7 —	...	...	6 —	5 8	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...	10 4	12 4	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	6 —	8 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Burma—												
Sylhet . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 9	7 —	12 4	15 8	...	...	...	...
Cachar	6 10	6 10	...	...	7 7	8 4	9 —	11 11	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
<i>Khasi and Jaintia</i>												
Hills	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	8 —	8 —	...	...	25 —	24 —	28 —	27 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	11 4	11 —	12 8	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>												
Goalpara	7 8	7 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Kamrup	7 8	7 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	...	...	6 8	6 —	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Nowrang . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	15 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	7 —	6 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 8	9 —	...	...	...	...

State the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR RUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	14 2	14 2	Burma—
...	17 12	17 12	Tanasserim—
...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	16 4	16 4	Mergui
...	10 5	10 3	...	...	6 14	6 12	18 9	18 —	Tavoy
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 6	6 6	14 3	14 3	Moulmein and
...	5 11	5 11	16 5	16 5	5 6	5 6	17 13	17 13	Amherst
...	10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	9 12	9 11	...	...	8 10	9 —	19 12	17 13	Pegu
...	6 9	6 9	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 2	12 2	Tharawadi
...	10 13	9 2	...	...	7 14	7 14	16 2	16 2	Henzada
...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Prome
...	22 9	23 9	8 2	8 2	14 8	14 2	Tonagoo
...	11 6	12 11	22 3	19 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Thayetmyo
...	10 11	15 10	...	...	4 12	4 12	14 3	14 3	Upper Burma—
...	17 2	17 —	23 8	23 2	9 11	9 12	17 12	14 3	Mandalay
...	3 8	3 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	16 —	16 —	Bamo
...	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	12 —	12 —	Pakokku
...	Meiktila
...	Arakan—
...	Sandoway
...	Kyaukpadaung
...	Akyab
...	11 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	6 8	25 —	25 —	Eastern Bengal and
...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Assam—
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	Eastern—
...	8 10	8 10	...	...	7 7	7 7	17 2	17 2	Chittagong
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	7 10	20 —	20 —	Noakhali
...	9 8	10 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	17 8	16 —	Backerganj
...	17 —	15 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	19 —	19 —	Maimensingh
...	13 8	15 —	...	...	7 12	9 —	19 8	18 12	Tippera
...	13 8	13 —	27 —	27 —	10 —	10 —	18 —	17 —	Dacca
...	10 8	13 8	...	...	10 8	13 8	19 8	19 8	Faridpur
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 12	6 12	18 —	18 —	Central—
...	12 —	9 10	...	...	7 12	7 12	18 —	18 —	Pabna
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	8 8	8 —	18 —	18 —	Rajshahi
...	7 8	6 12	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	20 —	Malda
...	9 —	8 14	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Bogra
...	6 8	6 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Northern—
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 —	10 —	Jalpaiguri
...	4 —	5 —	24 —	24 —	4 —	4 —	13 —	12 —	Dinajpur
...	6 —	5 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 12	10 12	Rangpur
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Surma—
...	10 —	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Sylhet
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	16 —	16 —	Cachar
...	8 —	8 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Hill tracts—
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Khasi and
...	8 8	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	16 —	16 —	Jaintia
...	10 8	10 —	...	...	7 12	7 8	16 —	16 —	Hills
...	Garo Hills
...	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Gowalpara
...	Kamrup
...	Darrang
...	Nowagong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakshimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
Bengal—												
Dacca—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 13	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	9 —	9 —	13 —	14 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	...	...	12 —	...
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	8 —	8 14	10 10	12 4	...	...	9 6	8 14	...	...	...	...
Jessore	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	10 4	10 4	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Bankura	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	11 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bardwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 12	9 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	10 8	10 4	20 —	21 8	...	...	11 2	10 8	...	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	10 8	10 8	13 —	13 —	...	...	13 12	10 8	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 4	6 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	8 8	7 14	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	9 13	9 13	...	...	...	...	13 12	13 12	...	...	...	...
Balasore	7 12	7 —	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	9 4	9 3	...	...	...	...	16 —	15 —	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	11 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	6 14	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	14 —	11 —	...	...	12 —	12 —
Banchi	8 8	8 4	10 —	12 —	...	...	13 8	13 —	...	...	...	...
Palaman	9 —	9 —	15 12	13 8	...	...	9 —	8 7	...	...	...	...
Hazaribagh	8 8	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	11 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Monghyr	11 —	11 —	14 12	11 3	...	...	13 —	9 6	...	...	...	...
Gaya	10 7	9 12	16 9	15 6	...	...	10 15	10 5	...	...	...	...
Patna	10 12	10 8	20 —	19 8	...	...	11 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	10 —	10 —	17 8	16 —	...	...	10 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	12 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	10 8	9 8	14 —	14 —	...	...	6 —	7 13	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	8 13	9 14	15 3	14 4	...	...	9 15	9 5	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	10 —	9 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	10 —	10 —	20 —	17 —	...	...	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Champaran	9 8	9 —	21 —	21 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
United Provinces:												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	8 —	9 8	16 —	15 —	5 —	4 —	9 —	10 —	18 —	...	16 —	15 —
Benares	10 5	10 5	16 12	15 11	6 —	5 11	9 2	9 3	16 12	16 4	16 12	16 12
Ghazipur	9 12	9 9	17 13	16 10	6 —	6 —	10 13	10 15	19 13	16 —	16 4	16 8
Jaunpur	9 8	8 11	16 10	16 10	8 3	8 3	8 11	9 11	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	8 8	8 8	16 8	16 8	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 4	21 —	17 —	18 —	17 —
Central—												
Banda	9 10	9 2	13 12	13 8	3 8	3 8	11 4	10 12	21 8	21 8	18 12	19 8
Fatehpur	8 8	9 —	15 —	15 —	9 —	9 —	10 8	11 —	19 —	20 —	18 —	18 —
Hamirpur	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	6 —	6 —	9 4	8 4	20 8	20 —	19 —	19 8
Jalaun	8 12	9 4	18 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	17 —	17 —
Cawnpore	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	9 8	9 —	17 12	16 8	17 12	17 —
Jhansi	9 4	9 8	23 —	23 4	5 8	5 8	9 —	9 —	20 4	22 4	16 12	16 8
Etawah	9 4	9 4	17 8	16 8	3 —	3 —	11 —	10 —	19 8	19 8	19 8	18 12
Farukhabad	9 3	9 8	15 —	14 5	4 3	4 3	9 9	9 9	...	...	16 12	16 4
Mainpuri	10 4	10 4	18 —	18 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 8	18 —	17 —	18 —	18 —
Etah	10 8	10 8	17 —	17 —	2 8	2 8	9 —	8 —	18 —	...	17 —	17 —
Western—												
Meerut	10 12	11 —	18 8	17 8	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	16 —	16 8
Agra	9 14	10 —	16 12	16 8	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	17 8	17 —	17 —
Muttra	10 —	10 —	21 —	21 —	5 —	5 —	8 12	8 12	19 8	16 —	16 —	16 —
Aligarh	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	21 —	21 —	17 8	18 —
Bulandshahr	11 3	11 3	18 4	18 4	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 —	17 8	17 8	16 8	16 8
Simonside, east—												
Ballia	10 —	10 4	17 8	16 4	6 4	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	9 12	9 12	17 —	17 —	7 8	7 8	11 4	11 4	14 —	14 —	16 8	16 —
Gorakhpur	10 12	10 6	17 —	17 —	7 4	7 11	12 —	12 2	15 6	15 6	16 6	16 4
Easti	10 4	10 12	18 —	18 —	6 8	6 2	12 8	12 8	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —

state the number of bera (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oler aristinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Bengal—
...	...	...	...	12 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	22 8	22 8	Dacca—
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	21 —	21 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	24 Parganas
...	...	10 —	10 —	11 8	12 —	13 —	14 —	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Howrah
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	17 12	Calcutta
...	...	...	...	10 —	11 4	...	...	10 —	10 —	21 —	21 4	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	8 —	10 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	20 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	...	...	...	10 8	11 —	...	...	8 10	8 8	21 —	21 —	Jessore
...	...	...	...	12 —	11 4	...	...	7 8	8 —	20 —	20 —	Central—
...	...	...	...	18 —	16 —	...	...	14 8	15 —	21 —	21 —	Bankura
...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	24 12	20 —	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Bardwan
9 12	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	6 —	6 —	14 —	14 —	Birbhum
...	...	...	...	12 7	11 2	...	...	7 14	8 3	25 —	24 —	Murshidabad
...	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	...	...	13 2	11 13	22 —	22 —	Santhal Parganas
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Hills—
...	...	...	...	12 —	14 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	Darjeeling
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Orissa—
...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Puri
16 —	29 —	...	...	11 —	10 8	20 —	18 —	7 8	7 8	18 —	18 —	Cuttack
...	20 4	...	...	13 8	12 6	19 2	19 2	10 2	10 2	19 2	19 2	Balasore
22 8	24 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	8 8	8 8	18 —	18 —	Sambalpur
...	...	...	...	16 12	14 —	23 —	19 —	10 8	10 —	21 13	21 —	Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 9	20 4	19 3	19 —	19 4	20 8	20 12	Singbhum
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	20 —	10 —	13 —	12 —	19 8	19 8	Mandla
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	18 —	17 —	11 8	11 —	21 —	21 —	Ranchi
...	...	...	...	13 5	12 —	32 —	23 —	9 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Palaman
...	...	...	...	15 —	14 —	20 —	20 4	10 —	10 2	20 —	20 —	Hazaribagh
25 5	24 8	...	...	13 3	13 3	20 14	20 14	11 —	9 14	19 12	19 12	Bihar, south—
22 8	22 8	...	...	14 —	18 —	21 —	21 —	10 8	10 —	21 —	21 —	Monghyr
...	...	...	...	11 —	13 8	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —	21 —	20 —	Gaya
22 —	22 —	...	...	15 8	15 —	21 8	20 12	10 8	10 8	20 —	20 —	Patna
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	15 —	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	Shahabad
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 11	19 —	19 —	11 6	11 6	16 14	16 14	Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	14 3	14 5	19 13	19 2	12 —	11 0	17 8	17 12	Purnea
...	...	...	...	14 8	15 —	...	...	12 15	12 15	18 12	18 12	Bhagalpur
...	...	...	...	19 12	19 4	...	...	10 12	10 8	18 14	19 —	Darbhanga
...	...	...	...	15 4	14 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	19 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
...	...	...	...	18 4	18 4	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Saran
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	18 —	17 —	9 —	9 —	21 —	21 —	Champaran
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 4	19 8	19 —	12 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	United Provinces:
14 14	...	...	...	18 4	17 12	23 —	24 4	8 12	8 8	20 —	20 8	(a) AGRA—
...	...	...	...	14 12	14 —	20 8	14 4	11 8	11 8	19 8	19 8	Eastern—
30 —	28 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	17 12	18 3	10 7	10 7	19 7	20 7	Mirzapur
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 8	21 —	20 —	12 —	12 —	20 3	20 —	Benares
...	...	...	...	15 —	14 —	22 —	21 —	10 8	10 8	21 —	21 —	Ghazipur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 8	17 8	11 8	11 4	22 8	22 8	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 8	19 8	20 —	11 8	12 —	22 8	22 8	Allahabad
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	18 —	18 —	13 8	12 —	...	...	Central—
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	22 —	21 —	13 8	13 8	...	...	Banda
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	17 8	17 8	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	15 10	15 —	20 —	20 —	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 8	Hamirpur
21 —	21 —	16 —	16 —	12 12	12 12	19 —	20 —	11 4	11 4	17 —	17 —	Jalban
19 —	19 —	15 6	15 6	12 15	12 15	19 —	19 12	11 7	11 7	18 —	18 —	Cawnpore
20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	14 8	14 —	20 —	20 —	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	Jhansi
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 8	17 8	11 8	11 4	22 8	22 8	Etawah
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 8	19 8	20 —	11 8	12 —	22 8	22 8	Farukhabad
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	18 —	18 —	13 8	12 —	...	...	Meerut
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	22 —	21 —	13 8	13 8	...	...	Agro
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	17 8	17 8	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Muttra
...	...	...	...	15 10	15 —	20 —	20 —	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 8	Aligarh
21 —	21 —	16 —	16 —	12 12	12 12	19 —	20 —	11 4	11 4	17 —	17 —	Bulandshahr
19 —	19 —	15 6	15 6	12 15	12 15	19 —	19 12	11 7	11 7	18 —	18 —	Submontane, east—
20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	14 8	14 —	20 —	20 —	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	Ballia
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 8	17 8	11 8	11 4	22 8	22 8	Azamgarh
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 8	19 8	20 —	11 8	12 —	22 8	22 8	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	18 —	18 —	13 8	12 —	...	...	Basti
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	22 —	21 —	13 8	13 8	...	...
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	17 8	17 8	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	
...	...	...	...	15 10	15 —	20 —	20 —	12 8	12 8	17 8	17 8	
21 —	21 —	16 —	16 —	12 12	12 12	19 —	20 —	11 4	11 4	17 —	17 —	
19 —	19 —	15 6	15 6	12 15	12 15	19 —	19 12	11 7	11 7	18 —	18 —	
20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	14 8	14 —	20 —	20 —	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909—continued (The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon ghum)		BAJRA OR DUMBU (Pennisetum typhoidum)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
					Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month				
United Provinces—continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur	10 4	10 8	18 —	18 —	8 —	8 8	11 8	11 8	17 8	16 —	19 —	18 8
Budaun	9 6	9 6	16 12	16 4	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	15 8	15 8
Pilibhit	10 11	10 11	19 8	19 —	5 3	5 3	12 1	12 1	...	...	17 14	...
Bareilly	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 12	4 —	4 —	9 8	10 —	18 —	18 —	16 8	16 8
Moradabad	10 10	10 10	16 8	16 8	3 4	3 4	7 12	7 12	20 —	21 8	17 —	18 8
Bijnor	10 14	11 4	20 12	19 8	3 8	3 8	8 8	8 12	...	...	15 —	15 —
Muzaffarnagar	10 12	11 —	19 13	18 11	7 2	7 2	7 11	7 11	...	...	16 8	16 8
Saharanpur	10 6	10 6	19 10	19 6	4 4	4 4	8 —	8 —	15 15	15 15	17 —	17 —
Dehra-Dun	9 8	9 8	16 —	16 —	3 8	3 8	9 —	9 8	16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	8 —	8 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	10 —	10 —
Almora	8 8	8 8	13 8	13 8	3 8	3 12	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Garawal	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	4 8	4 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh	10 —	10 —	18 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	18 —	17 —	17 —	17 —
Sultanpur	10 —	10 4	17 —	17 —	8 12	8 12	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareilly	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	4 —	4 —	10 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	17 —	19 —
Unao	9 —	9 —	15 8	14 8	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	17 —	16 8	18 —	17 8
Lucknow	9 8	9 12	18 —	17 8	4 4	4 8	10 —	10 —	17 —	16 —	19 —	19 —
Barcoo	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	4 —	4 —	9 8	9 8	18 —	16 —	...	...
Northern—												
Fyzabad	9 15	10 —	17 4	17 4	...	...	8 8	8 8	16 12	16 8	15 —	15 —
Barabanki	9 12	9 12	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	17 —
Gonda	10 2	10 2	18 8	18 12	8 4	8 4	10 2	9 12	14 4	14 4	16 8	18 4
Bahraich	10 8	10 12	20 8	20 —	6 —	6 —	9 8	8 —	24 8	24 —	21 —	19 —
Sitapur	10 —	10 —	20 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 8
Kheri	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	6 —	4 —	10 8	9 8	22 —	22 —	20 4	20 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partabgarh	11 13	12 —	20 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	7 3	6 4	18 6	19 4	...	...
Banswara	13 8	13 8	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	8 12	9 12	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	13 13	13 9	24 15	24 14	7 1	7 3	7 14	8 —	20 15	19 9	11 14	...
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	15 —	14 12	21 —	20 8	9 8	9 3	11 —	10 13	...	...	...	...
Ajmer	10 8	9 14	18 —	18 2	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 —	14 8	14 8	14 14	15 —
Kishangarh	10 8	10 8	20 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	23 —	23 —	16 8	16 —
Bundi	14 1	14 1	23 1	23 1	7 11	7 11	8 15	8 15	23 1	19 3	12 13	12 13
Kotah	12 8	12 8	20 —	20 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	18 12	18 12	15 8	15 8
Jhalawar	12 14	12 8	20 —	18 8	6 11	5 15	9 13	8 15	17 12	17 —	14 13	14 —
Tonk	9 9	9 10	17 9	17 7	4 9	4 10	5 11	5 12	17 2	18 1	15 15	16 —
Jaipur	11 1	11 5	18 14	19 15	5 6	5 6	6 3	6 3	18 14	19 7	15 10	16 11
Karauli	12 8	12 8	20 —	18 12	7 13	8 7	8 12	8 12	20 —	20 —	16 9	16 14
Dholpur	10 12	10 12	18 —	18 8	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	20 8	20 2	18 5	19 1
Bharatpur	11 4	11 4	19 12	19 2	4 11	4 13	5 8	5 8	20 —	18 —	18 —	18 —
Alwar	11 14	11 11	20 6	19 12	5 1	5 1	5 4	6 —	20 11	20 11	20 4	19 13
Deoli	11 2	...	21 12	...	5 —	...	7 —	...	23 8	...	20 12	...
Nasirabad	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Shanpura	10 12	10 12	25 6	24 10	6 1	5 8	8 4	8 4	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Western—												
Bikaner	8 8	8 4	18 —	18 —	4 8	4 8	7 —	7 —	21 8	21 —	16 —	17 —
Jaisalmer	10 7	9 6	...	...	5 3	5 3	7 10	6 12	18 13	18 13	14 2	14 10
Jodhpur	10 12	10 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
and	and	and	19 14	19 12	5 3	5 3	6 4	6 8	18 3	20 —	and	and
and	12 3	11 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 10	16 7
Balmer	12 —	11 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	10 13	10 13	...	...	17 3	17 3
Erinpura	11 8	11 8	22 —	22 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	14 —	14 —
Sirohi	12 —	12 —	22 —	25 —	4 8	4 —	7 4	7 —	20 —	20 —	16 —	16 —
and	and	and	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
and	13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
and	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anadra	14 8	14 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
and	and	and	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
and	10 12	10 12	16 4	16 1	4 12	4 12	7 6	7 6	...	...	10 11	10 11
and	12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central India—												
Indore	9 4	9 —	15 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	5 8	19 —	19 —	15 —	14 8
Nimach	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	21 —	16 —	15 —
Gwalior (a)	...	9 4	...	...	...	5 —	...	6 8	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	9 4	9 8	19 —	19 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	19 8	22 12	18 8	19 8
Ferozpur	11 4	11 8	20 —	19 8	...	...	6 12	6 12	19 7	18 —	15 —	15 —
Central—												
Lahore	10 5	10 8	20 4	20 4	...	...	8 6	8 2	19 4	19 4	15 8	15 4
Gujranwala	11 8	11 4	22 8	22 8	...	...	9 —	8 4	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	12 —	12 —	21 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	16 —
Jhelum	1 8	11 8	19 —	19 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	15 —

(a) Not reported yet

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine horacana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADAIY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	20 —	20 —	15 8	15 —	20 —	20 —	12 —	11 8	20 —	20 —	United Provinces continued
...	...	17 —	17 —	13 4	13 —	20 —	20 —	11 8	11 8	20 —	20 —	(a) AGRA—continued
...	16 3	15 9	20 12	20 12	12 1	12 1	20 12	20 12	Submontane, west—
...	14 6	14 12	20 —	20 12	12 8	13 —	20 —	20 —	Shahjahanpur
...	...	13 —	13 —	15 8	15 —	19 —	19 —	12 8	12 8	21 4	21 4	Budann
...	14 12	14 12	12 8	...	11 4	11 4	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	11 14	14 14	16 8	16 8	6 10	6 10	20 14	20 14	Moradabad
15 15	15 15	21 4	21 4	15 6	15 6	17 8	17 8	7 7	7 7	21 4	21 4	Bijnor
18 —	18 —	...	...	14 8	14 8	19 —	19 —	10 8	10 8	18 —	18 —	Muzaffarnagar
...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	8 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Saharanpur
14 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Dera-Dun
16 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 8	5 —	9 —	10 —	Hills —
...	...	10 —	10 —	12 8	13 —	18 —	21 —	10 8	10 4	20 —	20 —	Naini Tal
...	12 4	12 12	...	...	12 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	Almora
22 —	22 —	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Garhwal
...	14 —	13 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	(b) OUDH —
...	...	19 —	19 —	14 8	14 —	19 —	19 —	11 —	11 —	19 —	19 —	Southern —
18 —	18 —	20 —	20 —	13 8	13 —	22 —	22 —	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Partabgarh
...	...	16 —	16 —	14 2	13 8	18 14	18 8	11 12	11 12	18 8	18 8	Sultanpur
17 —	17 —	16 —	16 —	13 8	13 8	20 —	20 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareilly
17 —	17 —	14 —	14 —	13 12	13 12	20 8	21 8	11 4	10 12	18 8	18 4	Unao
...	...	16 —	16 —	14 —	13 —	23 —	23 —	13 —	12 —	18 8	18 8	Lucknow
26 —	26 —	26 —	26 —	13 8	13 8	22 —	22 —	13 8	13 —	20 —	20 —	Hardoi
24 —	24 —	18 —	18 —	13 8	13 —	22 —	22 8	11 —	10 8	20 —	20 —	Northern —
...	15 14	14 11	19 2	19 —	8 —	8 —	18 6	17 —	Fyzabad
...	19 8	19 —	23 8	26 4	6 —	6 —	18 8	19 —	Barabanki
...	...	9 14	8 —	13 7	13 9	21 12	20 6	7 14	7 9	18 3	18 —	Gonda
21 —	21 —	...	...	17 —	16 13	24 1	24 8	...	...	15 —	15 —	Bahraich
...	...	7 8	7 8	15 8	15 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Sitapur
...	19 —	18 —	17 —	16 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Kheri
...	24 5	21 5	20 8	20 5	...	...	20 8	20 8	Rajputana —
...	19 —	18 4	25 —	24 —	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	Eastern —
...	17 —	16 7	24 10	24 4	6 7	6 7	18 —	17 12	Partabgarh
...	17 2	17 4	17 11	16 4	...	...	23 3	23 3	Banswara
...	17 —	17 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mowar (Udaipur)
...	...	11 5	11 5	19 15	19 15	18 14	19 7	23 14	23 12	25 14	25 14	Hilly Tracts of
...	16 4	17 8	20 —	20 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Mowar (Dungarpur)
...	16 4	16 8	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ajmer
...	...	7 12	7 12	18 12	18 4	15 —	15 —	7 12	7 12	22 8	22 8	Kishangarh
...	...	14 —	14 —	17 3	17 2	19 4	17 1	23 8	23 8	24 15	25 —	Bundi
...	19 4	...	16 —	...	6 8	...	22 12	...	Kotah
...	16 8	17 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	24 —	25 —	Jhalawar
...	18 5	17 9	18 —	18 9	...	...	23 —	23 2	Tonk
...	16 8	16 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	23 —	22 8	Jaipur
...	14 10	14 10	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 1	Karauli
...	19 12	18 5	...	...	8 7	8 7	16 8	16 8	Dholpur
...	15 8	14 8	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bharatpur
...	17 8	17 8	...	...	...	...	22 8	22 8	Alwar
...	...	16 —	16 —	13 —	14 —	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	26 —	24 —	Deoli
...	15 —	14 2	15 —	14 6	...	...	20 —	20 —	Nasirabad
...	16 5	16 4	15 3	15 8	7 6 and 7 10	7 6 and 7 10	20 —	20 —	Shanpura
...	15 —	14 —	22 —	21 —	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	Western —
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Bikaner
...	16 —	...	...	...	11 8	...	...	Jaisalmer
...	Jodhpur
...	Balmer
...	...	16 —	16 —	13 —	14 —	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	26 —	24 —	Erinpura
...	15 —	14 2	15 —	14 6	...	...	20 —	20 —	Sirohi
...	16 5	16 4	15 3	15 8	7 6 and 7 10	7 6 and 7 10	20 —	20 —	Anadra
...	15 —	14 —	22 —	21 —	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	Abu
...	14 8	14 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Central India—
...	16 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	Indore
...	...	10 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nimach
...	Gwalior
...	19 8	19 8	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Panjab—
...	...	15 —	15 —	19 8	19 —	17 8	17 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Southern —
...	18 12	17 12	16 8	15 4	9 —	10 4	24 —	24 —	Hissar
...	18 12	18 12	16 —	...	...	...	26 —	25 —	Ferozpur
...	16 8	16 —	16 —	14 —	...	...	27 —	27 —	Central —
...	17 —	17 —	15 8	15 —	7 —	7 —	28 —	28 —	Lahore
...	Gurawal
...	Gurwal
...	Jheam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909—continued [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Penjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	10 8	10 8	18 8	18 8	...	...	7 12	8 —	18 —	18 —	18 8	18 12
Delhi	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	17 —	17 —	15 —	20 —
Rohak	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	19 8	19 —	16 8	17 —
Karnal	10 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	20 —	14 8	14 —
Submontane—												
Ambala	11 1	11 1	18 —	17 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	21 8	23 8	15 8	15 8
Ludhiana	11 —	12 —	19 —	18 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	21 —	20 —	17 8	17 —
Jalandhar	12 4	11 8	21 —	20 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	22 —	20 8	14 8	14 8
Hoshiarpur	12 —	12 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	14 —	14 —
Gurdaspur	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	...	...
Amritsar	11 12	11 8	19 —	19 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	19 8	19 8	16 —	15 —
Sialkot	12 —	12 8	20 —	20 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	20 —	21 —	17 —	18 —
Hills—												
Simla	9 4	9 3	18 —	15 1	...	...	7 8	8 —	12 10	16 12	12 12	13 —
Kangra	14 —	14 —	24 —	23 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	11 4	11 4	17 —	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	20 —	21 —	16 —	16 —
Attock	11 12	11 12	19 —	21 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	17 —	16 —
Western—												
Shahpur	12 8	11 8	18 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	14 —	13 —	14 —	14 —
Jhang	11 8	11 8	22 —	21 8	...	...	7 8	6 8	22 —	22 8	19 —	20 —
Lyallpur	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —
Multan	9 12	9 12	21 —	21 —	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 —	15 8	15 8
Montgomery	11 6	11 10	...	16 —	...	...	9 —	7 4	16 —	...	16 —	...
Muzaffargarh	11 8	11 8	14 8	16 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	15 8	15 8	16 —	16 —
Dera Ghazi Khan	10 8	10 12	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 4	8 4	14 8	14 8	14 8	14 —
N.W. Frontier Province—												
Hazara	11 8	11 12	19 4	19 4	3 4	3 3	8 8	8 8	...	...	13 8	14 8
Peshawar	10 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	4 14	4 14	7 13	7 13	16 —	12 —	14 —	14 —
Kohat	11 —	11 —	17 10	17 10	4 9	4 8	8 15	8 15	19 10	19 10	17 14	17 9
Bannu	13 9	12 11	21 14	19 1	3 9	3 9	8 12	10 —	22 8	23 2	17 3	17 3
Dera Ismael Khan	11 8	11 8	16 8	16 —	3 7	3 7	6 1	6 1	19 6	16 15	15 12	14 8
Tochi	14 —	15 —	22 —	23 —	...	...	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Kurram	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	10 —	10 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Malakand	11 —	10 8	20 —	0 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Wano	10 —	9 4	10 2	10 7	3 —	3 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Hyderabad	8 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	13 —	17 —	12 —	14 —
Thar and Parkar	10 —	9 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	12 8	12 8	...	...	14 —	16 —
Shikarpur	9 8	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	15 —	16 —	18 —	18 —
Upper Sind Frontier	9 4	9 4	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —
Quetta	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	to	to	11 14	11 14	3 —	3 —	6 8	6 6	12 1	12 1	12 1	12 1
	9 4	9 4										
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 13	7 13	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 8	10 8	11 9	11 9	9 12	10 12
Ratnagiri	6 12	6 12	...	...	7 4	8 —	10 11	10 11	10 6	11 11	11 4	11 4
Alibag	6 —	6 —	...	...	7 3	7 3	8 8	8 8	...	...	9 11	9 11
Bombay	6 3	6 3	...	...	6 6	6 6	8 12	8 12	10 7	10 7	10 10	10 10
Tanna	7 5	7 5	...	...	8 5	8 5	9 4	9 4	...	...	12 4	12 4
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	10 6	8 15	...	...	9 4	8 12	9 12	9 4	14 6	13 8	14 11	12 14
Belgaum	9 5	8 9	...	...	8 12	7 15	9 3	8 12	14 8	14 —	14 13	13 13
Satara	9 14	9 14	...	...	7 12	7 6	8 9	7 13	14 2	15 9	14 4	14 15
Sholapur	9 14	10 5	...	...	6 15	7 7	8 8	9 —	17 9	18 8	17 9	20 6
Bijapur	10 3	10 3	...	...	8 6	8 14	8 14	9 6	17 1	17 15	17 11	19 2
Poona	8 12	8 12	...	...	8 5	7 10	8 15	8 5	15 10	16 13	14 6	15 10
Khandesh and N.E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	8 14	9 9	...	...	7 6	7 6	8 2	8 2	17 14	19 4	15 6	16 13
Nasik	9 3	9 3	...	...	7 8	7 6	8 3	8 3	...	...	16 1	16 1
Dhulia	7 7	7 7	...	...	6 6	6 6	7 3	7 3	15 3	15 3	14 8	14 8
Jalgaon	9 1	9 1	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 5	7 5	15 10	15 10	15 6	14 13
Gujarat—												
Surat	7 14	7 14	...	...	6 15	6 15	3 5	8 5	13 14	13 14	13 6	13 14
Broach	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —	13 8	13 8	13 —	13 8
Kaira	9 —	8 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	9 8	9 8	15 —	15 —	14 8	14 8
Baroda	7 8	7 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	14 —	13 —	13 —	13 —
Ahmedabad	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Godhra	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	13 —	12 8
Dasa	10 12	10 8	...	...	6 8	7 —	7 —	7 8	...	...	11 —	11 —
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	15 8	15 8	12 —	13 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	8 12	8 12	...	...	5 6	5 6	9 1	9 1	16 8	18 14	...	...
Hoshangabad	9 9	9 14	...	...	5 15	4 12	8 14	8 —	17 —	17 —	...	...
Betul	9 9	10 2	...	...	...	...	8 12	9 12	15 10	17 5	...	...
Chhindwara	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 10	6 2	10 8	8 6	19 —	15 —	...	...
Nagpur	10 3	10 3	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 10	10 6	13 13	13 13	...	...
Wardha	9 4	8 12	...	...	5 13	5 2	9 9	9 9	12 10	11 8	...	...

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DÁL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	
...	15 4	15 4	17 —	17 —	9 8	9 8	20 —	20 —	Panjab—continued
...	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	10 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	South-eastern—
...	17 8	17 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	21 —	21 —	Gurgaon
...	15 —	15 —	17 —	18 8	11 —	11 —	22 —	22 —	Delhi
18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	16 —	15 4	18 —	19 4	8 —	8 —	27 —	27 —	Rohtak
...	...	13 —	13 —	18 —	17 4	18 —	16 8	8 —	8 8	27 —	27 —	Karnal
...	...	13 8	13 8	18 —	18 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Submontane—
...	...	7 —	7 —	15 8	16 —	16 12	18 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Ambala
...	...	12 8	13 —	16 8	16 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ludhiana
25 —	30 —	25 —	30 —	15 8	16 —	16 8	15 —	9 8	8 8	27 4	27 —	Jalandhar
...	12 8	12 15	14 2	16 12	...	...	29 —	29 —	Hoshiarpur
...	13 —	13 —	19 —	19 —	7 4	7 —	18 —	18 12	Gurdaspur
...	...	13 —	13 —	16 —	15 12	18 —	20 —	8 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Amritsar
...	16 —	15 8	17 12	17 8	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Sialkot
15 —	15 —	16 —	16 —	18 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	7 —	7 —	24 —	24 —	Hills—
...	18 8	18 —	20 —	20 —	9 —	9 —	23 —	22 —	Simla
...	...	14 4	14 4	17 —	17 12	19 —	19 —	...	...	24 —	23 —	Kangra
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 12	16 12	10 —	10 —	7 —	7 —	21 —	21 —	Northern—
...	14 —	13 8	...	...	6 4	6 4	25 —	25 —	Rawalpindi
...	...	15 —	15 —	12 9	12 9	15 12	16 12	...	...	19 6	19 6	Attock
...	...	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —	17 —	17 —	11 —	11 —	24 —	24 —	Western—
...	15 5	14 12	17 14	17 3	...	...	25 8	25 8	Shahpur
...	19 13	17 3	21 14	21 8	...	...	30 10	30 10	Jhang
...	17 9	17 —	12 11	12 11	6 5	6 5	27 2	27 2	Lyalpur
...	20 —	23 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Multan
...	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Montgomery
...	12 —	12 —	20 —	18 —	...	...	18 —	19 —	Muzaffargarh
...	10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 8	8 6	26 —	26 —	N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 —	24 —	Hazara
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	26 —	26 —	Peshawar
...	13 —	12 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Kohat
...	14 —	14 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	14 —	14 —	Bannu
...	11 7	11 7	10 15 1	10 11	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 —	Dera Ismael Khan
13 8	12 8	...	...	11 6	11 6	...	...	7 10	7 10	19 3	19 3	Tochi
11 12	12 15	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 7	8 2	20 13	20 13	Kurram
9 —	9 —	...	...	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 13	16 13	Malakand
10 14	10 14	...	...	8 14	8 14	...	...	7 5	7 5	24 8	24 8	Wano
...	9 12	8 14	...	...	7 9	7 9	19 3	19 3	Sind and Baluchistan—
15 12	14 11	...	...	11 15	10 14	...	...	8 8	7 8	21 7	21 7	Karachi
...	10 —	10 11	...	...	8 14	9 9	21 9	20 8	Hyderabad
...	11 4	12 3	...	...	9 3	9 3	18 —	18 —	Thar and Parkar
...	11 12	11 12	...	...	9 3	9 3	21 5	21 5	(Umarkot)
...	13 5	13 5	...	...	9 12	8 10	22 —	22 —	Shikarpur
...	11 5	11 5	...	...	9 2	8 6	17 3	17 3	Upper Sind Frontier
19 —	16 10	...	...	14 2	11 5	...	...	8 14	8 14	23 10	23 10	Quetta
...	12 5	12 5	...	...	8 12	8 12	20 2	20 2	Bombay—
...	13 9	14 8	...	...	9 2	9 2	14 4	14 4	Konkan—
...	12 8	12 —	...	...	8 12	8 12	26 6	26 6	Karwar
17 8	18 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Ratnagiri
14 —	14 —	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	11 —	10 8	26 8	26 8	Alibag
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 8	21 —	21 —	Bombay
17 8	17 8	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	26 8	26 8	Tauna
...	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	25 —	25 —	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	13 8	13 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	120 —	120 —	Dharwar
...	12 9	12 9	...	...	9 1	12 9	17 6	18 —	Belgaum
...	14 10	15 3	...	...	9 —	10 2	18 5	16 —	Satara
...	12 14	12 14	...	...	8 6	8 6	15 4	13 14	Sholapur
...	11 11	11 11	...	...	12 10	7 2	16 —	16 —	Bijapur
...	13 1	13 1	...	...	9 13	9 13	16 —	16 —	Poona
...	10 14	10 14	...	...	10 11	10 11	17 —	17 —	Khandesh and N.-E.
...	Deccan—
...	Ahmadnagar
...	Nasik
...	Dhulia
...	Jalgaon
...	Gujarat—
...	Surat
...	Broach
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Ahmadabad
...	Godhra
...	Dias
...	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	Nimar
...	Hoshangabad
...	Betul
...	Chhindwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER 1909—concluded [The figures

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
					Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month				
Central Provinces— <i>continued.</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Saugor	9 11	10 4	...	...	6 —	7 2	8 —	8 —	20 3	18 5	...	...
Damoh	10 6	11 2	...	...	9 7	9 7	10 10	10 10	17 6	19 8	...	...
Jubbulpore	10 —	9 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 8	18 —	...	...	...
Mandla	11 2	10 10	...	...	8 —	7 10	12 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Seoni	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Balaghāt	8 14	8 14	...	...	7 6	5 6	14 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Bhandāra	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 4	11 4	18 —	17 8	...	...
Chānda	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 14	8 14	10 —	10 —	13 5	13 5	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilāspur	10 10	10 10	...	...	8 —	8 —	11 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Raipur	10 —	10 8	...	...	7 4	7 4	12 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Drug	10 10	10 10	...	...	11 2	11 11	11 14	12 15	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldāna	9 10	9 10	...	...	6 11	7 14	9 6	11 13	17 5	18 5	...	...
Akola (a)	...	8 15	...	...	...	7 6	...	9 6	...	17 1	...	...
Amrāoti	9 7	9 7	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 13	9 8	13 2	13 2	...	...
Yeotmal	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 14	6 14	9 15	9 15	16 —	16 —	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad*	6 13	6 13	10 7	10 7	4 10	4 10	18 14	9 10	14 —	14 —	15 1	16 5
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 11	...	...	...	...
S. Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	12 9	12 9	10 15	10 15
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	11 —	13 6	10 15	11 5
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	14 13	15 13	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	16 10	16 10	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	14 2	14 2	16 6	16 6
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	9 1	17 2	17 9	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	14 14	15 13
Godāvari	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 3	9 12	17 15	18 6	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 4	10 4	13 8	13 8	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 7	10 7	13 9	13 9	13 —	12 8
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	9 14	14 9	14 9	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 12	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	10 12	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	14 2	15 1
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	8 11	...	...	12 5	12 5
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 6	12 9	12 5	12 5
Southern—												
Tinnevely	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 4	14 15	14 15	12 5	12 5
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	11 12	12 9	11 10	11 10
Mysore—												
Mysore	6 8	6 13	6 8	6 13	6 4	6 12	7 —	8 7	14 —	13 2	...	...
Bangalore	6 —	6 —	6 12	6 12	5 8	5 8	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Kolar	...	...	7 —	7 —	4 —	4 —	to	to	12 —	12 —	14 —	12 —
Tumkur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hasan	7 —	7 —	7 —	6 3	7 —	6 3	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	6 4	6 4	7 8	7 8	15 —	15 —	...	...
Shimoga	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 8	5 12	8 8	8 8	20 —	12 8	...	...
Chitaldrug	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	15 —
Goa—												
Goa	5 12	6 4	5 12	5 12	6 8	7 8	9 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Aden	6 12	6 12	...	...	6 3	6 3	9 5	9 5	14 —	14 —	12 7	12 7

* Including Bolaram

(a) Not reported yet.

state the number of sers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	
...	...	...	...	16 1	16 1	...	...	10 6	10 6	16 —	16 —	Central Provinces— continued
...	...	...	...	15 8	16 —	...	...	8 9	8 9	18 5	18 5	Central—
...	...	...	...	15 2	15 2	...	...	9 2	9 2	16 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	17 —	17 —	Sangor
...	...	...	...	15 6	15 6	...	...	9 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	...	6 14	6 14	16 8	16 8	Mandla
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	...	8 12	8 12	17 4	17 4	Seoni
...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	...	...	11 6	11 6	16 —	16 —	Balaghāt
...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	...	...	9 2	9 2	12 13	12 13	Bhandāra
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	9 8	15 8	15 8	Chānda
...	...	...	...	14 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 4	15 4	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	14 14	12 13	...	...	10 3	9 3	21 13	21 13	Bilāspur
...	...	...	...	...	12 1	...	...	...	9 2	...	17 1	Raipur
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 —	...	...	11 9	11 9	18 —	18 —	Drug
...	...	...	...	12 13	12 13	...	...	12 13	12 13	17 3	17 3	Berar—
16 5	16 5	...	...	10 7	10 7	...	...	11 10	11 13	14 —	14 —	Buldāna
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Akola
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Amrāoti
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yeotmal
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territories—
13 9	13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Secunderabad
15 13	15 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras—
14 1	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar Coast—
...	16 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Malabar
15 11	15 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Canara
15 10	15 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	South, central—
17 5	17 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coimbatore
14 11	14 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nilgiris
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Salem
14 14	12 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
12 8	13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bellary
12 10	12 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Anantapur
13 11	13 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuddapah
13 9	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Karnul
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, north—
14 7	14 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ganjam
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Vizagapatam
14 1	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Godāvari
13 —	13 2	...	...	8 4	8 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central—
11 8	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 13	16 4	15 12	Kistna
11 8	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	14 —	14 —	Guntur
13 —	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	18 —	18 —	Nellore
12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	East Coast, south—
12 —	11 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Madras
16 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	5 8	16 —	16 —	Chingleput
15 —	14 —	16 —	16 —	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	N. Arcot
14 8	14 8	...	...	11 —	9 8	...	...	5 12	6 —	16 —	13 8	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	11 3	11 3	...	...	9 5	9 5	32 —	32 —	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kolar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tumkur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hassan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kadur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shimoga
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chitaldrug
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial IntelligenceW. MAXWELL,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, December 22, 1909

No. 6380 A.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT.
ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
Mint.

RESOLUTION.

THE ANNUAL REPORT ON THE OPERATIONS OF THE CALCUTTA MINT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 1908-1909.

Calcutta, the 22nd December 1909.

I.—WORKING OF THE MINTS AT CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY DURING THE
YEAR 1908-09.

1. *Receipts of Gold.*—The tenders of gold by the public at the Mints were less in value than those of the preceding twelve months by over 7½ crores of rupees. Owing to adverse trade conditions, there were practically no imports of sovereigns during the year. The following statement compares the value and nature of the tenders with those of past years :—

YEAR.	CALCUTTA.				BOMBAY.				TOTAL.
	Value of sovereigns and half-sovereigns of current weight.	Value of light and uncurrent sovereigns and half-sovereigns.	Value of bullion.	Total.	Value of sovereigns and half-sovereigns of current weight.	Value of light and uncurrent sovereigns and half-sovereigns.	Value of bullion.	Total.	Total value of gold tendered.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
1906-07 . . .	4,96,38,547	7,79,963	...	5,04,18,510	1,45,20,000	5,840	1,87,422	1,47,13,262	6,51,31,772
1907-08 . . .	2,91,37,155	1,05,105	...	2,92,42,260	5,45,84,760	21,23,695	...	5,67,08,455	8,59,50,715
1908-09 . . .	42,53,910	19,710	...	42,73,620	50,82,945	19,800	...	51,02,745	93,76,365

The value of gold coins which were so reduced in weight as to be taken at bullion value was only R127.

2. *Coinage of Silver.*—The silver coinage was as follows :—

	CALCUTTA.	BOMBAY.	TOTAL.
	Value in rupees.	Value in rupees.	Value in rupees.
Rupees	1,48,00,000	1,03,30,598	2,51,30,598
Half-rupees	7,88,249	...	7,88,249
Quarter rupees	17,70,953	...	17,70,953
One-eighth-rupees	8,46,114	...	8,46,114
TOTAL	1,82,05,316	1,03,30,598	2,85,35,914

The outturn of rupees during the year 1908-09 was less than that of the previous year by nearly 15 crores. The coinage almost entirely represented the re-coinage of 1835 and 1840 rupees and uncurrent coin. A small amount of coinage (to the extent of Rs50,000) was undertaken on behalf of the Shahpura Chiefship, which has adopted British silver currency in place of Chitori coins in the Phulia Pargana.

3. *Dollar Coinage*.—During the year, 6,870,741 British Dollars of the nominal value of Rs1,55,90,338 were coined at the Bombay Mint.

4. *Nickel Coinage*.—22,536,000 nickel one-anna pieces of the nominal value of Rs14,08,500 were coined at the Bombay Mint during the year 1908-09, as compared with 37,256,000 pieces in 1907-08.

The net gain on the nickel coinage which passed into circulation amounted to Rs11,11,336 against Rs17,71,726 in the preceding year.

5. *Bronze and Copper Coinage*.—The bronze coinage of the year consisted of pice, half-pice and pie-pieces, of the aggregate value of Rs11,03,958. Of this, Rs3,500 represented the nominal value of single pice for the Sailana Darbar, for which a special reverse die was prepared in the Mint.

The copper coinage comprised Straits Settlements cents, half-cents and quarter cents of the value of Rs1,35,338.

During the year under review there was a net loss of Rs10,71,185 on bronze and copper coinage, as compared with a net gain of Rs17,36,390 in the preceding year. The loss was due to the return of a comparatively larger number of coins from circulation during the year.

6. *Operative Losses* :—

Silver.—The loss on silver coinage at the Calcutta Mint during the year amounted to 23·2 standard tolas of silver for each lakh laminated, after adjustment of all fictitious gains and losses. In the Bombay Mint, there was a net gain for each lakh of 2·26 tolas on rupee coinage, but a net loss of 2·34 tolas on dollar coinage.

Bronze and Copper.—In the Calcutta Mint, the operative losses on account of the bronze coinage were (a) a melting loss of '30 per 100 maunds melted and (b) a coining loss of '50 per 100 maunds rolled. The net operative loss for copper coinage, after setting off recoveries of by-products, was '84 per 100 maunds rolled.

Nickel.—The nickel loss was '413 per 100 maunds of metal rolled.

7. *Premelting*.—The uncurrent silver coins received for re-coinage were placed into direct alligation for standard meltings.

8. *Revenue and Expenditure*.—The revenue and expenditure (including interest on capital outlay and other *pro formā* charges) of the two Mints in 1908-09 compare as follows with the corresponding figures of the previous year :—

YEAR.	REVENUE.			EXPENDITURE.		
	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Total. *
	R	R	R	R	R	R *
1907-08	16,68,588	21,74,609	38,43,197	16,60,072	12,49,110	29,09,182
1908-09	2,49,309	4,51,268	7,00,577	14,61,553	9,32,528	23,94,081

Of the aggregate revenue of Rs7,00,577, the receipts of the Mints on account of the seignorage on silver for the rupee coinage amounted to Rs1,052 only, those for dollar coinage amounting to Rs3,13,117.

The expenditure on salaries and establishments of the two Mints for the year under review compares as follows with the expenditure incurred during the year 1907-08:—

	CALCUTTA MINT.			BOMBAY MINT.			BOTH MINTS.		
	1907-08.	1908-09.	Increase + or decrease in 1908-09.	1907-08.	1908-09.	Decrease in 1908-09.	1907-08.	1908-09.	Decrease in 1908-09.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Fixed Establishment	1,99,591	2,03,884	+ 4,293	2,02,791	1,93,555	— 9,236	4,02,382	3,97,439	— 4,943
Temporary Establishment and over-time work	2,58,999	1,55,631	— 1,03,368	1,45,501	83,373	— 62,128	4,04,500	2,39,004	— 1,65,496
TOTAL	4,58,590	3,59,515	— 99,075	3,48,292	2,76,928	— 71,364	8,06,882	6,36,443	— 1,70,439

9. *Miscellaneous Work.*—The amount of miscellaneous work done in the two Mints is shown in the table below:—

	CALCUTTA MINT.			BOMBAY MINT.			BOTH MINTS.		
	Cost of work done.	Amount realised.	Profit.	Cost of work done.	Amount realised.	Profit.	Cost of work done.	Amount realised.	Profit.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
1907-08	39,957	55,234	15,277	11,915	13,036	1,221	51,772	68,270	16,498
1908-09	44,380	55,365	10,985	27,435	28,904	1,469	71,815	84,269	12,454

Medals and decorations were struck for the Army Department and for various public institutions, scales and weights were supplied to certain Government Departments, and some miscellaneous work was undertaken for the public.

II.—WORKING OF THE ASSAY OFFICES AT CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY DURING THE YEAR 1908-09.

10. *Name of Assays.*—Apart from a number of miscellaneous assays, the gold and silver assays made during the years 1907-08 and 1908-09 were as follows:—

YEAR.	CALCUTTA ASSAY OFFICE.		BOMBAY ASSAY OFFICE.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
1907-08	757	34,422	2,076	33,278
1908-09	819	13,336	2,482	9,652

11. *Melting for standard coinage.*—The average fineness *per mille* of silver meltings for coinage during the year was as follows:—

	Calcutta.	Bombay.
Rupees	916.017	916.031
Half-rupees	916.013	...
Quarter-rupees	915.766	...
One-eighth-rupees	915.722	...
British dollars . . . . .	...	898.994

12. *Parting assays of silver coins.*—The average proportion of gold found in the silver pyx coins of the Calcutta mintage was 588 *per mille* for rupees,

·584 for half-rupees, and ·615 and ·638 for quarter and one-eighth rupees, respectively. The silver coinage of the Calcutta Mint is computed to have contained 4,059 troy ounces of gold of the value of £17,210. In the Bombay Mint the proportion was ·311 *per mille* for rupees, and ·231 for British dollars.

13. *Pyx trials of silver coins.*—The results of the pyx trials in the Calcutta and Bombay Assay Offices are summarised in tabular form below :—

and Bombay Assay Offices are summarised in tables								
	TRIALS FOR WEIGHT.			TRIALS FOR FINENESS.				
	Number of trials made.	Total number of coins weighed.	Average weight in grains.	Number of trials made.	TOTAL NUMBER OF COINS ASSAYED.		AVERAGE FINENESS <i>per mille</i> OF COINS ASSAYED.	
					Singly.	In groups after melting.	Singly.	In groups after melting.
CALCUTTA.								
Rupees	173	1,730	180·054	174	1,740	3,420	916·200	916·684
Half-rupees	46	460	89·997	51	510	1,840	916·514	916·820
Quarter-rupees	63	680	45·012	68	680	6,800	916·576	916·775
One-eighth-rupees	68	680	22·497	69	690	13,600	916·657	916·900
BOMBAY.								
Rupees	107	2,140	180·018	107	535	2,675	916·546	916·510
British dollars	94	1,880	416·037	94	470	1,410	900·125	900·002

In two different pyx trials of rupees in Calcutta, one coin in each was beyond the legal remedy for weight, and in each of three trials one coin was found to be outside the remedy for fineness; the fresh pyxes called for in these cases showed all coins to be within remedy. In Bombay, all the rupees tested were within the legal remedy both for weight and fineness.

14. *Pyx trials in England for the year 1908-09.*—The result of the pyx trials made in England showed that the average weight and fineness of the British Indian coins from the Calcutta and Bombay Mints and of British dollars from the Bombay Mint were in close accordance with the standards laid down for the two classes of coins.

ORDERED that this Resolution, together with the Reports from the Mint and Assay Masters, Calcutta and Bombay, be published in the *Gazette of India*.

J. A. MESTON,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE CALCUTTA MINT.

No. 2108, dated 7th August 1909.

From—Colonel G. M. PORTER, R.E., Master of the Mint,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the operations of the Calcutta Mint for the Financial Year 1908-09 together with the prescribed statements.

Captain G. H. Willis, R.E., joined this Mint as Deputy Mint Master on 23rd April 1908.

GOLD.

2. *Receipts.*—There was a considerable decrease in the value of Mint certificates issued during the year for sovereigns tendered by the Presidency Bank. The total value paid is detailed below :—

Tale.	Classification.	Value in Rupees.
2,83,594 1,314	Sovereigns of current weight Sovereigns of short weight or not more than 3 grains less than standard weight, nominal value	42,53,910 19,710
2,84,908		42,73,620

The above receipts were tendered in the first half of the year. The current weight sovereigns were as usual remitted to the Currency Office.

3. The Mint receipts of gold coin and bullion from Treasuries and other Government Departments amounted to Rs. 5,149 and are classified as follows :—

Tale.	Classification.	Value in Rupees.
	RECEIVED FROM TREASURIES.	
23	Sovereigns of short weight or not more than 3 grains less than standard weight, nominal value	345
12	Half-sovereigns of short weight or not more than 3 grains less than standard weight, nominal value	90
100	Sovereigns of current weight but unfit for reissue, nominal value	1,500
22	Sovereigns of reduced weight or more than 3 grains less than standard weight, bullion value	311
14	Half-sovereigns of reduced weight or more than 3 grains less than standard weight, bullion value	99
	RECEIVED FROM OTHER GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS.	
	Bullion	2,804
		5,149

A remittance of gold, consisting of short weight sovereigns and half-sovereigns, valued at Rs. 8,87,317-8, was made to England during the month of September 1908.

SILVER.

4. *Receipts.*—There were no receipts of purchased silver during the year.

H

The receipts of uncurrent and withdrawn silver coins amounted in nominal value to Rs. 1,64,31,667 and are classified as follows :—

			In thousands of rupees.
Government rupees and half-rupees of 1835	.	.	1,02.76
Ditto ditto " 1840 (1st issue)	.	.	3,176.0
Ditto ditto " 1840 (2nd ")	.	.	8,864.2
Ditto ditto shroff marked defective and dumb		coins	597.1
Ditto ditto worn coins	.	.	2,728.8
Ditto ditto reduced rupees and half-rupees	.	.	38.0
			<u>16,431.7</u>

There was an increase of Rs. 16,51,472 over last year's figures.

5. *Coinage*.—The coinage for the year as detailed in statement No. II attached to this report totalled 128,206,378 pieces valued at Rs. 1,94,44,613. With the exception of $\frac{1}{2}$ pice and pie pieces, where small increases occur, there was a considerable decrease in all the denominations of coins coined for the Government of India. Rupee coinage ceased between April and September 1908. It was resumed in October, but only to the extent of necessary recoinage of uncurrent rupees. Small silver coinage ceased entirely from August 1908, the coinage of half-rupees only being resumed in November 1908.

6. *Silver Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve*.—The Silver reserve of 200 lakhs of rupees was verified as usual by the Comptroller General's Outside Audit Branch during the year.

7. *Percentage of Good Coin*.—The weight, in tolas, of silver operated on for conversion into coin and the percentages of good coin resulting therefrom are furnished below :—

	Weight of ingots rolled. Lakhs of tolas.	Percentages of good coin.
Rupees	220.24	67.96
Half-rupees	10.70	64.96
Quarter-rupees	28.73	65.46
One-eighth rupees	15.06	63.61

These results compare favourably with previous reports.

8. The Assay Master's report on the Pyx trials for the year gives evidence that the coins issued were within legal standard limits both as regards weight and fineness.

9. *Silver Operative Losses*.—The total operative loss written off the accounts in the year amounted to Rs. 24,262 as shown in statement No. I attached. After correction of all fictitious gains and losses this loss was further reduced to Rs. 8,705 and resulted in a net rate of 23.2 per lakh of tolas laminated. This improvement in the rate of loss as compared with the preceding year is largely due to there being no purchased silver placed in direct alligation during the year. The majority of the meltings for coinage were from pre-melted silver.

BRONZE AND COPPER.

10. *Coinage*.—The total coinage under Bronze and Copper as detailed in statement No. II amounted to 97,977,156 pieces and its nominal value to Rs. 12,39,296. This coinage included 224,000 pieces, nominal value Rs. 3,500, for the Saiana Durbar, for which a special reverse die was prepared in the Mint, and 7,615,044 pieces, value Rs. 1,35,338, for the Straits Government.

11. The Assay Master's reports on the bronze coins sent to him for check weighment and assay indicate that the coinage for the year was within the legal standards both as regards weight and composition.

12. Purchases of Australian copper for coinage decreased considerably during 1908-09 and would have been further reduced had I been in a position to foresee so sudden a decrease in the demand for bronze coin.

13. Mds. 28,595.5 were purchased at an average rate of 35.5 per md., a rate considerably lower than that in the previous year. The final shipment of Austra-

lian copper, towards orders placed with the Agents, was received in February 1909, and with the heavy receipts of old coin from Treasuries, together with the balance in stock at the end of the official year, no further purchases in the coming year will be necessary should coinage continue at the present rate.

14. Mds. 544·25 of zinc were purchased through the Secretary of State at a cost of Rs. 375.

15. The operative losses written off the accounts on account of bronze coinage are detailed below :—

Melting loss mds. 43·34·54 at 30 per 100 mds. melted

Coining loss mds. 155·16·66 at 50 per 100 mds. rolled

and for copper coinage :—

Coining loss mds. 62·22·2 at 2·1 per 100 mds. rolled.

16. This latter loss was further reduced, after setting off recoveries of by-products, to mds. 25·11·6, resulting in a rate of 84 per 100 mds. rolled.

MISCELLANEOUS.

17. The total number of war medals and Army decorations issued during the year amounted to 780. A large portion of the work in the medal departments was as usual for the Royal Army Temperance Association, to which Association over 13,000 decorations were issued. Other miscellaneous work, such as the striking of medals for schools, colleges and private institutions, the manufacture of weights and tokens and the repairing of scales have kept the departments concerned fully occupied.

18. The net profit on miscellaneous work done during the year under review amounts to Rs. 10,985. Details of this amount are furnished in statement No. III attached.

19. *Silver Balance.*—The average daily silver bullion balance amounted to 4,210,800 of standard tolas. On the 16th October 1908 the daily balance rose to its maximum, viz., 9,386,831 standard tolas, due to the cessation of coinage mentioned in paragraph 5 of this report and the consequent accumulation of the receipts of uncurrent coin, and gradually fell to its minimum, viz., 1,215,539, on 17th December 1908, when the accumulation referred to above had been worked off.

20. *Mint Improvements.*—The year under review has commenced a new era in the history of this Mint. In the month of April 1908 the motors for the Power House were installed, and by the month of June 1908 a trial run on all belt driven motors was made. On November 2nd, 1908, the contractors entered upon the three months' test of the Power House under the conditions of contract, after a month's test, i.e., on 2nd December 1908 all connection with the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation's mains was cut off. On 9th February 1909 the Mint took over entire control from the contractors, and since that date all current consumed has been supplied by the Mint Power House. Some of the old engines and boilers have been dismantled and sold, and their proceeds are included in the amount of Rs. 28,431 shown under "Cash Receipts" in statement No. I.

21. *Alterations.*—With a view to more direct supervision, the weight adjusting work is now carried out in what was formerly the old 15 HP engine room, and the former 50 HP engine room has been converted into a Die stronghold.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

22. *Revenue—Charges levied.*—The item under this head totals Rs. 328, which consisted chiefly of a receipt of Rs. 219 representing melting charges on Railway remittances. As referred to in paragraph 4 (a) of my report of 1907-08, the receipts of purchased silver ceased in November of that year; no revenue receipt therefore appears under seignorage duty on new rupee coinage.

23. *Gain on Coinage Operations.*—Owing to the decreased silver coinage these receipts have also diminished, and a total sum of Rs. 2,714, against Rs. 27,092 in the previous year, is shown.

24. *Cash and Transfer Receipts.*—There appears an excess of Rs. 21,264 credited this year as compared with the previous year; of the total receipt of Rs. 75,412, Rs. 28,431 represents the value of old stores sold and includes scrap value of old plant dismantled. The amounts of Rs. 2,930 and Rs. 744 were

recovered from the Straits Government and Sailana Durbar respectively towards cost of coinage executed.

25. *Expenditure.*—Loss on coinage operations, silver—

- (1) The silver operative losses amounting to R24,262 have been referred to in para. 9 of this report.
- (2) The loss on new coins issued during the year amounted to R2,826; the decrease as compared with the preceding year being due to a smaller coinage and to the cutting being in close proximity to standard weights.
- (3) The loss on withdrawn and uncurrent silver coins written off the accounts amounted to R2,52,456, and shows an excess of R26,515 over the previous year. This excess is due to the larger receipts referred to in sub-para. 4 of this report.

26. *Salaries and Establishment.*—The expenditure under this head amounted to R3,59,515, which shows a decrease of R1,03,368 on last year's figures in the Extra Establishment and overtime pay.

With the partial cessation of coinage referred to in para. 5, a large number of men were discharged and only such a number retained as would serve to form the nucleus of the establishments required for a normal coinage.

27. *Copper and Bronze used for Alloy and Contingent Purposes.*—The value of copper used to alloy silver to Indian standard fineness amounted in value to R594 showing a decrease of R39,478 as compared with last year's expenditure, the decrease, as in other similar cases, being due to reduced coinage and to no receipts of purchased silver. The metal used for contingent purposes amounting in value to R3,031 was issued chiefly for the manufacture of weights and tokens of which there was a fairly large demand.

28. *English and Local Stores.*—The expenditure under this sub-head amounted to R2,02,533 as against R3,05,827 in 1907-08. The decrease in locally purchased stores, amounting to R68,739, appears general under all the articles detailed in statement No. I.

29. *Contingent Charges.*—The charges under this head amounted to R51,224 in the year. There appears a reduction under electricity and gas to the extent of R2,043, as also against freight amounting to R4,186. Noticeable increases occur against scales and weights and rents, rates, and taxes; the former due to heavy demands during the year, the latter to increased taxes on new buildings erected.

30. *Transfer Charges.*—The expenditure on coin bags as well as on charges for landing and shipping shows a reduction on the previous year, the reduction on the former being due to a smaller silver coinage and on the latter to the major portion of electric plant having arrived in the previous year. The total reduction under this head amounts to R1,177.

31. *Pro forma Receipts and Charges.*—A credit of R1,65,069 being 15% on the total value of bronze coinage executed for the Government of India has been shown as a set-off against working expenses on the coinage above referred to. The remaining items on the receipt side total R4,201.

On the charge side the usual interest at $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ on capital, average silver and bronze balance and the closing store balance for the year amounting to R4,94,754, has been shown.

The increase of R98,981 over last year is chiefly due to the increase in the average silver and bronze balances.

The heavy store balance on which interest at $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ has been charged is due to the receipts of crucibles and steel for dies which were on indents based on the anticipation of a normal coinage being maintained throughout the year. The total value of these balances on 31st March 1909 amounted to R1,19,484. The store balance also included receipts of electrical stores which were not written off the accounts as these were in course of erection. The value of these stores amounted to R1,72,434.

32. *Capital Account.*—There was an addition of R2,20,381 under plant which has been detailed in the account attached to this report.

The value of plant rendered unserviceable during the year amounting to Rs. 53,181 has been referred to in paragraph 24 of this report.

The depreciation on building and plant, the former at 3% and the latter at 5% amounted to Rs. 2,32,197 — and has been charged off to this head. The account closed with a total balance of Rs. 81,27,738 as against Rs. 81,60,006 in the year 1907-08.

33. *Resumé.*—The year closed with a debit balance of Rs. 12,12,244 due chiefly to the reduced credit under percentage on value of new bronze coins manufactured in the year, and to the absence of any credit against percentage on new rupee coinage.

COUNTERFEIT COINS.

34. Counterfeit coins detected by the Mint in withdrawn and uncurrent coin remittances are more numerous than in the previous year.

The high percentage of counterfeits found in many of these remittances which are reported monthly to the Comptroller General, appears to indicate that such coins continue to escape detection at treasuries and currency offices; there are certain large treasuries which are habitual offenders in remitting quantities of poor counterfeits to the Mint.

Counterfeit coins sent in by treasuries under Article 580, Civil Account Code, and Government Resolution No. 1004-A., dated 21st February 1901, have increased considerably.

The great majority of these were of a very palpable nature and could hardly escape detection. Out of a total of 5,452 it was necessary to assay only 84 coins to arrive at a final verdict.

The increase over last year's figures amounted in nominal value to Rs. 1,989.

On comparing the number of counterfeit coins received by Railway Administrations and Indian Treasuries and cut under Article 590A (d), Civil Account Code, and Government of India (Finance Department) Orders No. 6192-A, dated 10th December 1901, there appears to be an improvement in this direction. Increases occur in all the denominations of coin which aggregate in nominal value Rs. 27,698.

The Assay Master reports having examined 483 coins; of these, as mentioned above, 84 were for the Mint; of the total number, 172 were genuine, 6 were doubtful, 4 were struck counterfeits, 174 were castings and 91 were base castings.

The number of coins received from magistrates and police officers scattered over the area extending from Burma to the North West Frontier amounted to 399. The Chief Presidency Magistrate furnished the largest number, *viz.*, 114.

The millesimal fineness of silver in the counterfeits ranged from 247.9 to 968.4.

Only three good specimens were discovered; their finenesses being 808.8, 843.1 and 479.5.

Fifteen counterfeit nickel coins were examined during the year.

A counterfeit casting of a sovereign sent to the Assay Master by the Mint disclosed on assay a coin composed of an inner metal core which was silver plated with a final deposit of gold on the surface.

OFFENCES AGAINST THE COINAGE.

The usual statement which is attached to this report shows slight increases in the convictions in the year as compared with the previous report.

Convictions under sections 235, 239, 240, 241, 242 and 243, Indian Penal Code—offences of making and possessing counterfeiting instruments and of possessing and delivering counterfeited coins—exceeded those of the previous year, and were chiefly committed in the provinces of Madras, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh and the Punjab.

The ratio of the number of persons convicted to the persons tried was 60.3 in the year under review compared with 57.6 in the year previous.

No. I of 1908-09.

ACCOUNT of the TOTAL REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the CALCUTTA MINT during the year 1908-09.

REVENUE.	R	a.	p.	EXPENDITURE.	R	a.	p.
TO CHARGES LEVIED—				BY WORKING EXPENSES—			
<i>Silver—</i>				<i>Loss on Coinage Operations—</i>			
Percentage on new rupee coinage	...			<i>Silver—</i>			
Seignorage on dollar coinage	...			Operative losses	...	24,261	15 7
Premelting fees	219	4	11	Loss on overstandard weight of new coins issued	...	2,826	2 9
Assay and melting fees (Private)	101	15	4	Loss on withdrawal of uncurrent silver coins	...	2,52,455	11 11
			321 4 3	Miscellaneous	...	434	5 7
				MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES—			2,79,778 3 10
				Loss in melting gold	...	27	9 9
				Other items	...	...
				BY SALARIES AND ESTABLISHMENTS—			27 9 9
<i>Gold—</i>				Fixed Establishment	...	2,03,884	1 11
On bullion from Government Departments	...		6 8 6	Extra Establishment and overtime pay	...	1,55,630	15 9
				BY COPPER, BRONZE AND NICKEL—			3,59,515 1 8
GAIN ON COINAGE OPERATION—				Used as alloy	...	594	5 8
<i>Silver—</i>				Used for contingent purposes	...	3,031	2 9
Gain by alligating under standard	2,088	8	6	Miscellaneous charges	...	72	6 1
Gain by assay benefit	143	9	9	BY LOCAL STORES PURCHASED—			3,697 14 6
Gain by weight of new coins issued	...			Coke, coal, charcoal, etc.	...	68,550	6 11
Refined silver of Premelting and Bullion departments	482	4	0	Oil, grease and tallow	...	7,773	1 2
Other items	...			Acids	...	1,516	9 9
			2,714 6 3	Iron, brassmongery, etc.	...	1,540	2 8
<i>Gold—</i>				Metals	...	774	2 0
Miscellaneous	...		60 5 4	Wood for boxes	...	11,814	14 0
				Bullion trucks, moulds, etc.	...	2,529	3 0
				Electrical stores	...	2,103	5 3
				Miscellaneous	...	13,676	4 7
				BY CONTINGENT CHARGES—			1,10,287 1 4
TO CASH RECEIPTS—				Books and periodicals	...	341	5 9
For scales, weights and other articles supplied and work done for individuals	9,643	14	2	Scales and Weights	...	3,452	4 0
For old stores and materials sold	28,430	11	0	Cart, coolie and boat hire	...	599	11 3
Miscellaneous	23	10	0	Telegrams	...	213	6 6
			38,098 2 2	Postage	...	999	7 9
				Inspection of boilers	...	155	0 0
				Rents, rates and taxes	...	35,768	13 0
				Electricity and gas	...	3,520	5 1
				Freight on Europe stores	...	2,201	7 0
				Travelling allowances	...	854	5 10
				Furniture	...	104	11 0
				Miscellaneous	...	2,978	11 0
							51,223 9 0
Carried over	...		41,200 11 6	Carried over	...		8,04,729 8 1

ACCOUNT of the TOTAL REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the CALCUTTA MINT during the year 1908-09—contd.

REVENUE.	₹ a. p.	₹ a. p.	EXPENDITURE.	₹ a. p.	₹ a. p.	₹ a. p.
Brought forward		41,200 11 6	Brought forward			8,04,729 8 1
TO TRANSFER RECEIPTS—			By TRANSFER CHARGES—			
For scales, weights and other articles supplied to and work done for Government Departments	33,550 1 6		Coin bags	...	3,565 12 0	
For war medals for Military Departments	89 11 3		Landing and Shipping	...	8,191 5 2	
Coining and incidental charges on copper coins for Ceylon and Straits Government	2,929 11 0		Articles supplied by other Departments	...	1,330 6 1	13,107 7 3
Sailana Durbar	744 0 0		By ENGLISH STORES USED FROM STOCK—			
		37,313 7 9	Value of stores used	...	94,507 6 2	
			Less $\frac{1}{2}$ freight charged as above	...	2,261 7 0	92,245 15 2
			P. W. D. CHARGES—			
			Repairs and alterations to buildings	...	...	19,582 0 0
			MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES EXTERNAL TO MINT—			
			Stationery	...	4,243 12 0	
			Premelting	...	919 0 0	5,162 12 0
			TOTAL	...	...	9,34,827 10 6
			Total brought down	...	...	9,34,827 10 6
			By Pro forma CHARGES—			
			COST OF PENSION AND FURLOUGH ALLOWANCES—			
			$\frac{1}{2}$ of salaries of superior servants	...	31,780 0 0	
			$\frac{1}{8}$ of salaries of inferior servants	...	192 0 3	31,972 0 0
			INTEREST ON—			
			Mint land building and plant valued at	81,27,738 0 0		
			Average silver balance	42,10,800 0 0		
			Average bronze balance	13,65,488 0 0		
			Stores, balance of Europe	4,31,788 0 0	1,41,35,814 0 0	
			At $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.	...	...	4,94,753 8 0
			TOTAL	...	...	14,61,553 2 6
						14,61,553 2 6

* This represents an approximate credit to cover working expenses for bronze coinage.

ABSTRACT of the CAPITAL ACCOUNT of the CALCUTTA MINT to the end of the year
1908-09.

	Land.	Building.	Plant	TOTAL.		Land.	Building.	Plant.	TOTAL.
	R	R	R	R		R	R	R	R
Total expenditure on Capital Account brought forward from last year . . .	20,13,346	36,23,831	25,22,829	81,60,006	Value of stores lost or destroyed . . .			58,181	58,181
Expenditure during the current year, by P. W. Dept. . .	...	32,729	...	32,729	Value of building demolished				
Other Items					Depreciation at 5% on plant and 3% on buildings.		1,08,715	1,23,432	2,32,197
Striking up Press . . .			5,923				1,08,715	1,76,663	2,85,378
Sirocco Fan . . .			1,792						
Planing machine . . .			1,262						
Engraving " . . .			2,721						
Shear blades . . .			10,989						
Drilling machine . . .			749						
Feed fingers and Stools . . .			1,176						
Bullion balances . . .			1,988						
Lathe . . .			2,093						
C. I. Rollers . . .			27,284		By Balance . . .	20,13,346	35,47,845	25,66,547	81,27,738
Cutting presses . . .			24,803						
Electric plant . . .			1,39,601						
				2,20,381					
TOTAL . . .	20,13,346 0 0	36,56,560	27,43,210	84,13,116	TOTAL . . .	20,13,346	36,56,560	27,43,210	84,13,116

STATEMENT of the COINAGE of the CALCUTTA MINT for the year 1908-09.

No. III of 1908-09.

No. IV of 1908-09.

NAME OF PROVINCE.	COUNTERFEITS RECEIVED AT THE MINT.													Counterfeit coins cut at the several Indian Treasuries as per Quarterly Returns furnished by the Treasury Officer and Railway Administrations under Article 590A (d), Civil Account Code, and Government Resolution No. A-6192, dated 10th December 1901.	REMARKS.			
	Nominal value of remittances of uncurrent coins received at the Mint in thousands of rupees.	In remittances of uncurrent coins from Treasuries.				From Treasury and other Officers under Article 580, Civil Account Code, and Government Resolution No. 1004-A., dated 21st February 1901.				For examination.								
		3				4				5								
1	2	3				4				5				6				7
		R	1/2	1/4	1/8	R	1/2	1/4	1/8	R	1/2	1/4	1/8	R	1/2	1/4	1/8	
India																		
Central Provinces	4,517.6	475	16	48	39	47	2	11	917	16	10	4	
Burma	93.9	44	
Eastern Bengal and Assam	515.7	76	4	24	28	111	50	78	25	7,539	329	509	400	
Bengal	711.9	184	3	221	41	2,937	47	46	6	
United Provinces	2,020.1	695	27	35	82	15	27	25,589	1,262	922	1,248	
Punjab	8,212.2	2,021	38	215	438	161	1	2	1	228	...	1	2	16,182	285	297	443	
Madras	1	1	50	2	23,478	470	673	343	
State Railways	338.2	25	3	11	15	
	21.8	30	24	33	56	3,740	49	49	27	2,155	104	91	66	
TOTAL	16,431.6	3,550	117	366	659	4,296	100	129	55	357	1	1	4	78,797	2,513	2,548	2,510	

STATEMENT of OFFENCES against

	COUNTERFEITING COINS, SECTIONS 231 AND 232, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			MAKING, BUYING AND SELLING INSTRUMENTS FOR COUNTERFEITING COINS, SECTIONS 233 AND 234, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			POSSESSING INSTRUMENTS OR MATERIALS FOR COUNTERFEITING COINS, SECTION 235, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			ABETTING IN INDIA THE COUNTERFEITING OF COINS, SECTION 236, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			IMPORTING OR EXPORTING COUNTERFEITED COINS, SECTIONS 237 AND 238, INDIAN PENAL CODE.		
	1			2			3			4			5		
	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.
1. Madras	4	11	3	...	...	...	6	15	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Bombay . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	10	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Bengal	5	12	7	...	...	...	5	12	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Eastern Bengal and Assam .	3	4	2	...	...	...	8	12	4	...	...	...	1	1	...
5. U. P. of Agra and Oudh including Kumaon (Tehri State) and Rampur.	9	24	15	4	4	4	9	14	9	...	...	...	5	5	5
6. Punjab	4	9	5	1	1	...	8	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Burma	9	20	10	...	...	...	19	26	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Central Provinces and Berar	1	1	1	...	...	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. North-West Frontier, Peshawar.	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Ajmere-Merwara	4	12	6	...	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Coorg	Nil			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil		
13. Central India Agency .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Rajputana . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto Agency . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Hyderabad . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Mysore	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...
17. Kashmir	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Baroda . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	43	98	50	5	5	4	61	110	49	1	1	1	6	6	5

COINAGE during the year 1908.

POSSESSING AND DELIVERING COUNTERFEITED COINS, SECTIONS 239, 240, 241, 242, AND 243, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			CAUSING COINS TO BE DIFFERENT WEIGHT OR COMPOSITION FROM THAT FIXED BY LAW, SECTIONS 224, 240 AND 247, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			TAKING COINING INSTRUMENTS FROM A MINT, SECTION 245, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			FRAUDULENTLY ALTERING APPEARANCE OF ANY COINS, SECTIONS 248 AND 249, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			POSSESSING AND DELIVERING ALTERED COINS, SECTIONS 250, 251, 252, 253 AND 254, INDIAN PENAL CODE.			TOTAL.		
6			7			8			9			10			11		
Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of cases brought to trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons convicted.
68	81	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	8	3	12	21	9	96	136	80
30	35	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	33	46	33
37	48	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	18	21	11	67	95	48
32	42	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	3	48	63	35
116	132	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6	6	20	21	17	170	206	152
78	92	51	1	1	...	...	...	...	5	6	3	4	6	5	101	126	72
28	40	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	86	43
10	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	5	3	6	6	4	23	25	17
4	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	6	6	4
3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	5	9	13	8	22	38	22
1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	10	10	3
7	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
3	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	1	1	...	6	9	5
4	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	5	6	1
10	10	5	2	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	16	17	7
...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
3	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	4
435	524	338	3	3	...	...	...	...	33	37	25	48	97	59	665	881	531
Total of 1907															556	727	419

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF HIS MAJESTY'S ASSAY OFFICE.

No. 92, dated Calcutta, the 23rd June 1909.

From—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Lloyd Jones, I.M.S., Assay Master, Calcutta,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

I have the honour to submit the following report on the working of the Assay Department, Calcutta, for the official year 1908-1909.

2. *Number and description of assays.*—The number of assays during the year amounted to 16,520 as compared with 36,782 made in the previous year. The details are shown in the following table:—

DESCRIPTION.	Number.	Total.
GOLD.		
Assays on gold from all sources	700	
Check assays on fine gold	119	819
SILVER.		
Assays on silver alligated for silver standard coinage—		
for rupees 2,376		
„ ½-rupees 502		
„ ¼-rupees 1,348		
„ ⅓-rupees 1,224	5,450	
Do. pyx coins	4,809	
Do. miscellaneous	2,077	
Check assays on fine silver	1,030	13,366
BRONZE.		
Assays on bronze meltings for coinage	83	
Do. pyx coins	497	
Do. miscellaneous	248	828
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Parting assays	54	
Assays on various metals and ores	1,423	
Assays on Mint drosses	30	1,507
TOTAL FOR THE YEAR . . . . .	...	16,520

3. *Gold Assays.*—The total number of gold assays from all sources during the year, amounted to 819, of which 50 were done for the Mint.

4. *Meltings for silver standard coinage.*—Silver meltings for coinage were assayed in every month of the year. During April, May, June, July and September there were no *rupee* meltings.

The average fineness of the meltings was—

MONTHS.	AVERAGE FINENESS OF MELTINGS PER MILLE FOR			
	Rupees	½-rupees.	¾-rupees.	⅓-rupees.
April 1908	915·846	915·866
May	916·080	915·677	915·794
June	916·025	915·852	915·695

MONTHS.	AVERAGE FINENESS OF MELTINGS PER MILLE FOR			
	Rupees.	$\frac{1}{2}$ -rupees.	$\frac{1}{4}$ -rupees.	$\frac{1}{8}$ -rupees.
July 1908 . . . . .	...	915'989	915'678	915'591
August, "	916'150	915'989	915'674	915'650
September, " . . . . .	...	916'064	...	915'681
October "	916'018	...	...	915'671
November "	916'036	...	...	...
December "	916'091	...	...	...
January 1909	915'967	...	...	...
February "	916'000	916'100	...	...
March "	915'907	915'790	...	...
AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR	916'017	916'013	915'766	915'722

5. *Gold in Silver Coinage.*—The average proportion of gold found by monthly parting assays in the silver pyx coins was:—

for rupees	0'588	per mille.
" $\frac{1}{2}$ -rupees	0'584	"
" $\frac{1}{4}$ -rupees	0'615	"
" $\frac{1}{8}$ -rupees	0'638	"

The coinage of the year was computed to contain 4,059 troy ounces of gold, of the value of £17,210-3-2.

6. *Pyx trials—Rupees.*—Pyx trials of rupees were made during six months of the year. The number of trials for *weight* amounted to 173: the total number of rupees weighed was 1,730. The average weight per piece was 180'054. The heaviest rupee weighed 181'03 and the lightest 179'09 grains. There were 198 rupees of the exact standard weight, giving a percentage of 11'44. One coin in each of 2 trials was found beyond remedy; but fresh pyxes, which were called for in each case, both passed.

The number of trials for *fineness* was 174, and the total number of rupees assayed was 5,160, of which 1,740 were assayed singly and 3,420 in groups of 20 melted.

The average fineness per piece was 916'2 for the single and 916'684 for the melted coins.

The highest and lowest figures for single coins were 919'4 and 913'8, and the same for the melted coins (average of 3 assays) were 917'4 and 915'9.

Three trials disclosed one rupee in each of them beyond remedy; but fresh pyxes, called for, all passed.

The average results are shown in the following table:—

MONTHS.	Average weight of pyx rupees (grains).	AVERAGE FINENESS OF PYX RUPEES (PER MILLE).		Gold per mille.
		Single.	Melted.	
October 1908	180'042	916'039	916'565	0'525
November "	180'070	916'187	916'584	0'591
December "	180'095	916'489	917'041	0'585
January 1909	180'059	916'347	916'884	0'610
February "	179'997	916'273	916'811	0'704
March "	180'043	916'144	916'683	0'601
AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR	180'054	916'200	916'684	0'588

Half-rupees.—Pyx trials of these were made during six months of the year. The number of trials for *weight* was 46, and the number of coins weighed was 460. The average weight was 89.997 grains.

The highest weight of any of the coins was 90.43 grains and the lowest 89.56 grains.

There were 91 coins found to be of the exact standard weight, giving a percentage of 19.78.

There were no coins found beyond remedy.

The number of trials for *fineness* was 51. The total number of half-rupees assayed was 2,350; of which 510 were assayed singly and 1,840, after melting in batches of 40, in triplicate.

The average fineness of the single coins was 916.514.

The highest and lowest figures for single coins were 919.4 and 912.9 respectively.

The average fineness of the melted coins was 916.82, and the highest and lowest figures for the melted assays were 917.3 and 916.3 (the average of three assays). In one trial for fineness a half-rupee having turned out high beyond the remedy, a fresh pyx was sent for; this also disclosed another high coin—resulting in the remelting of the whole pyx. In other three trials for fineness coins came out high outside remedy. In each case the second pyx, called for, passed. In another trial for fineness a coin turned out low beyond remedy, but the second pyx, called for, passed.

8. *Quarter-rupees.*—Trials of these were made during three months of the year and numbered 68 for both weight and fineness.

The total number weighed was 680. The average weight was 45.012 grains, which is within the legal remedy.

The heaviest and lightest coins weighed respectively 45.4 and 44.53 grains. There were 221 coins of the exact standard weight equal to 32.5 per cent. The total number of quarter-rupees assayed was 7,480, of which 680 were assayed singly; the remainder 6,800 were melted in groups of 100 and assayed in triplicate.

The average fineness of the *single coins* was 916.576. The highest and lowest touches of any individual coin were 919.5 and 915.2.

The average fineness of the *melted coins* was 916.775 and the highest and lowest figures 917.4 and 916.3. All were within remedy.

9. *One-eighth rupees.*—There were pyx trials made during three months of the year, 68 for weight and 69 for fineness. The total number weighed amounted to 680.

The average weight for the year was 22.497 grains, which is within the legal remedy.

The heaviest and lightest pieces were 22.83 and 22.18 grains.

There were 307 pieces of the exact standard weight, giving a percentage of 45.15.

There were 14,290 coins assayed, 690 of them singly and 13,600 after melting in groups of 200, and a triplicate assay taken.

The average fineness of the single coins was 916.657, and the highest and lowest figures for fineness of the single coins were 923.6 and 914.4.

The average fineness of the melted coins was 916.9 and the highest and lowest figures for any melting of finished coins were 917.5 and 916.3 (average of three assays).

In one trial one coin turned out high beyond remedy, but a fresh pyx passed.

10. *Summary of Pyx trials.*—The following is a summary of results detailed in paragraphs, 6, 7, 8 and 9 :—

DENOMINATION.	Number of coins weighed singly.	Number of coins assayed singly.	Number of coins assayed after melting.	Average weight (grains).	Average fineness of coins assayed singly (per mille).	Average fineness of coins assayed after melting (per mille).	Proportion of gold in pyx coins (per mille).
Rupees	1,730	1,740	3,420	180.054	916.200	916.684	0.588
Half-rupees	460	510	1,840	89.997	916.514	916.820	0.584
Quarter-rupees	680	680	6,800	45.012	916.576	916.775	0.615
One-eighth rupees	680	690	13,600	22.497	916.657	916.900	0.638

11. *Standard meltings for Bronze Coinage.*—The following table gives the details for each month as well as the average for the year :—

MONTHS.	AVERAGE FINENESS OF MELTINGS (PER CENT.) FOR		
	Copper.	Tin.	Zinc.
April 1908	95.075	3.972	0.887
May "	94.840	3.968	1.052
June "	94.780	3.938	1.024
July "	94.666	4.053	1.046
August "	94.910	3.990	0.980
AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR	94.854	3.977	1.001

There were bronze meltings during 5 months of the year, and a total of 83 assays.

12. *Pyx trials for bronze coinage—Pice ($\frac{1}{4}$ -anna).*—There were pyx trials during nine months of the year, 33 in number with 155 assays.

The average for the year was :—Copper 94.889 per cent., Tin 3.977 per cent and Zinc 0.936 per cent.

In addition to the total number of bronze pice weighed, 15 (bronze Pice) coins of the Sailana State Coinage were also weighed.

13. *Bronze Half-pice ($\frac{1}{8}$ -anna).*—There were 27 trials, making 133 assays during 8 months of the year, the average being Copper 94.934 per cent., Tin 3.965 per cent, and Zinc 1.041 per cent.

14. *Bronze Pies ($\frac{1}{12}$ -anna).*—There were trials during each month of the year, numbering 44, with a total of 209 assays, giving an average of Copper 94.967 per cent., Tin 3.984 per cent. and Zinc 0.917 per cent.

15. *Miscellaneous assays.*—Of the 1,423 assays under the head "assays on various metals and ores", 1,233 were assays made for the Mint, various Police officers and Magistrates on coins either counterfeit or suspected to be counterfeit. Details are given in a separate annual report on the assay of counterfeit coins made during the year.

16. *Verification of weight-pieces.*—The following verifications were made during the year :—

1. Assay Office Working Standard Gramme Set.
2. Assay Office Platinum Grain Set.
3. "100 Gramme" Brass Weight Piece of the Assay Office Working Standard Gramme Set.

17. The post of Assay Master was held by Lieutenant-Col. F. F. MacCartie from 1st April to 29th June, on which latter date he retired from the service.

Major F. T. C. Hughes officiated as Assay Master from 30th June to 23rd November in addition to his own duties of Deputy Assay Master.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Lloyd Jones was on furlough until 24th November, on which date he took up the appointment of Assay Master and held it to the end of the official year.

Major F. T. C. Hughes acted as Deputy Assay Master throughout the year.

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE BOMBAY MINT.

No. 1130, dated Bombay, 4th August 1909.

From—Lieut.-Colonel W. G. R. CORDUE, R.E., Mint Master,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report on the operations of the Bombay Mint for 1908-1909, together with the prescribed statements.

GOLD.

2. Receipts.—

(a) The gold bullion and coin tendered during the year were valued at Rs 1,02,745 as compared with Rs 5,67,08,466 in 1907-08, and consisted of the following:—

CLASSIFICATION.	Value in rupees.
Sovereigns of current weight	50,82,945
Sovereigns of short weight or not more than three grains less than the standard weight (nominal value)	12,090
Half-sovereigns of short weight or not more than three grains less than the standard weight (nominal value)	7,583
Sovereigns of reduced weight or more than three grains less than the standard weight (bullion value)	99
Half-sovereigns of reduced weight or more than three grains less than the standard weight (bullion value)	28
TOTAL	51,02,745

(b) On detailed examination of sovereigns tendered at the Mint, 35 coins were found to be of light weight and were exchanged by the tenderers.

(c) With the exception of gold valued at Rs 191, which was transferred for medal work, no gold was transferred during the year to the Currency Gold Bullion and Coin Accounts.

(d) During the year under review a consignment of gold bullion and light weight sovereigns of the aggregate value of Rs 27,16,412 was shipped to London.

(e) At the close of the year the balance of the Currency Gold Coin Account amounted to Rs 21,915 and of the Currency Gold Bullion Account to Rs 314. These balances consisted of light weight and reduced sovereigns and half-sovereigns.

SILVER.

3. Receipts—The silver receipts comprised—

(a) Withdrawn and uncurrent silver coins received for re-coinage of the nominal value of Rs 96,55,163 classified as follows:—

CLASSIFICATION.	Value in rupees.
Government rupees and half-rupees of 1835	4,72,717
Ditto ditto 1840 (1st issue)	14,38,825
Ditto ditto 1840 (2nd issue)	58,76,901
Ditto shroff-marked, defective and dumb coins	5,61,321
Ditto worn coins	12,92,836
Ditto reduced coins	8,061
Fraudulently defaced coins from Railways	2,419
Arcot coins	2,051
Confiscated coins	32
TOTAL	96,55,163

(b) Tenders of silver bullion from the Exchange Banks for coinage into British Dollars amounted to 14,382,858 tolas fine. Of this amount silver of the outturn value of Rs 1,56,55,863 was brought to account during the year.

The description and weight of the silver tendered is as detailed below :—

DESCRIPTION OF SILVER TENDERED.	Amount in lakhs of tolas.
American Bar Silver	119'34
London Bar Silver	19'26
San Francisco Bar Silver	5'23
TOTAL	143'83

(c) Re-coinage into Government rupees of the Silver Currency of Native States.

The conversion of the Chitori Currency in the Phulia Pargana of the Shahpura Chiefship was taken in hand during the year. The exchange value in Government rupees of the amount converted was Rs 50,000.

(d) No silver was received for rupee coinage from the Secretary of State during the year.

4. Silver Coinage.—

(a) The Government coinage for the year, which consisted of rupees only, amounted in value to Rs 1,03,30,598. Of this amount Rs 50,000 were on account of the Shahpura Chiefship; the rest was wholly on Government account.

(b) 6,869,884 British Dollars were issued to Exchange Banks for export during the year. Of these 6,813,993 were shipped to Hongkong and 55,891 to Singapore.

(c) The whole of the coinage was found by the Assay Master to be within legal remedy for weight and fineness.

Silver Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve.—Four crores of rupees continued to be held during the year in the Bombay Mint on account of the Silver Branch of the Gold Standard Reserve.

5. *Meltings.*—Uncurrent silver coins amounting to 801,751 tolas were melted and converted into bullion under the orders (subsequently cancelled) of the Comptroller General. The rest of the Government uncurrent coins were issued to the Standard Melting Department in direct alligation. The Chitori coins were premelted before alligation.

6. *Percentages of good coins.*—The percentages of good coin calculated on

Description of coin.	Weight of ingots laminated. Tolas.	Percentage of good coin.
Government Rupees	14,607,139	69'52
British Dollars	24,894,495	63'89

the amounts laminated were

as detailed in the margin.

7. *Silver Operative Losses.*—The combined operative losses of the Melting and Coining Departments, allowing for dirt on coins used in direct alligation, amounted in the case of rupee coinage to Rs 2,782, but after making the necessary corrections on account of fictitious gains and losses, there is a net gain of Rs 331 equal to Rs 2'26 per lakh laminated. In the case of dollars the combined losses amounted to Rs 11,057, but after making similar corrections there is a net loss of Rs 583 equal to Rs 2'34 per lakh laminated. The results are lower than usual as refined silver of the outturn value of Rs 2,344 recovered from drosses of this year of the Premelting Department and Rs 2,795 worth of silver from drosses of previous years of the Standard Melting Department were credited to the Loss Account during the year under report.

NICKEL.

8. The number of nickel one-anna pieces coined during the year was 22,536,000 of the value of R14,08,500.

The total nickel operative losses written off the books during the year amounted to 17 maunds, giving a percentage of 4.13 per 100 maunds of metal rolled.

BRONZE.

9. No bronze coinage was carried out during the year.

MISCELLANEOUS.

10. *Miscellaneous work.*—This consisted of the recurring supply of dies, medals, tokens, etc., to various public institutions and Rifle Associations, the manufacture and adjustment of scales and weights and miscellaneous supplies and repairs undertaken for Government Departments and the public, the profit made being R1,293. In addition to the above 88 war medals with 102 clasps and 2 stars were issued.

11. *Treasure Trove coins.*—During the year 158 silver coins found in the Ahmednagar, Nasik, Poona, Belgaum and Thana Districts were forwarded to the Mint by the Bombay Branch, Royal Asiatic Society, for disposal to numismatists. The amount realised by the sales of Treasure Trove coins during the year was R354, the metal value at which the coins were credited in the Mint accounts being R168. After defraying postage and other charges the profit on the sale of these coins amounted to R175.

12. *Mint working standards.*—The weights in all the Departments were periodically compared with the standards and any difference found carefully adjusted.

ANALYSIS OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

13. Revenue.—

(a) *Charges levied. Mint seigniorage.*—The seigniorage on silver tendered for British Dollar coinage, and for which outturn certificates were issued during the year, amounted to R3,13,117. The charge of 2 per cent. on the total amount of silver from Native State coins brought to account during the year amounted to R1,052.

(b) *Gain on coinage operations.*—The gain on this head was R30,844, being much less than that of the preceding year owing to the decrease in coinage.

(c) *Cash and transfer receipts.*—These receipts amounted to R35,243 and were more by R20,437 as compared with the year 1907-08 owing to a large supply of medals for the Nagpur Exhibition.

(d) *Pro forma receipts.*—A *pro forma* credit at 5 per cent. on the value of nickel coins turned out during the year amounted to R70,425 being less by R46,000 than that of the previous year.

14. Expenditure.—

(a) *Loss on coinage. Silver.*—The difference between the par and the weight values of uncurrent coin received from Government Treasuries for re-coinage amounted to R1,55,712 as against R1,46,869 in the preceding year.

	1908-09.	1907-08.
	R	R
Fixed establishment	1,93,555	2,02,791
Extra establishment and overtime pay	83,373	1,45,501
TOTAL	2,76,928	3,48,292

(b) *Salaries and Establishment.*—The total expenditure on salaries and establishment for the year as compared with that of the preceding 12 months is shown in the margin.

(c) *Copper used for alloy and for contingent purposes.*—The amount expended under this head was R20,070 as compared with R73,552 for 1907-08, the decrease being due to a smaller coinage.

(d) *Local and English Stores.*—The expenditure under these heads amounted to R96,101 as against R2,24,559 in the preceding year, the decrease being due to a smaller coinage.

(e) *Contingent charges.*—The charges amounted to R29,440 and were slightly in excess of those for the preceding 12 months.

(f) *Transfer charges.*—These amounted to R4,893 as compared with R23,133 in the preceding 12 months, the decrease being due mainly to a smaller number of coin bags ordered out.

15. *Resumé of Revenue and Expenditure.*—The result of the transactions of the year, as summarised in Statement No. I, shows that, including interest on capital outlay, the year closed with a balance against the Mint of R4,81,260.

16. *Balances sunk in the Mint.*—The balance of silver bullion belonging to Government, valued at one rupee per tola of standard fineness, stood at the beginning of the year at R18,26,807 and at its close at R14,92,348. The average daily balance, exclusive of silver belonging to tenderers was R33,52,129. The minimum daily balance was R14,19,700 on the 9th April 1908, and the maximum was R64,78,265 on the 10th October 1908.

17. *Capital Account.*—R53,459 on account of buildings and R34,211 on account of machinery were added to their respective heads during the year. The balance at debit of this account at the end of the year, after allowing for depreciation on buildings and plant and deducting the value of machinery rendered unserviceable, stood at R39,74,961.

18. *Extensions.*—During the year under review the Public Works Department commenced the work of "extending and re-roofing the General Workshop," the amount expended being R36,442, and constructed a chimney at the north-east corner of the Melting Room at a cost of R7,215.

19. *Machinery.*—The additions to machinery comprise two double automatic balances for rupees and two rolling mills valued at R7,450 and R19,644, respectively.

OFFENCES AGAINST THE COINAGE.

20. *Return of counterfeit coins.*—The usual return of counterfeit coins is appended to this report.

3,725 counterfeit coins (3,466 rupees, 72 half-rupees, 101 quarters and 86 one-eighths) were received for examination during the year as against 2,554 in 1907-08, and were classified as follows:—

(i) 697 coins (542 castings and 155 struck) received from the Bombay, Baroda and Central India, Rajputana-Malwa and Southern Mahratta and Madras Railways, and three cast counterfeit coins received from other sources were accepted as "exceptionally well executed."

(ii) 90 coins (53 castings and 37 struck) were good enough to deceive the public, both as to execution and colour of metal.

(iii) The remaining 2,935 (2,508 castings and 427 struck) were in the majority of cases inferior specimens of low touch silver or base metal and all easily detectable.

The second and third class include coins which were returned to the Railways as they did not come up to the standard of excellence required by Government.

2,352 counterfeit coins (1,975 rupees, 22 half-rupees, 86 quarters and 269 one-eighths) were discovered in remittances of uncurrent coin to the Mint.

During the year under report 23,545 counterfeit coins were cut at Treasuries and Railways as against 17,897 in 1907-08. 87 nickel annas received for examination were found to be palpable cast counterfeits of base and inferior metal. Two sovereigns were also received for examination, one being very well executed and the other a palpable casting.

I.

COUNT of the TOTAL REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the BOMBAY MINT during the year 1908-09.

Approved of in Comptroller General's Letter No. 2012, dated 12th September 1908.

REVENUE.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.	EXPENDITURE.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
CHARGES LEVIED—							BY WORKING EXPENSES—						
<i>Silver—</i>							<i>Loss on Coinage Operations—</i>						
Percentage on new rupee coinage	1,052	0	0				<i>Silver—</i>						
Seigniorage on dollar coinage	3,13,117	0	0				Operative Losses	28,366	0	0			
Premelting Fees	25	0	0				Loss on overstandard weight of new coins issued	...					
Assay and Melting Fees (private)	562	6	2				Loss on withdrawals of uncurrent coin	1,55,712	3	1			
							Miscellaneous	...					
								1,81,078	3	1			
<i>Gold—</i>							<i>Less—</i>						
On bullion from Government Departments	...			3,14,756	6	2	Surplus in the Bullion Office	R1,778					
							Refined silver of Premelting and Bullion Department	R84	1,862	0	0		
													1,82,216 3 1
							MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES—						
							Loss on melting gold	47	0	3			
							Other items	11,985	13	8			12,032 13 11
GAIN ON COINAGE OPERATIONS—							BY SALARIES AND ESTABLISHMENT—						
<i>Silver—</i>							Fixed Establishment	1,93,554	13	9			
Gain by alligating under standard	23,654	8	0				Extra Establishment	82,976	10	3			
Do. Assay Benefit	5,806	0	0				Overtime pay	396	4	0			2,76,927 12 0
Do. short weight of new coin issued	86	0	0										
Other Items	1,297	15	10				BY COPPER BRONZE AND NICKEL—						
				30,844	7	10							
							<i>R</i>						
							Used for alloy	19,064-2-8					
							Used for contingent purposes	1,071-14-10					
								20,136-1-6					
							<i>Less—</i>						
							Returned from troughs	65-12-10					
							Miscellaneous charges	...					20,070 4 8
<i>Gold—</i>							BY LOCAL STORES PURCHASED—						
Miscellaneous	...						Coal, coke, charcoal and firewood	39,801	12	2			
							Oil, grease and tallow	3,264	15	6			
							Acids	76	0	0			
							Iron and brassmongery and hardware	1,078	13	11			
							Metals	248	15	3			
							Wood for boxes	1,687	8	0			
							Bullion trucks, moulds, etc.	525	11	10			
							Miscellaneous	10,527	1	10			57,210 11 6
CASH RECEIPTS—							BY CONTINGENT CHARGES—						
For scales, weights and other articles supplied and work done for Private Individuals	20,219	14	3				Books	124	3	0			
							Scales and weights	384	8	0			
							Cart, coolie, and boat-hire	992	11	9			
Carried over	20,219	14	3	345,600	14	0	Carried over	1,501	6	9			5,48,458 0 2

ACCOUNT of the TOTAL REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the BOMBAY MINT during the year 1908-09—*contd.*

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.		R	a.	p.	R
Brought over	20,219	14	3	3,45,600	14	0	Brought over	1,501	6	9	5,48,458
TO CASH RECEIPTS— <i>contd.</i>							BY CONTINGENT CHARGES— <i>contd.</i>				
For old stores and materials	2,773	1	8				Postage and Telegrams	434	4	6	
Miscellaneous	3,505	9	1	26,558	9	0	Water-supply	2,420	11	9	
							Inspection of Boilers	195	0	0	
TO TRANSFER RECEIPTS—							Rents, Rates and Taxes	11,363	7	9	
For scales, weights and other articles supplied and work done at the Mint for Government Departments	8,684	1	3				Charges for Electricity and Gas	2,680	2	7	
							Freight on Europe stores	2,305	3	0	
For War Medals for Military Department	...			8,684	1	3	Travelling allowances	15	11	0	
							Plague and other allowances	1,879	0	9	
							Furniture	60	0	0	
							Miscellaneous	6,525	7	6	29,440
TO <i>pro forma</i> RECEIPTS—							BY TRANSFER CHARGES—				
*Five per cent. on value of Nickel coins manufactured—Rs 14,08,500	...			70,425	0	0	Coin bags	3,968	0	0	
							Landing and shipping charges	145	6	0	
							Articles supplied by other departments	779	15	3	4,893
Total Balance against the Mint	...			4,81,259	9	3	BY ENGLISH STORES USED FROM STOCK—				
							Value of stores used	41,255	6	7	
							Less—				
							One-fifth freight charges above	2,365	3	0	38,890
							BY PUBLIC WORKS CHARGES—				
							Repairs and alterations to buildings	...			6,773
							BY MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES EXTERNAL TO MINT—				
							Stationery	1,070	11	2	
							Printing	1,458	2	6	2,528
							BY COST OF PENSIONS AND FURLOUGH ALLOWANCES—				
							One-sixth of the salaries of superior servants	30,158	0	0	
							One-sixteenth of the salaries of inferior servants	748	8	0	30,906
							Interest at $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ on Mint Land, buildings and plant value	39,74,961	0	0	
							At average silver balance	33,52,129	0	0	
							" " Nickel	1,07,975	0	0	
							" " Bronze	65,737	0	0	
							Balance of Europe stores @ $3\frac{1}{2}\%$	2,31,695	0	0	2,70,637
								77,32,497	0	0	
TOTAL	...			9,32,528	1	6	TOTAL	...			9,32,528

* This represents an approximate credit to cover working expenses for nickel coinage.

ABSTRACT of the CAPITAL ACCOUNT of the MINT to end of March 1909.

ABSTRACT OF THE CAPITAL ACCOUNT

	Land.	Buildings.	Plant.	TOTAL.		Land.	Buildings.	Plant.	TOTAL.
	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.		R a. p.	R a. p.	R a. p.	R
Total expenditure on Capital account brought forward from last year	12,62,200 0 0	17,78,837 0 0	10,19,400 0 0	40,60,437 0 0	Depreciation (at 5% on plant and 3% on buildings)	...	51,763 0 0	50,075 0 0	1,01,838 0 0
Expenditure during current year	...	9,384 0 0	34,211 0 0	43,595 0 0	Value of articles lost or destroyed	...	53,417 0 0	17,891 0 0	71,308 0 0
By Civil Department	...	...	...	...	
By P.W. Department	...	44,075 0 0	...	44,075 0 0					
Other items	...	...	...	...	Balance at debit	12,62,200 0 0	17,27,116 0 0	9,55,645 0 0	39,74,961 0 0
TOTAL	12,62,200 0 0	18,32,296 0 0	10,53,611 0 0	41,48,107 0 0	TOTAL	12,62,200 0 0	18,32,296 0 0	10,53,611 0 0	41,48,107 0 0

II.

STATEMENT of the COINAGE of the BOMBAY MINT for the year 1908-09.

	Tale of Pieces.	Nominal Value.	TOTAL.	
			Tale.	Value.
		<i>R a. p.</i>		<i>R a. p.</i>
Rupees	10,330,598	1,03,30,598 0 0		
Half-rupees . . . . .	...	.....
Quarter-rupees . . . . .	...	.....
Eighth-rupees . . . . .	...	.....
British dollars	6,870,741	*1,55,90,338 0 0		
			17,201,339	2,59,20,936 0 0
One-anna	22,536,000	14,08,500 0 0	22,536,000	14,08,500 0 0
Bronze	<i>Nil</i>	<i>Nil</i>		
GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	...	.....	39,737,339	2,73,29,436 0 0

* NOTE.—This figure represents the outturn value of the dollars in standard tolas.

III.

STATEMENT showing the COST of MISCELLANEOUS WORK done in the BOMBAY MINT during the year 1908-09.

DESCRIPTION.	Amount.	Total.	REMARKS.
	<i>R a. p.</i>	<i>R a. p.</i>	
<i>Receipt.</i>			
Receipt for medals, seals, stamps, etc.	15,648 9 0		
Assaying weights	2,704 4 0		
Proceeds of Treasure Trove Coins	353 13 0		
Miscellaneous	10,197 5 6		
		28,903 15 6	
<i>Expenditure.</i>			
Engraver's labour	350 5 0		
Workshop do.	6,170 10 1		
Printer's do.	57 10 0		
Materials used (including gold, silver and copper)	20,856 14 9	27,435 7 10	
NET PROFIT . . . . .	...	1,468 7 8	Including Rs 175-10-0 profit on sale of Treasure Trove Silver Coins.

IV.

STATEMENT of COUNTERFEIT COINS received at the BOMBAY MINT, showing also those cut and broken at the TREASURIES, compiled from the QUARTERLY RETURNS furnished by TREASURY OFFICERS during 1908-09.

NAME OF PROVINCE.	Nominal value of remittances of uncurrent coins received at the Mint in thousands of rupees.	COUNTERFEITS RECEIVED AT THE MINT.												Counterfeit coins cut at the several Indian Treasuries as per Quarterly Returns furnished by the Treasury Officers and Railway Administrations under Article 591, Civil Account Code, and Government Resolution No. A-6192, dated 10th December 1901.				REMARKS.
		In remittances of uncurrent coins from Treasuries.				From Treasury and other officers under Article 581, Civil Account Code, and Government Resolution No. 1004-A, dated 21st February 1901.				Received at the Mint for examination.								
		R	$\frac{1}{2}$ -R	$\frac{1}{4}$ -R	$\frac{1}{8}$ -R	R	$\frac{1}{2}$ -R	$\frac{1}{4}$ -R	$\frac{1}{8}$ -R	R	$\frac{1}{2}$ -R	$\frac{1}{4}$ -R	$\frac{1}{8}$ -R	R	$\frac{1}{2}$ -R	$\frac{1}{4}$ -R	$\frac{1}{8}$ -R	
Bombay	4,421.7	1,159*	9	26	114	318	20	13	8	902	43	76	25	8,546	353	432	409	* Includes counterfeit rupees found in remittances Rs. 13,04,411 received for civil examination.
India	6.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta (Baluchistan)	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras	1,501.1	207†	5	19	43	128	3	7	29	41	...	1	2	8,428	590	572	722	† Includes counterfeit rupees found in remittances Rs. 3,86,000 received for civil examination.
Punjab	2,523.4	404	4	27	72	...	...	...	...	132	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	...	...	...	...	...	43	...	...	...	226	...	...	...	336	8	1	...	
Central Provinces	468.2	116	...	3	5	18	2	...	...	37	...	...	...	906	22	19	13	
Hyderabad (Deccan)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	16	11	10	
Rajputana	678.9	80	4	10	35	338	1	2	1	972	3	2	21	1,248	17	33	17	
Central India	53.8	5	...	...	...	75	...	...	...	235	...	...	...	670	27	27	22	
Burma	5.4	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	9,659.0	1,975	22	86	269	921	26	22	38	2,545	46	79	48	20,224	1,033	1,095	1,193	

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF HIS MAJESTY'S ASSAY OFFICE.

No. 90, dated Bombay, the 3rd August 1909.

From—Lieut.-Colonel A. MILNE, I.M.S., Assay Master,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department.

I have the honour to submit the following report on the operations of the Assay Department, Bombay, for the official year 1908-09.

2. *Number and description of assays.*—The number of assays during the year amounted to 12,717 as against 36,118 in the previous financial year.

The details are shown in the following table :—

DESCRIPTION.	Number.	Total.
GOLD.		
Assays on gold from all sources	2,299	2,482
Check assays on fine gold	183	
SILVER.		
Assays on silver received for coinage	1,734	9,652
Ditto alligated for silver standard coinage	4,738	
Ditto pyx coins	1,487	
Ditto miscellaneous	917	
Check assays on fine silver	776	
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Parting assays	30	583
Assays on various metals and ores	499	
Assays on Mint drosses	54	
TOTAL FOR THE YEAR . . . . .	...	12,717

3. *Gold and silver assays*—The total number of gold assays from all sources during the year was 2,482 as against 2,076 in the previous year; of these 22 assays were done for the Mint.

The total number of silver assays from all sources was 9,652 as against 33,278 in the previous year; of these 8,865 were done for the Mint.

4. *Meltings for silver standard coinage*—Silver meltings for Rupees were assayed during the months of May 1908, July, September to November and January 1909 to March, and for the British Dollars during the whole of the year. The average fineness of the silver meltings was—

For Rupees 916·031 p. mille.

For British Dollars 898·994 p. mille as shown in the following table :—

MONTHS.		Rupees.	British Dollars.
April	1908	...	899·069
May	"	915·810	898·964
June	"	...	898·887
July	"	915·996	898·917
August	"	...	898·920
September	"	915·952	808·959
October	"	916·069	899·060
November	"	916·073	899·098
December	"	...	898·988
January	1909	916·191	898·964
February	"	915·995	898·914
March	"	915·807	899·000
Average for the year		916·031	898·994

5. *Gold in silver coinage.*—The average proportion of gold found by monthly "parting assays" in the silver pyx coins for the year was '311 per mille for the Rupees, and '231 for the British Dollars.

6. *Pyx trials—Rupees.*—The trials of these coins for weight amounted to 107, the total number weighed being 2,140. None of these was found beyond remedy. The average weight of all was 180.018 grains; the lightest and heaviest coins weighed were respectively 179.10 and 180.90 grains.

The trials for fineness were also 107,535 coins having been assayed singly and 2,675 in groups of 25 coins after melting. Of the coins assayed singly the extreme variations in fineness ranged from 915.1 to 918.5, and the average fineness over 535 coins was 916.546 per mille. None of these coins was found beyond remedy. The 2,675 coins assayed in groups of 25 after melting gave an average fineness of 916.540, the lowest and highest figures obtained for any melting of coins being respectively 916.1 and 917.0.

The average results are shown in the following table:—

MONTHS.	Average weight of Pyx Rupees grains.	AVERAGE FINENESS OF PYX RUPEES PER MILLE.		Gold per mille.
		Single.	Melted.	
April 1908	180.057	916.537	916.422	.396
October "	180.013	916.484	916.567	.436
November "	180.013	916.607	916.565	.222
January 1909	180.018	916.529	916.522	.027
February "	180.026	916.731	916.664	.341
March "	180.004	916.502	916.322	.249
Average	180.018	916.546	916.540	.311

7. *British Dollars.*—The trials of these coins for weight amounted to 94, the total number weighed being 1,880; none of these was found beyond remedy. The average weight of all was 416.037 grains; the lightest and heaviest coins weighed respectively 414.10 and 417.90 grains.

The trials for fineness were also 94 in number, 470 coins having been assayed singly, and 1,410 in groups of 15 coins after melting. Of the coins assayed singly the extreme variations in fineness ranged from 898.8 to 901.8, and the average fineness of groups of 15 after melting gave an average fineness of 900.002, the lowest and highest figures obtained for any melting of coins being 899.6 and 900.5 per mille.

The average results are shown in the following table:—

MONTHS.	Average weight of Pyx British Dollars grains.	AVERAGE FINENESS OF PYX BRITISH DOLLARS PER MILLE.		Gold per mille.
		Single.	Melted.	
April 1908	416.010	900.165	900.027	.357
May "	416.078	900.120	900.129	.260
June "	416.004	899.998	899.827	.337
July "	416.052	900.173	900.166	.496
August "	416.055	900.080	899.800	...
September "	416.016	899.890	899.783	.534
October "	415.990	900.240	900.500	...
November "	416.069	900.332	900.220	.106
December "	416.066	900.105	900.000	.200
January 1909	416.028	900.193	900.000	.104
February "	416.033	900.214	900.071	.097
March "	415.950	900.000	899.800	...
Average	416.037	900.125	900.002	.231

8. *Summary of Pyx trial.*—The results detailed in paragraphs 5 and 7 are summarised in the following table :—

Denominations.	Number of coins weighed singly.	Number of coins assayed singly.	Number of coins assayed after melting.	Average weight (grains).	Average fineness of coins assayed singly (per mille).	Average fineness of coins assayed after melting (per mille).	Proportion of gold in Pyx coins (per mille).
Rupees	2,140	535	2,675	180.018	916.546	63.40	311
British Dollars . .	1,880	470	1,410	416.037	900.125	00.002	231

9. *Miscellaneous assays.*—Of the 499 assays under the head "Assays on various metals and ores" in paragraph 2 of this report 488 were assays on counterfeit coins and Nickel and Copper assays received from the Mint and other Government offices.

10. The post of Assay Master was held by Lt.-Colonel A. Milne, I.M.S., during the year under report.

Captain H. B. Drake, I.M.S., officiated as Deputy Assay Master, throughout the financial year.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Calcutta, the 23rd December, 1909.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 18th December 1909, is published for general information:—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern.	Bombay City	3	5
		Ahmedabad Town	3	...
		Ahmedabad District	5	7
		Kaira District	30	17
		Bulsar Port . . . . .	...	...
		Surat District	10	6
		Palanpur Agency . . . . .	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	2	1
		Bassein Port . . . . .	...	...
		Kalyan " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana " . . . . .	...	...
		Vesava "	2	...
		Agashi " . . . . .	...	...
		Bandra " . . . . .	...	...
		Thana District	6	4
	Central.	East Khandesh District	24	16
		Nasik District	4	2
		Poona City	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Poona District	38	34
		Satara "	309	233
	Southern.	Ahmednagar District . . . . .	...	...
		Alibag Port . . . . .	...	...
		Panvel " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolaba District	7	7
		Belgaum "	150	87
		Hubli Town	1	1
		Dharwar District	34	24
		Bijapur "	57	40
	Sind.	Savantvadi State . . . . .	...	1
		Karachi Town and Port	29	29
		Karachi District . . . . .	...	...
		Hyderabad District . . . . .	...	...
	Political Charges.	Mandvi Port	5	3
		Cutch State	1	1
		Verawal Port . . . . .	...	...
		Porbandar "	7	5
		Jamnagar Town and Port	23	15
		Kathiawar Agency	1	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	80	62
		Satara Agency	26	13
		Billimora Port . . . . .	...	...
		Baroda State	69	38
		Poona Agency	5	5

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
MADEAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Salem District . . . . .	...	1
		Coimbatore Town	24	22
		Coimbatore District	54(a)	56(a)
		Ootacamund Town . . . . .	...	...
		Nilgiris District	3	1
		Mangalore Port	5	3
		Malabar District	14(b)	8
		Bellary District . . . . .	...	1 (c)
		Ganjam District . . . . .	...	...
		South Canara District	1 (c)	...
		TOTAL	101	92
BENGAL.	{	Calcutta	6	6
		24 Parganas District . . . . .	...	...
	{	Saran District	193	175
		Shahabad District	117	84
		Muzaffarpur District	4	3
		Darbhanga District	7	5
		Patna City . . . . .	...	...
		Patna District	38	34
	{	Monghyr Town	11	11
		Monghyr District	82	48
		TOTAL	458	366

(a) Three imported.

(b) Two imported.

(c) Imported.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 25, 1909. 2615

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Meerut .	Meerut District . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar City . . . . .	...	...
		Muzaffarnagar District	14	14
		Aligarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Bulandshahr District . . . . .	...	...
	Agra .	Muttra District	50	44
		Etawah City . . . . .	...	...
		Etawah District	13	13
		Fatehgarh . . . . .	...	...
		Furrukhabad District	64	64
		Mainpuri District	21	21
		Agra City . . . . .	...	...
		Agra District	5	5
		Etah "	35	35
	Rohil-khand.	Bareilly District	16	16
		Budaun "	19	19
		Moradabad District	6	4
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	7	7
		Cawnpur City	30	29
		Cawnpur District	70	63
	Benares	Ballia District	1,413	1,374
		Jaunpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Jaunpur District	44	40
		Ghazipur "	115	95
	Gorakhpur	Azamgarh City . . . . .	...	...
		Azamgarh District	687	578
		Gorakhpur City	95	95
		Gorakhpur District	262	227
		Basti District . . . . .	...	...
	Lucknow.	Unao District	115	101
		Bae Bareilly District	65	55
		Gonda " . . . . .	...	...
		Hardoi "	42	35
		Lucknow City . . . . .	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Fyzabad	Bahraich District	...	...
		Sultanpur District	8	5
		Bara Banki Town	...	...
		Bara Banki District	...	...
		Partabgarh "	6	6
		TOTAL	3,202	2,945
	Delhi	Gurgaon District	...	...
		Hiasar "	222	152
		Delhi "	83	55
		Rohtak "	37	27
		Karnal "	85	15
		Ambala "	...	...
	Jullundur	Ludhiana "	70	57
		Jullundur District	2	2
		Hoshiarpur District	40	40
	Lahore	Ferozepur "	144	133
		Montgomery District	25(a)	25(a)
		Lahore City	4	5
		Lahore District	70	53
		Amritsar City	3	1
		Amritsar District	44	44
		Gurdaspur "	78	78
		Gujranwala "	5	5
		Sialkot "	2	2
		Shahpur District	34	20
PUNJAB.	Rawalpindi.	Jhelum "	...	...
		Gujrat "	...	...
	Multan	Lyalpur District	8	8
		Patiala City	...	...
	"	Patiala State	81	82
		Kapurthala State	62	43
		Maler Kotla State	12	12
		Jind State	48	43
		TOTAL	1,159	902
	Pegu	Rangoon Town	...	...
		Pegu District	...	...
		Tharrawaddy "	...	...
		Prome "	4	2
BURMA.	Irrawaddy	Bassein District	2	2
		Maubin "	...	...
		Henaada "	...	...
		Myaungmya "	...	...
	Tenas-serim.	Toungoo District	...	...
		Thaton "	...	...
		Moulmein Town	...	...
		Amherst (Moulmein) District	...	...
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	6	6

(a) Figures for the two weeks ending 18th December 1909.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BURMA.	Mandalay	Mandalay Town . . . . .	...	...
		Maymyo Town . . . . .	...	...
		Mandalay District	12	15
		Katha "	3	1
	Sagaing	Sagaing District	11	8
		Lower Chindwin District	31	19
	Meiktila	Myingyan District . . . . .	...	...
		Meiktila "	6	6
		Yamethin "	7	6
	TOTAL		82	65
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BEHAR).	Nagpur	Nagpur City	29	28
		Kamptee Town	2	3
		Nagpur District	235	209
		Wardha Town	4	2
		Wardha District	81(c)	48(c)
		Bhandara District	34(a)	35(b)
		Chanda " . . . . .	...	...
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town . . . . .	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	97	72
		Seoni District . . . . .	...	...
		Saugor " . . . . .	...	...
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District . . . . .	...	...
		Narsingpur Town	16	10
		Narsingpur District	2	1
		Chhindwara District	11(c)	10

(a) Three imported. (b) Two imported. (c) One imported.
N.B.—The number of plague deaths for the Mandalay District in Burma during the week ending the 11th December 1909 was 18, and not 8 as shown in the statement for that week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES (INCLUDING BEHAR).	Berar	Akola Town	7	3
		Akola District	24	20
		Buldana Town	2	3
		Buldana District	105(a)	62(a)
		Amraoti District	63(a)	40 (b)
		Khairagarh State . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		712	546
	Coorg	Coorg . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	6	5
		Bangalore City	6	5
		Bangalore District	9	6
		Mysore City	16	15
		Mysore District	88	21
		Hassan "	2	3
		Kadur "	4	2
		Kolar " . . . . .	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields . . . . .	...	...
		Tumkur District . . . . .	...	...
		Shimoga "	29	23
		Chitaldroog " . . . . .	...	...
	TOTAL		110	80
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Raichur District	11(c)	8(c)
		TOTAL	11	8

(a) One imported.

(b) Two imported.

(c) Figures for the period from 6th to 12th December 1909

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, DECEMBER 25, 1909. 2619

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Indore City . . . . .	...	...
		Indore State	23	14
		Indore Residency	1	1
		Ujjain City . . . . .	...	...
		Ujjain District . . . . .	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	10(a)	7(a)
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town . . . . .	...	...
		Piploda State . . . . .	...	...
		Jaora State . . . . .	...	...
		Manpur Town	7(a)	6(a)
		TOTAL	41	28
RAJPU- TANA AND AJMER MERWARA	...	Mewar State	6(b)	6(b)
		Partabgarh State . . . . .	...	...
		Chitor (Udaipur) State . . . . .	...	...
		Tonk State . . . . .	...	...
		Jodhpur City . . . . .	...	...
		Marwar State (Jodhpur)	22(b)	18(b)
		Jaipur City	1(c)	1(c)
		Jaipur State	167(b)	152(b)
		Kishangarh Town . . . . .	...	...
		Bikaner State . . . . .	...	...
		Jhalawar " . . . . .	...	...
		Kotah " . . . . .	...	...

(a) Figure for the week ending 11th December 1909.
(b) Figures for the two weeks ending 17th December 1909.
(c) Figure for the week ending 10th December 1909.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, and towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
RAJ-PUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Sirohi State . . . . .	...	...
		Shahpura „ . . . . .	...	...
		Dholpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar City . . . . .	...	...
		Alwar State . . . . .	...	...
		Benwar . . . . .	...	...
		Karauli State . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara Town . . . . .	...	...
		Banswara State . . . . .	...	...
		Bharatpur State	127	104
		Ajmer City	59	59
		Ajmer District	125	119
		Deoli . . . . .	...	...
		Abu Road . . . . .	...	...
		Ajmer-Merwara District . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL		507	459	
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Nowshera Cantonment . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Jammu District	16	11
		Mirpur „ . . . . .	...	...
		Kathua „ . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	16	11
BALUCHISTAN.	...	Sonmiani . . . . .	...	...
		Hirok . . . . .	...	...
		Sibi . . . . .	...	...
		Fort Sandeman . . . . .	...	...
		Las Bela State . . . . .	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
GRAND TOTAL		7,331	6,159	

'a) Figures for the two weeks ending 17th December 1909.

H. A. STUART,
Secretary to the Government of India.

INDIAN PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

REGULATIONS AS TO APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANT ENGINEERS, 1910.

1. The Secretary of State for India in Council will, in the summer of 1910, make not less than 25 appointments of Assistant Engineers in the Public Works Department of the Government of India.

In making these appointments he will act with the advice of a Selection Committee, including at least one eminent representative of the Engineering profession.

2. Applications for the appointments must be made on a printed form to be obtained from the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S. W., and to be returned so as to reach him not earlier than 1st March 1910, or later than Saturday the 30th April 1910.

No applications received after the latter date will be considered.

3. Candidates must have attained the age of 21 and not attained the age of 24 years on the 1st July 1910.

4. Every candidate, except as provided in Regulation 5, must be a British subject of European descent, and at the time of his birth his father must have been a British subject, either natural-born or naturalised in the United Kingdom. The decision of the Secretary of State in Council as to whether a candidate satisfies this condition shall be final. He must also be of good moral character and sound physique.

5. Natives of India who are British subjects are eligible for appointment, and shall be selected to the extent of 10 per cent. of the total number of Assistant Engineers thus recruited, if duly qualified.

6. Candidates must produce evidence that they have (1) passed the A.M.I. C.E. examination or obtained one of the University degrees mentioned in Appendix I, or (2) obtained such diploma or other distinction in Engineering, as may, in the opinion of the Selection Committee, be accepted as approximately equivalent thereto.

It will, therefore, be for the Selection Committee to decide, in dealing with the applications, whether they will recommend any candidate under head (2).

7. It is advisable that candidates who have been through a college course and obtained one of the degrees mentioned in Appendix I should have had at least one full year's practical experience under a corporate member of the Institution of Civil Engineers at the time when they appear before the Selection Committee. Those who have taken no college course should have had a full 3 years of such practical experience. In the event of any candidate being selected who has not, in the opinion of the Selection Committee, had sufficient practical experience, he may be required to undergo, after arrival in India, a year's probation in charge of works, and his final appointment may be made dependent upon the result of such probation.

8. Candidates must be prepared, if called upon, to attend at the India Office, at their own expense, for a personal interview with the Selection Committee, not later than the 31st May 1910.

9. They will further be required, before final appointment by the Secretary of State in Council, to appear before the Medical Board at the India Office for examination as to their physical fitness for service in India.

The Regulations governing the Physical examination of candidates for the Public Works Department of the Government of India are given in Appendix III.

10. Candidates will also be required before final appointment, to satisfy the Secretary of State, in such manner as he may determine, of their ability to ride.

11. They will on appointment be provided with a free first-class passage to India, or an allowance in lieu thereof, and they will be expected to proceed thither about the end of September 1910.

Their pay will begin from the date of their landing in India, and, if they so desire, they will be able to obtain in India an advance of two months' pay, recoverable by monthly instalments of one-third of salary.

12. They will enter the Service as Assistant Engineers, Third Grade, on a salary of Rs. 560 a year (equivalent to 304/ a year, when the rupee is at ls. 4d.)

13. The instruments required by Assistant Engineers are supplied to them in India.

14. Particulars as to their prospects of pay, pension, etc., are contained in Appendix II.

India Office,

13th October 1909.

N

NOTE FOR THE INFORMATION AND GUIDANCE OF CANDIDATES.

The Selection Committee of 1906 drew attention to the subjects which were held to be of most importance for the Public Works Service, *vis.*,

Pure Mathematics, including a knowledge of the differential and integral calculus.

Applied Mathematics.

Geometrical and Engineering Drawing.

Surveying and Geodesy.

Strength of Materials and Theory of Structures.

Hydraulics.

Heat Engines.

Materials used in Construction.

Building Construction.—Wood and metal work, limes and cements, and building with stone, brick, and concrete.

Knowledge of the principles of road-making, waterworks, sanitary and railway engineering. (Important.)

The Selection Committee were further of opinion that all candidates should have had some workshop training.

The following Announcement regarding the recruitment of the Public Works Department in future years is published for the information of intending candidates:—

- (1) The foregoing Regulations apply only to the appointment of Assistant Engineers in the permanent establishment of the Public Works Department in 1910, but it is the intention of the Secretary of State for India in Council, as at present advised, to recruit the permanent establishment of the Department in succeeding years on the same general lines as those already laid down.

He is, however, unable to give any undertaking that the Regulations will remain unaltered in the future.

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX I.

LIST OF DEGREES REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 6.

- University of London.*—B.Sc. (Engineering).
University of Cambridge.—B.A. Honours (Mechanical Sciences Tripos).
University of St. Andrews.—B.Sc. (Engineering).
University of Glasgow.—B.Sc. (Engineering).
University of Edinburgh.—B.Sc. (Engineering).
Victoria University of Manchester (or Victoria University).—B.Sc. (with honours in Engineering), and B.Sc. Tech. (Honours Division in the Final Examination).
University of Liverpool.—B.Eng.; provided the degree be obtained by passing the Examinations of the University.
University of Leeds.—B.Sc. (with honours in Engineering).
University of Sheffield.—B.E. (First Class in the Final Examination).
University of Birmingham.—B.Sc. (Engineering); provided that the Engineering Matriculation Examination shall have been passed before entry upon any course of study which forms part of the Degree course; and that a regular course of study, occupying not less than three academical years, shall have been pursued between the passing of such Matriculation Examination and the passing of the Final Examination for the degree.
University of Dublin.—B.A.I.
Royal University of Ireland.—B.E. and M.E.
University of Wales.—B.Sc. (Engineering); provided that Mathematics be passed at the Final Examination for the degree.
University of Durham.—B.Sc. in Civil, Mechanical, and Electrical Engineering, or in Naval Architecture; provided that the Matriculation Examination for Engineering and Naval Architecture shall have been passed before entry upon any course of study which forms part of the degree course.

Any other degree of University in the United Kingdom which may hereafter be recognised by the Council of the Institution of Civil Engineers as exempting from passing the examination for Associate Membership.

APPENDIX II.

PARTICULARS REGARDING THE INDIAN PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT (EXECUTIVE BRANCH).

(The arrangements and salaries hereinafter described are subject to revision according to the requirements of the Service.)

1. The Engineer Establishment of Indian Public Works Department consists of a staff of Engineers, military and civil, engaged on the construction and maintenance of the various public works undertaken by the State in India.
2. The permanent establishment of the Department is recruited from the following sources:—
 - (1) Officers of Royal Engineers.
 - (2) Persons appointed to the Imperial Service by the Secretary of State by selection from the United Kingdom.
 - (3) Persons educated at the Government Civil Engineering Colleges in India, and appointed to the Provincial Services by the Government of India.
 - (4) Occasional admission of other qualified persons.

3. The various ranks of the Department are as follows :—

		Salary per Annum (Imperial Service).
		R
Chief Engineer, First Class		33,000
" " Second Class		30,000
Superintending Engineer, First Class		24,000
" " Second Class		21,000
" " Third Class		18,000
Executive Engineer, 20th year of service and	following years	15,000
" " 19th year of service		14,400
" " 18th year of service		13,800
" " 17th year of service		13,200
" " 16th year of service		12,600
" " 15th year of service		12,000
" " 14th year of service		11,400
" " 13th year of service		10,800
" " 12th year of service		10,200
" " 11th year of service		9,600
" " 10th year of service		9,000
" " 9th year of service		8,400
Assistant Engineer, 8th year of service		7,920
" " 7th year of service		7,440
" " 6th year of service		6,960
" " 5th year of service		6,480
" " 4th year of service		6,000
" " 3rd year of service		5,520
" " 2nd year of service		5,040
" " 1st year of service		4,560

4. The increments will be given for approved service only, and in accordance with the rules of the Department.

Exchange compensation allowance will not be granted to future entrants.

5. Except as regards promotions from the grade of Assistant to the grade of Executive Engineer, promotions from one class to another are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies in the sanctioned establishment, and are regulated in the following way.

6. In the Civil Works Branch of the Department, all promotions in Madras and Bombay are made by the Governments of those provinces respectively; in other provinces also promotions are made by the Provincial Governments, except as regards the appointments of Chief and Superintending Engineer, which are made by the Government of India.

7. In the Railway Branch of the Department promotions are made by the Railway Board, except as regards the appointments of Chief and Superintending Engineer, which are made by the Government of India.

8. Promotion is made wholly by selection; mere seniority is considered to confer no claim to it.

PENSIONS AND PROVIDENT FUND.

9. The following is a summary of the principal pension rules applicable to Engineers appointed to the Imperial Service by the Secretary of State from the United Kingdom.

An officer is eligible for a pension on voluntary retirement after completing 20 years' qualifying service or attaining the age of 55 years. If at an earlier date he is compelled to retire from the Service through ill-health not occasioned by irregular or intemperate habits, he becomes eligible for an invalid pension or a gratuity according to the length of his service.

The amount of pension or gratuity is regulated as follows :—

After a service of less than 10 years, an invalid gratuity not exceeding one month's emoluments for each completed year of service.

After a service of not less than 10 years an invalid pension not exceeding the following amounts :—

Years of Completed Service.	Scale of Pension. Sixtieths of Average Emoluments.*	Maximum Limit of Pension.
10	20	R1,000 a year or R 83½ a month.
11	21	1,400 a year or R 116½ a month.
12	22	1,800 a year or R 150 a month.
13	23	2,200 a year or R 183½ a month.
14	24	2,600 a year or R 216½ a month.
15	25	} 3,000 a year or R 250 a month.
16	26	
17	27	
18	28	
19	29	

After a service of not less than 20 years, a retiring pension not exceeding the following amounts :—

Years of Completed Service.	Scale of Pension. Sixtieths of Average Emoluments.*	Maximum Limit of Pension.
20 to 24	30	{ R4,000 a year or R333½ a month.
25 and above		{ 5,000 a year or R416½ a month.

Officers who have shown special energy and efficiency during an effective service of three years in certain appointments, may, at the discretion of the Government of India, be allowed an additional pension of R1,000 a year, subject to the condition that the officer must not retire voluntarily before the completion of a total qualifying service of 28 years.

Subject to certain prescribed conditions, rupee pensions are now issued at the rate of exchange of 1s. 9d. the rupee to pensioners residing in countries in which the Indian Government rupee is not legal tender.

10. A general provident fund has been established for all Civil Engineers of the Department on the following basis :—

- (1) The contribution is compulsory up to 6½ per cent., on salaries, with not more than a further 6½ per cent. voluntary contributions. Subscriptions on leave of any kind are optional.
- (2) Compound interest on such payment is annually credited by Government to each officer subscribing, the rate being at present 4 per cent. per annum.
- (3) The sum which thus accumulates to the credit of an officer is his absolute property, subject to the rules of the Fund, and is handed over to him unconditionally on quitting the Service; or, in the event of his death before retirement, to his legal representatives.

LEAVE.

11. The following is a summary of the principal regulations relating to the leave admissible to Engineers appointed to the Imperial Service by the Secretary of State from the United Kingdom.

(a) Short Leave.

12. Privilege Leave is a holiday which may be granted to the extent of one-eleventh part of the time that an officer has been on duty without interruption; and it may be accumulated up to three months, earned by 33 months' duty. During privilege leave the officer retains a lien on his appointment, and receives an allowance equal to the salary which he would receive if he were on duty in the appointment on which he has a lien. An interval of six months must elapse between two periods of absence on privilege leave.

Privilege leave may be prefixed to furlough, special leave, or extraordinary leave without allowances. The whole period of leave thus taken in combination is known as combined leave. Combined leave cannot be granted for a shorter period than six months, nor, except on medical certificate, may be extended beyond two years.

13. Extraordinary Leave without allowances may be granted in case of necessity, and except in certain specified cases, only when no other kind of leave is by rule admissible. It may be granted in continuation of other leave.

14. Subsidiary Leave in India for a minimum of 10 days, usually with half average salary, may be granted to an officer proceeding on or returning from leave out of India, or on retirement, to enable him to reach the port of embarkation or to rejoin his appointment. It is admissible only at the end, and not at the beginning of combined leave.

15. Short leave is also granted to enable officers to appear at examinations, etc.

* "Average emoluments" means the average calculated on the last three years' service.

(b) Long Leave.

16. Furlough and special leave with allowances (*see* paragraph 6) are admissible to an aggregate maximum amount of six years during an officer's service. The amount of furlough "earned" is one-fourth of an officer's active service, and the amount "due" is that amount less any enjoyed.

Furlough without medical certificate can, if due, be generally taken after eight years' active service, and again after intervals of not less than three years' continuous service. It is limited to two years at a time.

Furlough on medical certificate may be granted (a) to an officer who has rendered three years' continuous service, for not more than two years, but capable of extension up to three years, and (b) to an officer who has not rendered three years' continuous service, up to one year in any case, and up to such longer period, if any (but not exceeding two years), as the officer may have furlough "due" to him.

17. The allowances admissible during furlough are:—

- (1) During the first two years of furlough without medical certificate and during so much of furlough with medical certificate as may be "due,"—half average salary subject to certain maximum and minimum limits.
- (2) After the expiration of the period for which the foregoing allowances are admissible,—one quarter of average salary, subject to certain maximum and minimum limits.

18. Special leave may be granted at any time for not more than six months, with intervals of six years' service; allowances calculated as during furlough, are given during the first six months only, whether taken in one or more instalments.

General Rules.

21. Leave of absence, whether on furlough or on privilege leave, can never be claimed as of right, and is given or refused at the discretion of Government.

22. After five years' continuous absence from India, an officer is considered to be out of the employment of Government.

23. When leave allowances are paid at the Home Treasury, or in a Colony where the standard of currency is gold, rupees are converted into sterling at the rate of exchange fixed for the time being for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Imperial and Indian Treasuries, unless any other rate has been exceptionally authorized. But for the present the rate of conversion is subject to a minimum of 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

APPENDIX III.

REGULATIONS AS TO THE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR APPOINTMENT TO THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Note.—These Regulations are published for the convenience of candidates and in order to enable them to ascertain the probability of their coming up to the required physical standard. But it must be clearly understood that the Secretary of State reserves to himself an absolute discretion to reject as unfit any candidate whom he may consider, after hearing the opinion of his medical advisers, to be physically disqualified for the public service; and that his discretion is in no respect limited by these Regulations.

General Physical Requirements.

1. A candidate must be in good mental and bodily health, and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with efficient performance of duty.

2. In the examination of candidates the Medical Board will apply the following table of correlation of age, height, and chest girth:—

Age.	Height without Shoes.	Chest.	
		Girth when expanded.	Range of expansion.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
21 and upwards	62½ and under 65	35	2
	65 " 68	35½	2
	68 " 70	36	2
	70 " 72	36½	2½
	72 and upwards	37	2½

3. *Measurement of Height.*—The candidate will be placed against the standard with his feet together, and the weight thrown on the heels, and not on the toes or outside of the feet. He will stand erect without rigidity, and with the heels, calves, buttocks, and shoulders touching the standard; the chin will be depressed to bring the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be noted in parts of an inch to eighths. In the Indian Police Force a minimum height of 5 ft. 4 ins. is required but in other Departments no fixed limit of height is imposed.

4. *Measurement of Chest.*—The Candidate will be made to stand erect with his feet together, and to raise his hands above his head. The tape will be carefully adjusted round the chest, with its posterior upper edge touching the inferior angles of the shoulder blades and its interior lower edge the upper part of the nipples. The arms will then be lowered to hang loosely by the side, and care will be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to displace the tape. The candidate will then be directed to empty his chest of air as much as is possible. This is best done by continuous whistling with the lips as long as sound can be produced. The tape is carefully gathered in during the process, and when the minimum measurement is reached it is recorded. The candidate will then be directed to inflate his chest to its utmost capacity. This maximum measurement will likewise be noted. The girth with the chest fully expanded and the range of expansion between the minimum and maximum will then be recorded.

5. The hearing must be good.

6. The speech without impediment.

7. The teeth in good order, *i.e.*, decayed or broken teeth must be properly stopped or crowned, and deficient teeth replaced by artificial teeth where necessary for effective mastication.

8. The chest must be well formed, the lungs and heart sound.

9. Rupture, hydrocele, varicocele, varicose veins in a severe degree, or other condition likely to cause inefficiency will disqualify a candidate, unless such condition is cured by operation.

10. The limbs, feet, and toes must be well formed and developed, with free and perfect motion of all the joints.

11. A candidate must have no congenital malformation or defect likely to interfere with efficiency.

12. A candidate must not be the subject of chronic skin disease.

13. Evidence of previous acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution will disqualify.

14. The Regulations as to the standard of vision required are shown separately for each Department. In all cases of "colour blindness" a note of the same will be made on the candidate's papers.

Candidates may, if they wish it, undergo a preliminary examination by the Medical Board, which meets at the India Office every Tuesday, under the following conditions:—

(a) Applications must be addressed to the Under Secretary of State, India Office, Whitehall, London, accompanied by a fee of two guineas, and a statement as to the particular appointment which the candidate desires to obtain.

(b) Candidates must pay their travelling expenses.

(c) Candidates considered to be unfit by the Medical Board at this preliminary examination are not bound to accept its opinion, but may, *at their own risk*, continue their studies, with the knowledge that they will have to submit themselves for a final medical examination by the Medical Board, prior to the examination or to their appointment.

(d) On the other hand, it must be distinctly understood that the preliminary examination by the Medical Board is held solely for the candidate's information, and that, if after that examination he is reported to be apparently fit, he has not on that account any claim to be accepted as physically fit when he presents himself for the final Medical Examination, upon which alone his acceptance or rejection will depend. Candidates may be considered fit for the service at the preliminary examination, but may be found at the final examination to be unfit, either on account of some physical defect which did not exist or passed undetected at the preliminary examination, or for other reasons.

REGULATIONS AS TO THE STANDARD OF VISION.

1. If myopia in one or both eyes exists, a candidate may be passed provided the ametropia does not exceed 3.5 D, and if, with correcting glasses not exceeding 3.5 D, the acuteness of vision in one eye equals $\frac{5}{6}$ and in the other $\frac{5}{6}$ there being normal range of accommodation with the glasses.

2. Myopic astigmatism does not disqualify a candidate, provided the lens, or the combined spherical and cylindrical lenses, required to correct the error of refraction, does not exceed 3.5 D; the acuteness of vision in one eye, when corrected, being equal to $\frac{5}{6}$, and in the other $\frac{5}{6}$, together with normal range of accommodation with the correcting glasses, there being no evidence of progressive disease in the choroid or retina.

3. A candidate having total hypermetropia not exceeding 4 D is not disqualified, provided the sight in one eye (when under the influence of atropine) equals $\frac{6}{8}$, and in the other eye equals $\frac{6}{8}$, with + 4 D glasses, or any lower power.

4. Hypermetropic astigmatism does not disqualify, provided the lens or combined lenses required to cover the error of refraction do not exceed 4 D, and that the sight of one eye equals $\frac{6}{8}$, and the other $\frac{6}{8}$, with or without such lens or lenses.

5. A candidate having a defect of vision arising from nebula of the cornea is disqualified if the sight of one eye be less than $\frac{6}{8}$. In such a case the better eye must be emmetropic. Defects of vision arising from pathological or other changes in the deeper structures of either eye, which are not referred to in these rules, may exclude a candidate.

6. A candidate may be disqualified if he be unable to distinguish the principal colours (achromatopsia).

7. Paralysis of one or more of the exterior muscles of the eyeball disqualifies a candidate for the service.

FOR ALL APPOINTMENTS UNDER THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT A DECLARATION,
AS FOLLOWS, IS REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES.

1. I _____

declare upon honour that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, I am not at present suffering or affected with any form of disease or bodily infirmity, such as—

- (a) Disease of the heart or lungs.
- (b) Venereal disease.
- (c) Fits.
- (d) Rupture.
- (e) Varicocele or varicose veins.
- (f) Hydrocele.
- (g) Malformation.
- (h) Congenital defect.
- (i) Defective sight or hearing.
- (j) Loss of teeth.
- (k) Impediment in speech.
- (l) Gout or rheumatism.

2. That I have not to my knowledge any hereditary tendency or predisposition to mental or constitutional disease, such as—

- (a) Fits or insanity.
- (b) Cancer.
- (c) Consumption or scrofula.

3. That I will fully reveal to the Medical Board all circumstances within my knowledge that concern my health and fitness for the appointment for which I am a candidate.

4. That I have _____ previously been examined by a Medical Board for the public service and was declared _____ on the _____

Signature _____

Date _____

N.B.—A wilful mis-statement by a candidate will invalidate any subsequent appointment obtained.

For Office use
only.

No.

Ackd.

INDIAN PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY CANDIDATES FOR APPOINTMENT AS ASSISTANT
ENGINEER, 1910.

No person will be considered as a Candidate from whom the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W., shall not have received, on or before Saturday the 30th April 1910 at latest, an application on this form.

The Application Form should not, however, be sent to him before the 1st March 1910. If Candidates who fill up and return the Application Form do not receive an acknowledgment of it within four complete days, they should communicate with the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department.

INDIA OFFICE,

13th October 1909.

1	Name in full.
2	Address. (Any alteration to be notified to the Secretary, Judicial and Public Department, India Office, Whitehall, London, S.W.)
3	Date of Birth. (In the event of the Candidate's selection, he will be required to produce a Birth Certificate or such other evidence as to date of birth as may be considered satisfactory.)
4	Profession or occupation of Father; and whether, at the time of Candidate's birth, his father was a British subject, either natural-born or naturalised in the United Kingdom.

5 (a) Parentage of father, showing whether he was of European descent.

(b) Parentage of mother, showing whether she was of European descent.

6 The names of any near relatives who have been, or are now, in the service of the Indian Government, and the appointments at present, or immediately before retirement or decease, held by them.

6 All Institutions where educated, since the age of 15, with dates, distinguishing whether or not the Candidate was in residence at such Institutions.

From

to

at

From

to

at

From

to

at

From

to

at

8 University degree, diploma, or other distinction in Engineering, with name of Institution at which obtained. (Diplomas and documentary evidence of degrees and other distinctions must accompany the application *in original*.)

9 Details as to prizes, University Honours, etc.

10 Experience in the preparation of designs for, or in the execution of, some Engineering work of importance, stating with whom obtained, with dates and addresses.

11 Whether married or single.

- 12 Names and Addresses of persons (not more than three, of whom one should be connected with the Institution at which the Candidate has studied Engineering and one should be a member of the Institution of Civil Engineers under whom he has obtained practical experience) who will testify (if applied to) as to conduct and character during the last four years. (*References will not be accepted from persons who are related to the Candidate or have no personal knowledge of the Candidate.*)

- 13 Whether the Candidate has in any previous year applied for appointment to the Public Works Department, or for any other appointment under the Government of India.

Signature _____

Date _____ 1910.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

STATEMENT OF APPROXIMATE GROSS EARNINGS OF INDIAN RAILWAYS.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RESULTS OF WORKING DURING 2ND HALF OF YEAR.										RESULTS OF WORKING FOR OFFICIAL YEAR.									
AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.		Mean mileage worked.		Total earnings for week ending		Earnings per mile open for week		Total earnings from 1st July to		Increase.		Decrease.		Total earnings from 1st April to		Increase.		Decrease.	
During 2nd half of 1908.	During official year 1908-9.	1908.	1909.	12th December 1908.	11th December 1909.	1908.	1909.	12th December 1908.	11th December 1909.	1908.	1909.	12th December 1908.	11th December 1909.	1908.	1909.	12th December 1908.	11th December 1909.	1908.	1909.
R	R	Miles.	Miles.	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
State and Guaranteed Railways.																			
Bengal-Nagpur (inclgd. 2' 6" gauge lines)																			
222	242	2,271	2,350	5,33,348	5,47,000	225	233	1,08,92,673	1,06,52,000	...	...	2,40,673	...	1,78,07,773	1,86,17,000	...	...	...	...
281	307	21	21	5,909	6,500	284	309	1,35,375	1,26,000	...	...	9,375	...	2,35,504	2,08,000	...	...	...	...
679	791	504	504	4,10,110	4,61,000	814	921	75,68,507	81,17,000	4,48,493	...	...	...	1,38,96,911	1,47,06,000	8,09,059	...	...	...
36	33	139	339	4,523	16,500	33	49	1,01,608	2,44,000	1,42,392	...	...	...	1,94,390	3,54,000	1,59,610	...	...	...
460	405	1,274	1,497	6,19,936	5,42,000	487	362	1,36,61,268	1,34,21,000	2,40,268	...	...	...	1,92,40,179	1,92,25,000	...	...	...	...
652	674	2,338	2,338	16,62,115	16,31,000	711	698	3,64,15,653	3,39,47,000	...	...	24,68,653	...	5,71,77,685	5,47,32,000	...	...	...	...
498	570	1,606	1,606	11,6	17,00,000	725	1,059	1,73,37,995	2,07,26,000	...	...	...	...	2,90,68,845	3,31,84,000	...	...	...	...
214	219	126	126	394	29,600	194	235	5,98,978	6,77,000	...	...	...	...	10,17,687	10,41,000	...	...	...	...
16	11	13	40	157	2,300	12	58	3,151	31,700	...	...	...	...	68,47,192	67,57,000	...	...	...	...
192	214	916	916	203,495	2,40,000	222	252	39,17,707	40,66,000	1,48,293	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
202	219	2,542	2,578	5,60,670	5,80,000	221	225	1,14,65,021	1,20,98,000	9,32,979	...	...	...	1,93,73,138	2,04,15,000	10,41,862	...	...	...
279	299	3,614	3,718	9,82,921	12,10,000	272	325	2,35,90,077	2,82,65,000	46,74,923	...	...	...	3,80,17,286	4,73,66,000	93,48,714	...	...	...
208	233	1,298	1,306	3,07,922	3,00,000	237	230	61,68,378	63,05,000	1,36,622	...	...	...	1,06,46,564	1,10,07,000	3,60,4	...	...	...
205	226	32	32	3,058	6,900	96	216	1,52,855	1,47,000	...	...	5,855	...	2,65,836	2,50,000	...	...	...	...
119	118	771	771	95,432	88,000	124	114	21,99,715	22,10,000	80,285	...	...	...	32,31,733	33,54,000	1,22,267	...	...	...
105	122	49	52	5,578	6,800	114	131	1,22,858	1,44,000	21,142	...	...	...	2,13,233	2,45,000	...	...	...	...
204	241	1,475	1,527	3,33,675	3,00,000	219	195	67,85,871	69,38,000	1,52,129	...	...	...	1,16,25,398	1,21,80,000	5,54,662	...	...	...
107	111	124	124	12,611	16,500	102	133	2,91,964	3,24,000	32,036	...	...	...	4,91,059	5,36,000	...	...	...	...
133	159	200	200	28,342	29,400	142	147	5,78,077	5,71,000	...	...	7,077	...	10,19,377	10,60,000	44,341	...	...	...
146	146	401	401	60,468	51,400	151	128	13,54,602	10,93,000	...	...	2,61,602	...	21,51,652	17,39,000	43,623	...	...	...
40	52	17	17	891	800	52	47	15,146	17,800	2,654	...	...	...	30,923	30,700	...	...	...	...
223	245	1,914	1,915	5,12,077	4,73,000	268	247	95,13,752	93,53,000	...	...	2,60,752	...	1,63,03,074	1,62,44,000	5,777	...	...	...
286	292	1,398	1,396	4,20,923	4,05,000	301	290	86,87,066	92,63,000	5,75,934	...	...	...	1,41,39,517	1,49,54,000	8,14,483	...	...	...
122	130	103	103	11,512	12,100	112	118	2,82,821	2,89,000	6,179	...	...	...	4,87,741	4,77,000	...	...	...	...
118	117	108	108	11,908	13,500	111	125	2,86,081	3,03,000	13,919	...	...	...	4,61,092	4,60,000	...	...	...	...
180	200	774	775	1,67,260	1,45,000	216	187	32,51,173	26,55,000	...	...	5,96,173	...	56,06,813	49,67,000	...	...	...	...
63	60	32	30	1,580	1,400	16	14	...	...	...	...	14,012	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
303	302	24,060	24,792	81,35,651	88,18,700	838	356	16,5	54,784	17,23,25,000	67,70,216	...	...	26,96,22,593	28,12,30,800	1,46,08,207	...	...	...
137	127	28	28	2,778	4,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL																			
All other Railways.																			
Amritsar Patti																			
Bhopal-Ujjain																			

(a) From 1st July 1908.
(b) Opened from 2nd May 1909.

C. WATSON, *Lieut., R. E.,*
for Secretary, Railway Board

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